

## Assignment 6

1. Consider the relation  $f$  defined from  $X$  to  $Y$ ,  $X, Y \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$f = \left\{ (x, y) \in X \times Y \mid yx^3 = x^2 - 1 \right\}.$$

- (a) Find the domain of  $f$ .
- (b) Find  $x$ -intercepts and  $y$ -intercepts (if any).
- (c) Determine the symmetry of  $f$ .
- (d) Find the horizontal and vertical asymptotes for  $f$  (if any).
- (e) Find the critical number of  $f$ . Determine the intervals on which  $f$  is increasing and decreasing. Determine the extrema (maximum and minimum) of  $f$ .
- (f) Determine the intervals on which  $f$  is concave up and concave down. Find the points of inflection (if any).
- (g) Sketch the curve of  $f$ .

### Optional Problems

1. Find the critical numbers of the given functions on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ .
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 1$
  - (b)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2+2}$
  - (c)  $f(x) = e^{-x} + 2x$
  - (d)  $f(x) = -x + \sin(x)$
  - (e)  $f(x) = x^2 - 8 \ln(x)$
2. Determine the intervals on which the given function  $f$  is increasing and the interval on which  $f$  is decreasing.
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^2 + 6x - 1$
  - (b)  $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 + 9$
  - (c)  $f(x) = x^2 e^{-x}$
  - (d)  $f(x) = x^2 - 2|x|$
3. Use the *First Derivative Test* to find the relative extrema of the given function.
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$
  - (b)  $f(x) = x^3 + x - 3$
  - (c)  $\frac{x^2+3}{x+1}$
4. For each given function,
  - (i) use the Second Derivative Test, when applicable, to find the relative extrema;
  - (ii) find intercepts, vertical/horizontal asymptotes, and points of inflection, (if any);
  - (iii) find the intervals on which it is increasing and the interval on which it is decreasing;
  - (iv) find the intervals on which it is concave up and the intervals on which it is concave down;
  - and (v) sketch the graph.
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$
  - (b)  $f(x) = 6x^5 - 10x^3$
  - (c)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+2}$
  - (d)  $f(x) = 2x - x \ln(x)$
  - (e)  $\frac{x^2+3}{x+1}$
5. Let  $X, Y_1, Y_2 \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ . Consider the relations  $f_1, f_2$  defined by
 
$$f_1 = \left\{ (x, y) \in X \times Y_1 \mid y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2x-3}} \right\}, \quad f_2 = \left\{ (x, y) \in X \times Y_2 \mid (x, -y) \in f_1 \right\}.$$

Sketch the curve of the relation  $f = f_1 \cup f_2$ .
6. Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes (if any) of  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{2x}$  and show that  $y = \frac{x}{2}$  is a slant asymptote of  $f$ .