

HW#5 Due February 25, 2021

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3. Suppose the price elasticity of demand for heating oil is 0.2 in the short run and 0.7 in the long run.
- If the price of heating oil rises from \$1.80 to \$2.20 per gallon, what happens to the quantity of heating oil demanded in the short run? In the long run? (Use the midpoint method in your calculations.)
 - Why might this elasticity depend on the time horizon?

7. Suppose that your demand schedule for pizza is as follows:

Price	Quantity Demanded (income = \$20,000)	Quantity Demanded (income = \$24,000)
\$8	40 pizzas	50 pizzas
10	32	45
12	24	30
14	16	20
16	8	12

- Use the midpoint method to calculate your price elasticity of demand as the price of pizza increases from \$8 to \$10 if (i) your income is \$20,000 and (ii) your income is \$24,000.
- Calculate your income elasticity of demand as your income increases from \$20,000 to \$24,000 if (i) the price is \$12 and (ii) the price is \$16.

3a). Using midpoint method

short run

$$\eta_D = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P}$$

$$= \frac{Q_1 - Q_2}{\frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{2}} \cdot \frac{P_1 + P_2}{P_1 - P_2}$$

$$\eta_D = \% \Delta Q \left(\frac{P_1 + P_2}{P_1 - P_2} \right)$$

$$0.2 = \% \Delta Q \left(\frac{\frac{2.2 + 1.8}{2}}{2.2 - 1.8} \right)$$

$$0.2 = \% \Delta Q (5)$$

$$\% \Delta Q = 0.04$$

$$\approx 4\%$$

∴ the quantity of heating oil increased by 4%

In the long-run

$$n_D = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P}$$

$$n_D = \frac{\frac{Q_1 - Q_2}{Q_1 + Q_2}}{\frac{P_1 + P_2}{P_1 - P_2}}$$

$$n_D = \% \Delta Q \left(\frac{\frac{P_1 + P_2}{2}}{P_1 - P_2} \right)$$

substitute

$$0.7 = \% \Delta Q \left(\frac{\frac{2 \cdot 2 + 1.8}{2}}{2 \cdot 2 - 1.8} \right)$$

$$\% \Delta Q = 0.14$$

$$\approx 14\%$$

\therefore the quantity of heating oil
decreased by 14%

(1)

7a)

$$\eta_D = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P} = \frac{Q_1 - Q_2}{\frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{2}} \left(\frac{P_1 + P_2}{P_1 - P_2} \right)$$

$$\eta_D = \frac{32 - 40}{\frac{32 + 40}{2}}$$

$$\frac{10 - P}{\frac{70 + P}{2}}$$

$$\eta_D = -1$$

(2)

$$\eta_D = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P}$$

$$\eta_D = \frac{45 - 50}{\frac{45 + 50}{2}}$$

$$\frac{10 - P}{\frac{70 + P}{2}}$$

$$\eta_D = -0.474$$

$$b) \quad n_i = \frac{\% \Delta G}{\% \Delta I}$$

$$n_i = \frac{30-24}{24} \cdot \frac{24000-20000}{20000}$$

$$n_i = 1.25 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \quad n_i &= \frac{12-8}{8} \cdot \frac{24000-20000}{20000} \\ &= 2.5 \end{aligned}$$