

1. Which of the following can cause the usual OLS t statistics to be invalid (that is, not to have t distributions under H_0)?

- i. Heteroskedasticity.
- ii. A sample correlation coefficient of .95 between two independent variables that are in the model.
- iii. Omitting an important explanatory variable.

2. Consider an equation to explain salaries of CEOs in terms of annual firm sales, return on equity (roe , in percentage form), and return on the firm's stock (ros , in percentage form):

$$\log(\text{salary}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \log(\text{sales}) + \beta_2 roe + \beta_3 ros + u.$$

- i. In terms of the model parameters, state the null hypothesis that, after controlling for $sales$ and roe , ros has no effect on CEO salary. State the alternative that better stock market performance increases a CEO's salary.
- ii. Using the data in CEOSAL1, the following equation was obtained by OLS:

$$\widehat{\log(\text{salary})} = 4.32 + .280 \log(\text{sales}) + .0174 roe + .00024 ros$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 (.32) & (.035) & (.0041) & (.00054) \\
 n = 209, R^2 = .283.
 \end{array}$$

By what percentage is $salary$ predicted to increase if ros increases by 50 points? Does ros have a practically large effect on $salary$?

- iii. Test the null hypothesis that ros has no effect on $salary$ against the alternative that ros has a positive effect. Carry out the test at the 10% significance level.

i) $H_0: \beta_3 = 0$
 $H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0$

ii) if ros increases by 1 point, salary will predicted to increase by 0.00024 percent

when ros increases by 50 point

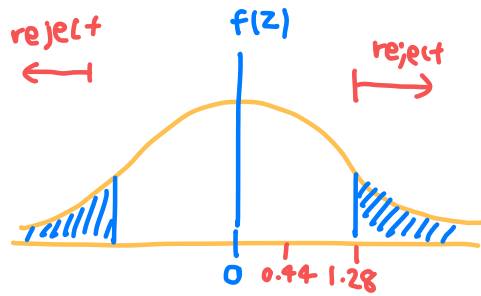
Salary will predilte to increase by $0.00024 \times 50 = 0.012 \%$

No, ros has a tiny impact on salary \therefore .

iii) 10% significant level

$$H_0: \beta_3 = 0$$

$$H_a: \beta_3 \neq 0$$



$$z = \frac{\hat{\beta}_3 - \beta_3}{se. \hat{\beta}_3}$$

$$z = \frac{0.00024}{0.00054}$$

$$z = 0.444$$

We cannot reject H_0 at 10% significant level, so ros alone has no impact on salary.

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iv. Would you include ros in a final model explaining CEO compensation in terms of firm performance? Explain.

No, as the return on firm's stock has no impacts on CEO compensation. base on the Hypothesis testing.