

**Homework 5: Please send them at BE office by lunch time Friday 11 Nov 2016**

1. Given  $\underline{\mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(a) Find  $\underline{\mathbf{A}}^{-1}$  and show that your answer is correct.

(b) If  $\underline{\mathbf{A}}^{-1}\underline{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ .

(c) Given  $\underline{\mathbf{B}}^T - 2\underline{\mathbf{I}} = 2\underline{\mathbf{A}}^{-1}$ , determine  $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$ .

2. Use the **Lagrange Multiplier method** to determine the critical point of a three-variable function

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$$

subjected to  $x + y = 2$

and  $x + z = 2$

Solve the system of linear questions using **matrix**.

3. (a) If  $\underline{\mathbf{A}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & c & c \\ c & c & c \\ 8 & 7 & c \end{bmatrix}$ , for which three numbers  $c$  is the matrix **not invertable**, and **why not**?

(b) If  $c = 0$  and  $\underline{\mathbf{A}}\underline{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , find the solution of this system of linear equations. If there are

infinite solutions, give your answer in **vector form**.