

Quiz 3

(5 points)

Time: 29 October 2021 at 14:50-15:20 (30 minutes)

There are 2 questions. You need to answer all two questions. Please **submit** your answers in a PDF file with a file name “**Quiz3_StudentID_FirstName Surname**” via BE Moodle class before **15:30**.

Question 1: (2.5 points)

“Thailand will formally announce a new pledge to achieve carbon neutrality by 2065 at the COP26 in UK in November 2021.”

- a. What could be the reasons driving Thailand to set carbon neutrality target at COP26?
- b. What policies could be used to achieve carbon neutrality in Thailand?

Question 2: (2.5 points)

“A cost-effective allocation of a uniformly mixed fund pollutant is where marginal costs are equalized for all sources or firms.” Do you agree with this statement? Explain the reasons supporting your answer.

Question 1: (2.5 points)

"Thailand will formally announce a new pledge to achieve carbon neutrality by 2065 at the COP26 in UK in November 2021."

- What could be the reasons driving Thailand to set carbon neutrality target at COP26?
- What policies could be used to achieve carbon neutrality in Thailand?

A) There are many reasons that will driving Thailand to set Carbon Neutrality but there are main point that to limit global warming to 1.5°C above pre-industrialization level. Also lower the industrial pollution that make pm2.5 also the air pollution that make global warming faster than that Thailand will set the goal to reduce the air pollution that occur with the industrial reduce pollution.

B) There are 2 policies that can used to achieve Carbon neutrality in Thailand are adaptation policies and mitigation policies. Effort to modify natural or human to order minimise harm for climate change and using strategies to reduce emissions or increase the plant's natural capacity to reduce the green house effect.

Question 2: (2.5 points)

"A cost-effective allocation of a uniformly mixed fund pollutant is where marginal costs are equalized for all sources or firms." Do you agree with this statement? Explain the reasons supporting your answer.

I agree, when MC are all equal, by the nature the firm will minimise the total cost of reduction.