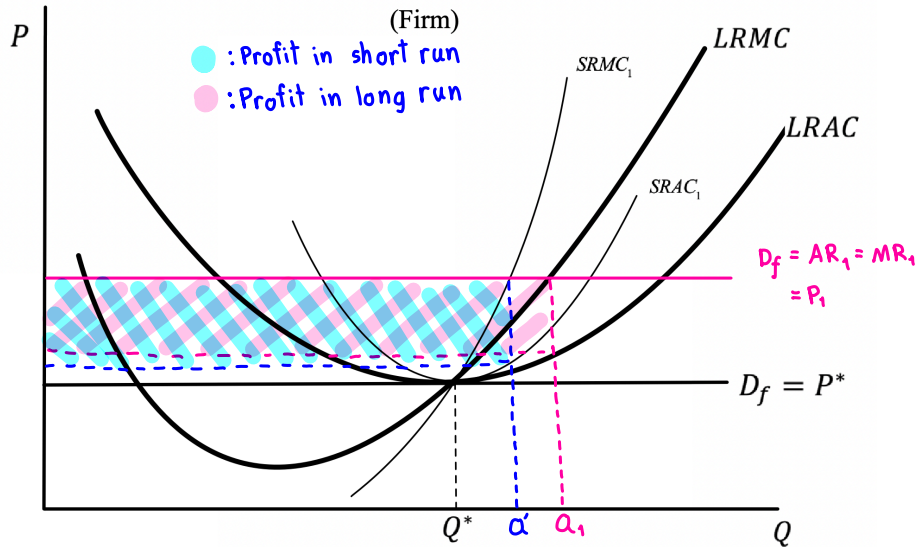


HW#13 Due May 13, 2021

Suppose that the market is in a Long-Run equilibrium where the price is at P^* and each firm produces Q^* . With the given $SRMC_1$ and $SRAC_1$ and $LRMC$ and $LRAC$, the market price increases from P^* to P_1 ,

- Show how the firm will change its output in Short Run and Long Run.
- Indicate the profit the firm receives in Short Run and Long Run.
- Explain why the profit in Long Run is bigger than profit in Short Run.



Short run: output increase from Q^* to Q'

Long run: output increase from Q^* to Q_1

• At Q' , LR profit $>$ SR profit since LRAC is lower than SRAC.

But, the profit at Q' is not maximum in LR because $MR(Q') > LRMC(Q')$

• Maximum profit is at Q_1 , where $MR(Q_1) = LRMC(Q_1)$ and slope $MR <$ slope $LRMC$

• \therefore LR profit(Q_1) $>$ LR profit(Q') $>$ SR profit(Q')