

## Assignment 6

### The model

In the study of default probability of the loan, determination factors include:

$$Prob(Y=1|X) = f(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4)$$

Dependent variable  $Y_i = 1$  if the firm is bad loan, and  $= 0$  for good loan.

Independent variables

$X_1$  is debt coverage ratio.

$X_2$  is liquidity ratio represented by current assets to current liabilities

$X_3$  is profitability ratio represented by sales to total assets

$X_4$  is solidity ratio represented by retained earnings to total assets

From Data assign6.dta:

### Requirements:

- Estimate the model assuming that the probability function is (a) **cumulative normal probability** distribution function and (b) **logistic probability** distribution function. Interpret your estimated result (**overall test, individual test, pseudo  $R^2$ , counted  $R^2$** ).  
LR- $\chi^2$  test      z test
- Make comparison of the goodness of fit of the two models.
- From Probit model, show how to compute Overall LR-test.  $\hat{\beta}$  if  $Y_i = 1$
- From Logit model, compute predicted value of index value and predicted probability of being bad loan by using mean value of all  $X_s$ .
- Compute marginal effect at mean and at median, for Logit model.
- Compute marginal effect at the value of  $X_1=0.5$ ,  $X_2=1$ ,  $X_3=0.5$ ,  $X_4=0$  for the Probit model.
- Determine counted  $R^2$  using the threshold of predicted value = 0.5 for Logit models.
- Determine counted  $R^2$  using the threshold of predicted value = 0.7 for Logit models.

a) ③, ④

b) ⑤, ⑥

b) ⑦ - ⑩

c) ⑪, ⑫

$$2 [\log L_{UR} - \log L_R] - X_4^2 //$$

d) Logit

⑬, ⑭

$$\hat{\beta} = 1.3218 \quad \hat{p} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\beta}}$$

$$Y = 1$$

e) ⑮ - ⑰

f) Probit  
⑱ - ⑲

g) ⑳ - ㉕

h) ㉙, ㉚

a) Overall test  $\Rightarrow$  LR-chi-square test = 201.93  $\sim \chi^2_4$   
P-value = 0

It show that all beta are statistically significant

Individuals tests under asymptotic normal ( $n \rightarrow \infty$ )

P-value [z-test] = 0 for  $x_1, x_2, x_4$ , constant  $\Rightarrow$  all are statistically significant

P-value = 0.009 < 5% confidence level = it also statistically significant

Pseudo  $R^2$  = 0.4064  $\rightarrow$  no-interpret only for comparison

Counted  $R^2$  = 0.8175  $\rightarrow$  The model could predict the correct value of  $y$  by 81.75%

b) Overall test  $\Rightarrow$  LR-chi-square test = 201.05  $\sim \chi^2_4$   
P-value = 0

It show that all beta are statistically significant

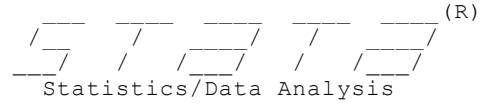
Individuals tests under asymptotic normal ( $n \rightarrow \infty$ )

P-value [z-test] = 0 for  $x_1, x_2, x_4$ , constant  $\Rightarrow$  all are statistically significant

P-value = 0.014 < 0.05 it is statistically significant.

Pseudo  $R^2$  = 0.4064  $\rightarrow$  no-interpret only for comparison

Counted  $R^2$  = 0.8175  $\rightarrow$  The model could predict the correct value of  $y$  by 81.75%



```

name: <unnamed>
log: C:\Users\Pongpanot\Downloads\ASS6_Q1.smcl
log type: smcl
opened on: 3 Mar 2021, 23:56:28
    
```

```

1 . use "C:\Users\Pongpanot\Downloads\assign6.dta", clear
2 . probit y x1 x2 x3 x4, nolog
    
```

```

Probit regression                               Number of obs   =           400
                                                LR chi2(4)      =          201.93
                                                Prob > chi2     =           0.0000
Log likelihood = -147.46881                    Pseudo R2       =           0.4064
    
```

	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	.3590739	.0371539	9.66	0.000	.2862536 .4318941
x2	-.8525746	.144481	-5.90	0.000	-1.135752 -.569397
x3	-.5735764	.2202882	-2.60	0.009	-1.005333 -.1418195
x4	-1.248569	.226762	-5.51	0.000	-1.693014 -.8041238
_cons	1.45664	.2037279	7.15	0.000	1.057341 1.85594

```
3 . estat clas
```

Probit model for y

Classified	True		Total
	D	~D	
+	251	49	300
-	24	76	100
Total	275	125	400

Classified + if predicted Pr(D) >= .5  
 True D defined as y != 0

Sensitivity	Pr( +  D)	91.27%
Specificity	Pr( -  ~D)	60.80%
Positive predictive value	Pr( D  +)	83.67%
Negative predictive value	Pr( ~D  -)	76.00%
False + rate for true ~D	Pr( +  ~D)	39.20%
False - rate for true D	Pr( -  D)	8.73%
False + rate for classified +	Pr( ~D  +)	16.33%
False - rate for classified -	Pr( D  -)	24.00%
Correctly classified		81.75%

```
4 . logit y x1 x2 x3 x4
```

```

Iteration 0: log likelihood = -248.43455
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -154.06753
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -148.00091
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -147.90887
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -147.90869
Iteration 5: log likelihood = -147.90869
    
```

```

Logistic regression                               Number of obs   =           400
                                                LR chi2(4)      =          201.05
                                                Prob > chi2     =           0.0000
Log likelihood = -147.90869                    Pseudo R2       =           0.4064
    
```











23 . tabulate y yhat

y	yhat		Total
	0	1	
0	<b>76</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>125</b>
1	<b>24</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>275</b>
Total	<b>100</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>400</b>

24 . estat clas

Logistic model for y

Classified	True		Total
	D	~D	
+	<b>251</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>300</b>
-	<b>24</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>100</b>
Total	<b>275</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>400</b>

Classified + if predicted Pr(D) >= .5  
True D defined as y != 0

Sensitivity	Pr( +   D)	<b>91.27%</b>
Specificity	Pr( -   ~D)	<b>60.80%</b>
Positive predictive value	Pr( D   +)	<b>83.67%</b>
Negative predictive value	Pr( ~D   -)	<b>76.00%</b>
False + rate for true ~D	Pr( +   ~D)	<b>39.20%</b>
False - rate for true D	Pr( -   D)	<b>8.73%</b>
False + rate for classified +	Pr( ~D   +)	<b>16.33%</b>
False - rate for classified -	Pr( D   -)	<b>24.00%</b>
Correctly classified		<b>81.75%</b>

25 . logit y x1 x2 x3 x4

Iteration 0: log likelihood = **-248.43455**  
 Iteration 1: log likelihood = **-154.06753**  
 Iteration 2: log likelihood = **-148.00091**  
 Iteration 3: log likelihood = **-147.90887**  
 Iteration 4: log likelihood = **-147.90869**  
 Iteration 5: log likelihood = **-147.90869**

Logistic regression	Number of obs	=	<b>400</b>
	LR chi2(4)	=	<b>201.05</b>
	Prob > chi2	=	<b>0.0000</b>
Log likelihood = <b>-147.90869</b>	Pseudo R2	=	<b>0.4046</b>

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	<b>.6299401</b>	<b>.0708979</b>	<b>8.89</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>.4909828 .7688974</b>
x2	<b>-1.488248</b>	<b>.2597744</b>	<b>-5.73</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>-1.997396 -.9790992</b>
x3	<b>-.9562902</b>	<b>.3882611</b>	<b>-2.46</b>	<b>0.014</b>	<b>-1.717268 -.1953124</b>
x4	<b>-2.155321</b>	<b>.4055058</b>	<b>-5.32</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>-2.950097 -1.360544</b>
_cons	<b>2.5165</b>	<b>.3714373</b>	<b>6.78</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>1.788496 3.244503</b>

```
26 . clear
27 . use "C:\Users\Pongpanot\Downloads\assign6.dta", clear
28 . logit y x1 x2 x3 x4, nolog
```

```
Logistic regression                Number of obs    =      400
                                   LR chi2(4)         =     201.05
                                   Prob > chi2         =      0.0000
Log likelihood = -147.90869         Pseudo R2        =      0.4046
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	.6299401	.0708979	8.89	0.000	.4909828 .7688974
x2	-1.488248	.2597744	-5.73	0.000	-1.997396 -.9790992
x3	-.9562902	.3882611	-2.46	0.014	-1.717268 -.1953124
x4	-2.155321	.4055058	-5.32	0.000	-2.950097 -1.360544
_cons	2.5165	.3714373	6.78	0.000	1.788496 3.244503

```
29 .
30 .
31 . predict pr
    (option pr assumed; Pr(y))
32 . g yhat=0 if pr<=0.7
    (241 missing values generated)
33 . replace yhat=1 ifpr>0.7
invalid 'ifpr'
    r(198);
34 . replace yhat=1 if pr>0.7
    (241 real changes made)
35 . tabulate y yhat
```

y	yhat		Total
	0	1	
0	101	24	125
1	58	217	275
Total	159	241	400

```
36 . estat clas
```

Logistic model for y

Classified	True		Total
	D	~D	
+	251	49	300
-	24	76	100
Total	275	125	400

Classified + if predicted  $\Pr(D) \geq .5$   
True D defined as  $y \neq 0$

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Sensitivity	$\Pr(+ D)$	<b>91.27%</b>
Specificity	$\Pr(- \sim D)$	<b>60.80%</b>
Positive predictive value	$\Pr(D +)$	<b>83.67%</b>
Negative predictive value	$\Pr(\sim D -)$	<b>76.00%</b>

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False + rate for true $\sim D$	$\Pr(+ \sim D)$	<b>39.20%</b>
False - rate for true D	$\Pr(- D)$	<b>8.73%</b>
False + rate for classified +	$\Pr(\sim D +)$	<b>16.33%</b>
False - rate for classified -	$\Pr(D -)$	<b>24.00%</b>

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Correctly classified		<b>81.75%</b>
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37 . log close  
name: <unnamed>  
log: C:\Users\Pongpanot\Downloads\ASS6\_Q1.smcl  
log type: smcl  
closed on: 4 Mar 2021, 01:01:56

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