

Make-up Quiz #2
EE312 Macroeconomic Theory
Section 046402

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Instructions

1. Use the tools we study in chapter 7 to analyze and answer the questions
2. Write out your ID at the upper right of the first page

Question 1 (20 points) Answer each subquestion in one or two sentences

(1.1) (10 points) What are substitution and income effects? Explain

Substitution effect is the result of consumer ^{demand from} substituting away of one good from the other good when price changes, while (real) income effect is the result of consumer demand from the change in his/her purchasing power.

(1.2) (10 points) What is First fundamental welfare theorem? Explain.

Under certain conditions, a competitive equilibrium is Pareto optimal, that is, resources are efficiently allocated; there is no way to make someone better off without hurting the other

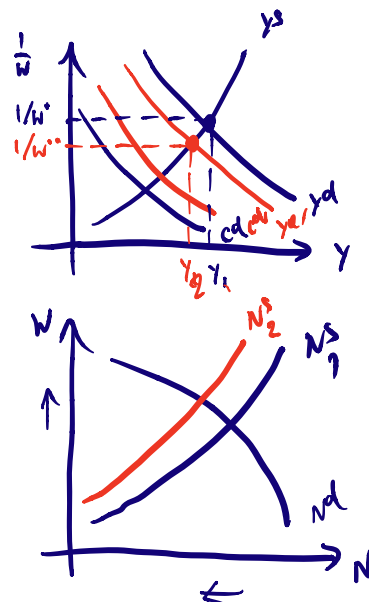
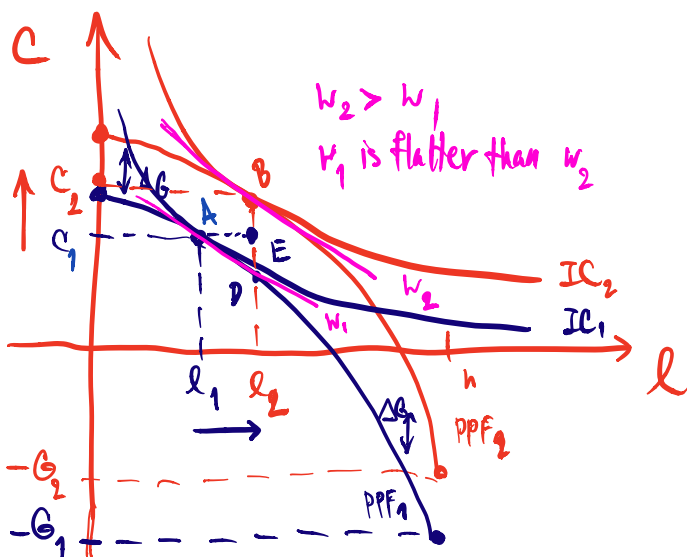
Question 2 (80 points) Suppose that an economy is populated with a household, a firm and a government. Household's objective is to maximize his/her utility $U(C, l)$ by choosing optimal consumption (C) and leisure (l) given the budget constraint, while firm's is to maximize its profit $\Pi = zY - wN^d$ by hiring household to work (N^d) with wage (w) and producing output Y to supply to household's consumption. The government will decide to tax household (T) and purchase a give amount of goods (G) from the firm. Answer the following subquestions:

(2.1) (30 points) Describe the competitive equilibrium of this model. Hint: A brief description of each condition is fine.

Check competitive equilibrium definition in ch. 7 handout on page 22.

(2.2) (50 points) What will happen to output (Y), labor employment (N), wage (w), and consumption (C) if the government decides to employ a contractionary fiscal policy to slow down the economy, assuming a stronger substitution effect? Use Edgeworth box and demand-supply diagrams to answer the question. Explain.

$$\begin{aligned}
 G \downarrow &\Rightarrow (\pi - T) \uparrow \Rightarrow Y^d \uparrow \Rightarrow l \uparrow \Rightarrow (h - l) \downarrow \\
 &\quad \downarrow \\
 &\quad C \uparrow \Leftarrow Y \downarrow \\
 &\quad \quad \uparrow \\
 &\quad ZF(K, N) \downarrow \Leftarrow N^d \downarrow \Leftarrow N^s \downarrow \\
 &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \\
 &\quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad \quad w \uparrow
 \end{aligned}$$



$\therefore G \downarrow \Rightarrow N \downarrow, Y \downarrow, C \uparrow, w \uparrow$