

Exercise 2.A:

HOMEWORK 2

2.A.1) Given a demand function by  $p = a - bQ$ , derive the formula for the elasticity of demand, and show that the third property holds

2.A.2) Given the market supply  $p = c + dQ$  where  $d \geq 0$ , show that

- (i) elasticity of supply is always greater than 1 if  $c > 0$ ,
- (ii) elasticity of supply is always equal to 1 if  $c = 0$ ,
- (iii) elasticity of supply is always less than 1 if  $c < 0$ .

$$dQ = p - c$$

$$Q = \frac{p - c}{d}$$

$$Q = \frac{p}{d} - \frac{c}{d}$$

2.A.1) Black line:  $p = a - bQ \rightarrow Q = \left(-\frac{1}{b}\right)(p) + \frac{a}{b}$

Red line:  $p = c + dQ \rightarrow Q = \left(\frac{1}{d}\right)(p) + \frac{c}{d}$

Point- PED of Black line =  $\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P} \times \frac{P_0}{Q_0}$

$$= -\frac{1}{b} \times \frac{P_0}{Q_0} = -\frac{1}{b} \times \frac{P_0}{\frac{a - P_0}{b}}$$

Point- PED of Red line =  $-\frac{1}{c} \times \frac{P_0}{Q_0} = -\frac{1}{c} \times \frac{P_0}{\frac{c - P_0}{c}}$

Point- PED of Black line = Point- PED of Red line

$$\left(-\frac{1}{b}\right) \left(\frac{P_0 \times b}{(a - P_0)}\right) = \left(-\frac{1}{c}\right) \left(\frac{P_0 \times c}{(c - P_0)}\right)$$

$$-1 = -1 \quad \text{**}$$

2.A.2) USE PES

(i)  $Q = \frac{p - c}{d} = \frac{1}{d}(p) - \frac{c}{d}$

if  $c > 0$ ; PES =  $\frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta P} \times \frac{P_0}{Q_0}$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{d}\right) \times \frac{P_0}{\frac{P_0 - c}{d}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{d}\right) \times P_0 \times \frac{d}{P_0 - c}$$

PES =  $\frac{P_0}{P_0 - c}$

$\therefore P_0 > P_0 - c$   
 $\hookrightarrow$  elasticity of supply is greater than 1 when  $c > 0$

(ii) if  $c = 0$ ; PES =  $\frac{P_0}{P_0 - c}$

$$= \frac{P_0}{P_0 - 0} = \frac{P_0}{P_0}$$

PES = 1

$\therefore P_0 = P_0$   
 $\hookrightarrow$  elasticity of supply is equal to 1 when  $c = 0$

(iii) if  $c < 0$ ;  
 PES =  $\frac{P_0}{P_0 - c}$

$\therefore P_0 < P_0 - c$   
 $\hookrightarrow$  elasticity of supply is lower than 1 when  $c < 0$