

Quiz 1

(5 points)

Time: 10 September 2021 at 15:00-15:30 (30 minutes)

There are 2 questions. You need to answer all questions. Please **submit** your answers in a PDF file with a file name “**Quiz1_StudentID_Name**” via BE Moodle class before **15:40**.

Question 1 (3 points)

Case A: The production of a plastic factory ‘K Chemical’ is located nearby a house village ‘Dreamland’. If the production of the plastic factory reaches a certain level at Q_m , it will release air pollutions to the level that destroy clean air around the Dreamland village. However, if the production of the plastic factory does not exceed Q_m , it will create no significant impact for people living in the Dreamland village.

Case B: In Thailand, the CO₂ emissions from oil consumption in transport sector increased from 51 million tons of CO₂ in 2008 to about 63 million tons of CO₂ in 2018.

Please answer the following questions for both Case A and Case B above

- i. Does an externality exist? If so, classify the externality type (e.g., positive vs. negative, costs vs. benefits) and explain how inefficiency problems could arise in this case.
- ii. If an externality exists, could the Coase Theorem be applied to solve market inefficiencies in this case? Please explain your answer (Hint: is it possible to use property right rules and solve the problem?)
- iii. If the Coase Theorem does not apply, what the government could do to solve the problem?

Question 2 (2 points)

Suppose an investor is considering a wind farm project to produce electricity. The wind farm will create noises that affect people living in a house village Dreamland.

- i. How could you estimate the compensation amount for people living in the Dreamland to approve the wind-farm construction? (Hint: Choose WTP vs. WTA question, methods to estimate WTP and WTA).
- ii. What should be considered in the cost-benefit analysis to decide if the wind farm project should be built or not?

① i) Case A : Yes , It provided negative impact to the people in Dreamland village , which will cause in increasing the costs of production to reduce the air pollution

case B : Yes , It provided negative impact as the increase in CO_2 emissions , so it impact the society due to a bad manage from the production process

ii) the property rules can be used to resolved the problem as the cause of problem is from the factory , so the factory should take responsibilities and pay money to people who got affect.

iii) the government should set the policy for the factory in which they can't make the pollution that affect nearby people.

② i) We should use the CVM methods.

- purpose a CVM survey to help us inform decision to build or not

- Ask for WTP and WTA question

ii) If the $npv > 0$, it means that we should build the wind farm project, as

initial cost maintenance cost compensation to locals.