

POLS

```
. xtglm y x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7
Cross-sectional time-series FGLS regression

Coefficients: generalized least squares
Panels: homoskedastic
Correlation: no autocorrelation

Estimated covariances = 1      Number of obs = 1,275
Estimated autocorrelations = 0    Number of groups = 255
Estimated coefficients = 8      Time periods = 5
Wald chi2(7) = 899.95
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Log likelihood = 209.4322
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	.0794732	.0093881	8.47	0.000	.0610728 .0978735
x2	.0183375	.0051421	3.57	0.000	.0082592 .0284158
x3	.0977707	.0526329	1.86	0.063	-.0053879 .2009293
x4	.0873838	.2186064	0.40	0.689	-.3410767 .5158444
x5	-.1076457	.0069214	-15.55	0.000	-.0940801
x6	-.1432493	.0186811	-7.67	0.000	-.1798637
x7	-.2712849	.011995	-22.62	0.000	-.2947946
_cons	-.0107965	.0860341	-0.13	0.900	-.1794201 .1578272

```
. xt y x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7, igls panels(heteroskedasticity)
Cross-sectional time-series FGLS regression

Coefficients: generalized least squares
Panels: heteroskedastic
Correlation: no autocorrelation

Estimated covariances = 255    Number of obs = 1,275
Estimated autocorrelations = 0    Number of groups = 255
Estimated coefficients = 8      Time periods = 5
Wald chi2(7) = 3850.64
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Log likelihood = 519.361
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	.0834067	.0045748	18.23	0.000	.0744403 .0923732
x2	.0163976	.0032919	4.98	0.000	.0099456 .0228497
x3	-.3631261	.0505673	-7.18	0.000	-.4622362
x4	-.3191455	.1093883	2.92	0.004	-.1047484
x5	-.1093301	.0043681	-25.07	0.000	-.1178758
x6	.1361732	.0275038	4.95	0.000	.0822667
x7	-.2282655	.0063087	-36.18	0.000	-.2406303
_cons	-.037658	.0426502	-0.88	0.377	-.1212509

```
. lrtest het pgls, df(`df')
Likelihood-ratio test          LR chi2(254) = 619.86
(Assumption: pgls nested in het) Prob > chi2 = 0.0000
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1. $2(\text{Log}L_{UR} - \text{Log}L_R) = 2(519.361 - 209.4320) = 619.86$

With LR-chi2 test = 619.86 with p-value of $0.000 < 0.05$, the null hypothesis with no heteroskedasticity is rejected, there exists significant heteroskedasticity problem

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Estimated autocorrelations = 0    Number of groups = 255
Estimated coefficients = 8      Time periods = 5
Wald chi2(7) = 899.95
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Log likelihood = 209.4322
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	.0794732	.0093881	8.47	0.000	.0610728 .0978735
x2	.0183375	.0051421	3.57	0.000	.0082592 .0284158
x3	.0977707	.0526329	1.86	0.063	-.0053879 .2009293
x4	.0873838	.2186064	0.40	0.689	-.3410767 .5158444
x5	-.1076457	.0069214	-15.55	0.000	-.0940801
x6	-.1432493	.0186811	-7.67	0.000	-.1798637
x7	-.2712849	.011995	-22.62	0.000	-.2947946
_cons	-.0107965	.0860341	-0.13	0.900	-.1794201 .1578272

Fixed effect

```
. xtreg y x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7, fe
Fixed-effects (within) regression      Number of obs = 1,275
Group variable: crossid                Number of groups = 255
R-sq:                                  Obs per group:
    within = 0.3772                    min = 5
    between = 0.1103                   avg = 5.0
    overall = 0.1644                   max = 5
F(7,1013) = 87.64
Prob > F = 0.0000
corr(u_i, Xb) = -0.2003
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	-.1256447	.0180942	-6.94	0.000	-.161151
x2	.0123739	.008023	1.54	0.123	-.0033697
x3	.0747825	.039773	1.88	0.060	-.0032643
x4	.6493144	.2855092	2.27	0.023	.0890573
x5	-.1104883	.0061097	-18.08	0.000	-.1224773
x6	-.1461423	.0141035	-10.36	0.000	-.1738178
x7	-.0951497	.0121853	-7.81	0.000	-.1190611
_cons	1.756067	.1658407	10.59	0.000	1.430636

sigma_u = .22676694
sigma_e = .11725953
rho = .78902632 (fraction of variance due to u_i)

F test that all u_i=0: F(254, 1013) = 11.40 Prob > F = 0.0000

Random effect

```
. xtreg y x1 x2 x3 x4 x5 x6 x7, re
Random-effects GLS regression      Number of obs = 1,275
Group variable: crossid           Number of groups = 255
R-sq:                              Obs per group:
    within = 0.3492                  min = 5
    between = 0.3404                  avg = 5.0
    overall = 0.3377                  max = 5
Wald chi2(7) = 663.43
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000
corr(u_i, X) = 0 (assumed)
```

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1	-.0145018	.0133366	-1.09	0.277	-.040641
x2	.0146948	.0064463	2.28	0.023	.0020604
x3	.0985565	.0399464	2.47	0.014	.020263
x4	.4693539	.2493856	1.88	0.060	-.0194329
x5	-.1117985	.005959	-18.76	0.000	-.1234779
x6	-.1541318	.014125	-10.91	0.000	-.1818163
x7	-.1494529	.0115006	-13.00	0.000	-.1719937
_cons	.7714573	.1226841	6.29	0.000	.5310009

sigma_u = .15944933
sigma_e = .11725953
rho = .64900604 (fraction of variance due to u_i)

Hausman Test

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hausman fixed random

      _____ Coefficients _____
      (b)          (B)          (b-B)          sqrt(diag(V_b-V_B))
      fixed      random      Difference          S.E.
-----
x1      -.1256447      -.0145018      -.1111429      .0122284
x2       .0123739       .0146948       -.0023208      .0047765
x3       .0747825       .0985565       -.0237741       .
x4       .6493144       .4693539       .1799605      .1390048
x5      -.1104883      -.1117985       .0013102      .0013484
x6      -.1461423      -.1541318       .0079894       .
x7      -.0951497      -.1494529       .0543033      .0040273

      b = consistent under Ho and Ha; obtained from xtreg
      B = inconsistent under Ha, efficient under Ho; obtained from xtreg

Test: Ho: difference in coefficients not systematic

      chi2(7) = (b-B)'[(V_b-V_B)^(-1)](b-B)
              = 190.39
      Prob>chi2 = 0.0000 <0.05
      (V_b-V_B is not positive definite)
  
```

2. According to the fixed effect test, there is the significant fixed effect. According to the significant Hausman test (chi=190.39 with p-value of 0.0000<0.05), the null hypothesis of the test is rejected, the fixed effects model is more appropriate than random effect model