

EE 325 Quiz 4 (10 points) Due April 2nd 2013

In order to receive points from the following questions, students must submit your STATA output table. **No photocopy of STATA output table will be accepted. Answers must be hand written by blue pen.**

Use the data in GPA2.DTA

Consider the equation

$$COLGPA_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 hsize_i^2 + \beta_3 hspc_i + \beta_4 sat_i + \beta_5 female_i + \beta_6 athlete_i + u_i$$

where

$COLGPA_i$ = cumulative college grade point average

$hsize_i$ = size of high school graduating class, in hundreds

$hspc_i$ = academic percentile in graduating class

sat_i = combined SAT score

$female_i$ = a binary gender variable (1=female, 0= otherwise)

$athlete_i$ = a binary variable (1= student-athletes, 0 = otherwise)

- a. (1 point) What are your expectations for the coefficients in this equation?
- b. (3 points) Estimate the equation and report the results in the usual form. What is the estimated GPA differential between athletes and non-athletes? Is it statistically significant?
- c. (3 points) Drop sat from the model and reestimate the equation. Now, what is the estimated effect of being an athlete?
- d. (3 points) In the equation, allow the effect of being an athlete to differ by gender and test the null hypothesis that there is no *ceteris paribus* difference between women athletes and women non-athletes.