

ASSIGNMENT 1

Figure

```
. regress rj rm
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11449.5344	1	11449.5344	F(1, 11957)	=	5988.94
Residual	22859.1346	11,957	1.91177842	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3337
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3337
Total	34308.669	11,958	2.86909759	Root MSE	=	1.3827

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	.9947206	.0128536	77.39	0.000	.9695254 1.019916
_cons	.0084273	.0126552	0.67	0.505	-.0163789 .0332335

```
. est store withcon
```

1:

Figure

```
. regress rj rm, noconstant
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11478.8888	1	11478.8888	F(1, 11958)	=	6004.58
Residual	22859.9824	11,958	1.91168944	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3343
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3342
Total	34338.8712	11,959	2.87138316	Root MSE	=	1.3826

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	.9950862	.0128416	77.49	0.000	.9699145 1.020258

```
. est store wocon
```

2:

Figure

```
. est table withcon wocon, star(0.1 0.05 0.01) stat(N rss F r2 r2_a)
```

Variable	withcon	wocon
rm	.99472062***	.99508618***
_cons	.00842732	
N	11959	11959
rss	22859.135	22859.982
F	5988.9442	6004.5782
r2	.33372132	.33428265
r2_a	.3336656	.33422698

Legend: * p<.1; ** p<.05; *** p<.01

3:

1.) From the STATA, you can see that the P-value is 0.505 which is more than 0.05 therefore I concluded that the Jenen Alpha is not statistically significant.

Figure

```
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```

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rm	.9947206	.0128536	77.39	0.000	.9695254 1.019916
_cons	.0084273	.0126552	0.67	0.505	-.0163789 .0332335

```
. est store withcon
```

4:

- 2.) If the market premium increases by 1, this portfolio will have an increase in return by 0.99 which is approximately 0.01% less than the market. Therefore this portfolio is a little bit less volatile than the market.

Figure

```
. regress rj rm smb hml
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11681.1999	3	3893.73328	F(3, 11955)	=	2057.22
Residual	22627.4691	11,955	1.89272013	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3405
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3403
Total	34308.669	11,958	2.86909759	Root MSE	=	1.3758

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	1.005554	.0128271	78.39	0.000	.9804104 1.030697
smb	.0371377	.0061189	6.07	0.000	.0251437 .0491318
hml	.0562866	.00609	9.24	0.000	.0443492 .068224
_cons	.0073088	.0125928	0.58	0.562	-.0173752 .0319928

5:

- 3.) Since the P-value of 'SMB', size premium, is less than 0.05, SMB can explain the return of the portfolio significantly.
- 4.) Since the P-value of 'HML', growth premium, is less than 0.05, SMB can explain the return of the portfolio significantly.

Figure

6:

```
. test smb hml
```

(1) **smb = 0**

(2) **hml = 0**

F(2, 11955) = **61.20**

Prob > F = **0.0000**

- 5.) Null hypothesis: Beta2=Beta3=0

FF models are more appropriate because the P-value is less than 0.05, we reject the null hypothesis.

Figure 7:

```
. regress rj d1 rm smb hml
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11683.8263	4	2920.95657	F(4, 11954)	=	1543.31
Residual	22624.8427	11,954	1.89265875	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3406
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3403
Total	34308.669	11,958	2.86909759	Root MSE	=	1.3757

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
d1	.05393	.045781	1.18	0.239	-.0358082 .1436682
rm	1.005405	.0128275	78.38	0.000	.9802607 1.030549
smb	.0369291	.0061214	6.03	0.000	.0249302 .048928
hml	.0562495	.00609	9.24	0.000	.0443121 .0681868
_cons	.0028773	.0131425	0.22	0.827	-.0228842 .0286388

6.) d1 represents January. Since the P-value of d1 is 0.231 which is more than 0.05, January is not statistically significant.

7.1) If the market premium increases by 1, the return on the portfolio will increase by 1.01. If the market premium increases by 1, the size premium will increase by 0.04. If the market premium increases by 1, the growth premium increases by 0.06.

7.2) Null hypothesis: $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta$ is not equal to 0

Since the P-value=0.0000 which is less than 0.05, meaning the null hypothesis is being rejected.

7.3) $R^2 = 0.3406$ meaning the model can explain return on the portfolio by 34.06%.

7.4) Since rm P-value is less than 0.05, the market premium can explain the return on the portfolio significantly. For smb P-value is less than 0.05, the size premium can explain the return on the portfolio significantly. For hml P-value is less than 0.05, the growth premium can explain the return on the portfolio significantly.

Figure

```
. regress rj rm smb hml d1 d1rm d1smb d1hml
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11685.5157	7	1669.35938	F(7, 11951)	=	881.86
Residual	22623.1533	11,951	1.89299249	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3406
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3402
Total	34308.669	11,958	2.86909759	Root MSE	=	1.3759

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	1.008159	.0133675	75.42	0.000	.9819563 1.034361
smb	.0364768	.0064084	5.69	0.000	.0239153 .0490383
hml	.0553364	.0063695	8.69	0.000	.0428511 .0678216
d1	.0552912	.0461135	1.20	0.231	-.0350988 .1456811
d1rm	-.035594	.0475853	-0.75	0.454	-.1288689 .0576808
d1smb	.0037628	.0217997	0.17	0.863	-.0389682 .0464937
d1hml	.0106311	.0218876	0.49	0.627	-.0322721 .0535344
_cons	.0027652	.0131445	0.21	0.833	-.0230002 .0285307

8:

Figure

```
. regress rj rm smb hml
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	11,959
Model	11681.1999	3	3893.73328	F(3, 11955)	=	2057.22
Residual	22627.4691	11,955	1.89272013	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3405
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3403
Total	34308.669	11,958	2.86909759	Root MSE	=	1.3758

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	1.005554	.0128271	78.39	0.000	.9804104 1.030697
smb	.0371377	.0061189	6.07	0.000	.0251437 .0491318
hml	.0562866	.00609	9.24	0.000	.0443492 .068224
_cons	.0073088	.0125928	0.58	0.562	-.0173752 .0319928

```
. sca rss1=e(rss)
```

```
. sca n1=e(N)
```

9:

Figure

```
. reg rj rm smb hml if d1== 0
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	10,974
Model	10805.6192	3	3601.87308	F(3, 10970)	=	1887.21
Residual	20936.975	10,970	1.90856654	Prob > F	=	0.0000
				R-squared	=	0.3404
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3402
Total	31742.5942	10,973	2.89279087	Root MSE	=	1.3815

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	1.008159	.0134224	75.11	0.000	.9818484 1.034469
smb	.0364768	.0064347	5.67	0.000	.0238636 .04909
hml	.0553364	.0063956	8.65	0.000	.0427998 .0678729

10:

Figure

```
. reg rj rm smb hml if d1==1
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	985
Model	872.032797	3	290.677599	F(3, 981)	=	169.11
Residual	1686.17832	981	1.71883621	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	2558.21111	984	2.59980804	R-squared	=	0.3409
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3389
				Root MSE	=	1.311

rj	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
rm	.9725647	.0435176	22.35	0.000	.8871664 1.057963
smb	.0402395	.0198549	2.03	0.043	.0012766 .0792024
hml	.0659675	.0199538	3.31	0.001	.0268104 .1051246
_cons	.0580564	.0421181	1.38	0.168	-.0245956 .1407084

11:

Figure

```
. sca list ChowTest
ChowTest = .56997206
```

12:

Figure 13:

```
. test d1 d1rm d1smb d1hml
```

```
( 1) d1 = 0
( 2) d1rm = 0
( 3) d1smb = 0
( 4) d1hml = 0
```

```
F( 4, 11951) = 0.57
Prob > F = 0.6844
```

8.) Null hypothesis : $d1=0$, $d1smb=0$, $d1hml=0$, $d1rm=0$

Since the chow test is = 0.57 which is more than 0.05, January and other months are not statistically significant, so it failed to reject the null hypothesis. Therefore, I conclude that the Model 2 shares the same structure as Model 3.