

Ex. Market Demand : $D = 10 - Q$
 MC upstream : $MC_u = 2$

$$TR = (10 - Q)Q = 10Q - Q^2$$

$$MR = \frac{dTR}{dQ} = 10 - 2Q$$

\therefore Demand upstream : $D_u = 10 - 2Q$

$$TR_u = (10 - 2Q)Q = 10Q - 2Q^2$$

$$MR = \frac{dTR_u}{dQ} = 10 - 4Q$$

Upstream Monopoly Max π

$$MR_u = MC_u$$

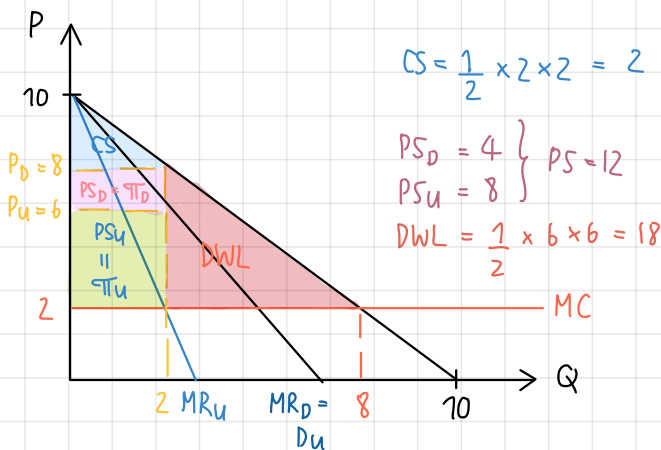
$$10 - 4Q = 2$$

$$4Q = 8$$

$$Q_u = 2$$

$$P_u = 10 - 2(2) = 6$$

$$P_D = 10 - (2) = 8$$



$$\pi_u = TR_u - TC_u = 6(2) - 2(2) = 8$$

$$\pi_D = TR_D - TC_D = 8(2) - 6(2) = 4$$

Ans. $\therefore \pi_{total} = 8 + 4 = 12$

Ex. Market Demand : $D = 10 - Q$
 MC : $MC_u = 2$

$$\therefore MR = 10 - 2Q = MC = 2$$

$$10 - 2Q = 2$$

$$2Q = 8$$

$$Q_M = 4$$

$$P_M = 10 - 4 = 6$$

$$\pi_M = 6(4) - 2(4) = 16$$

