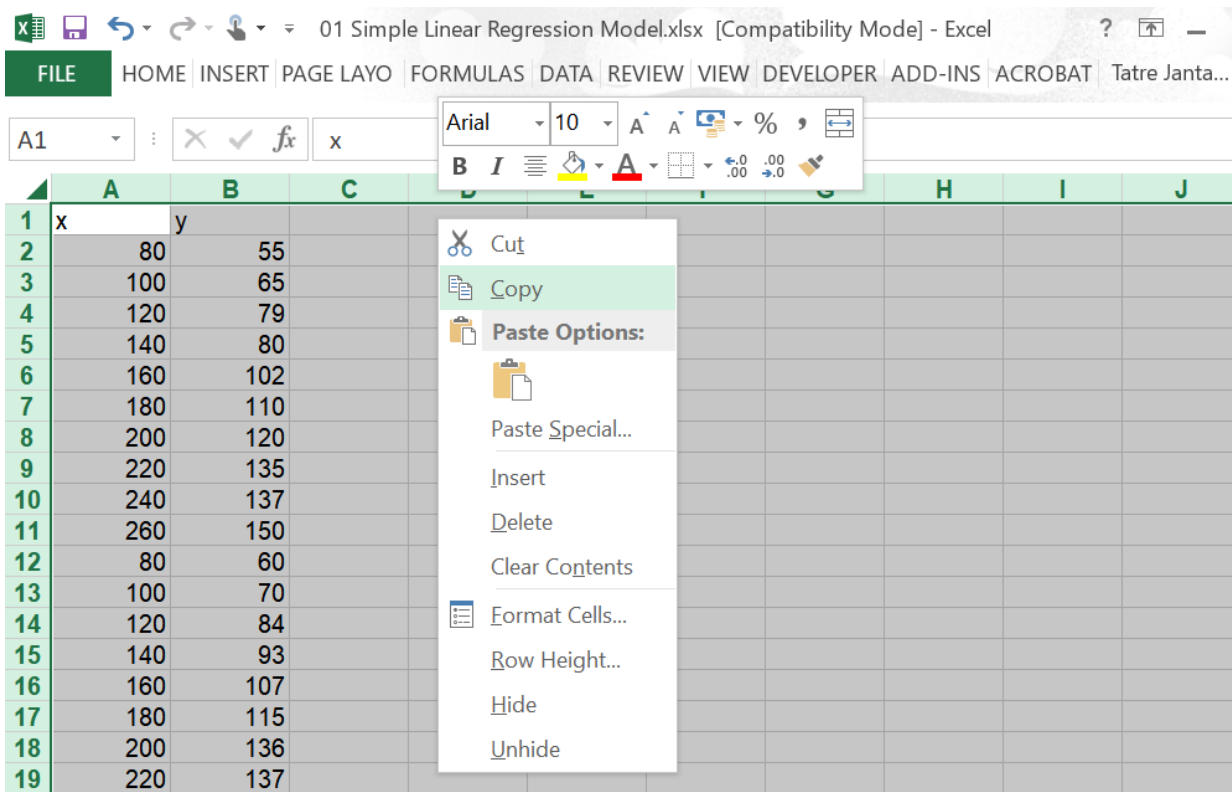



Instruction using STATA

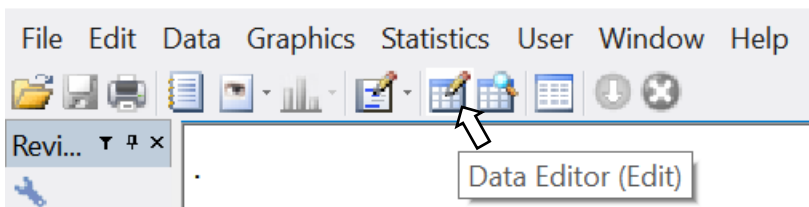
By Tatre Jantarakolica

Import Data

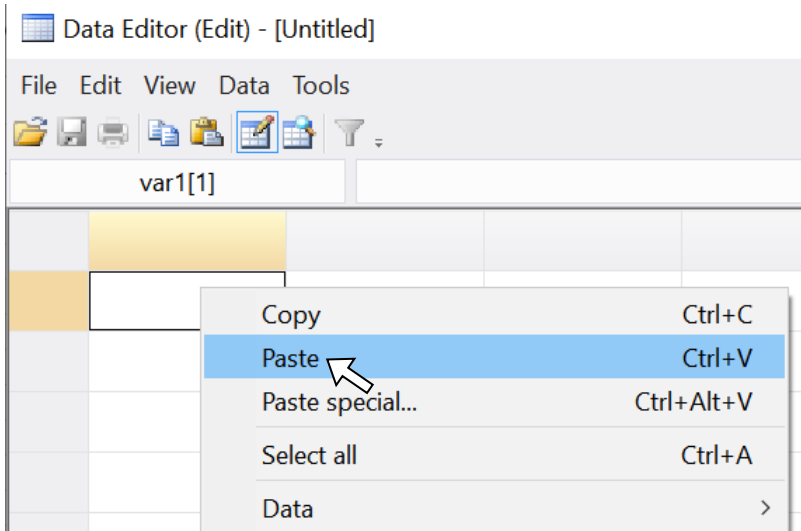
From Excel, copy exporting data.



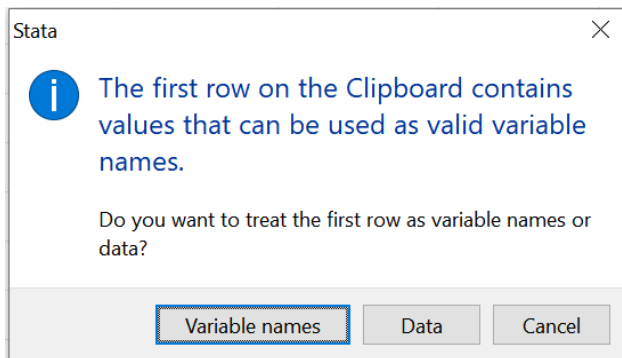
From STATA menu bar, click on icon Data Editor (Edit) 



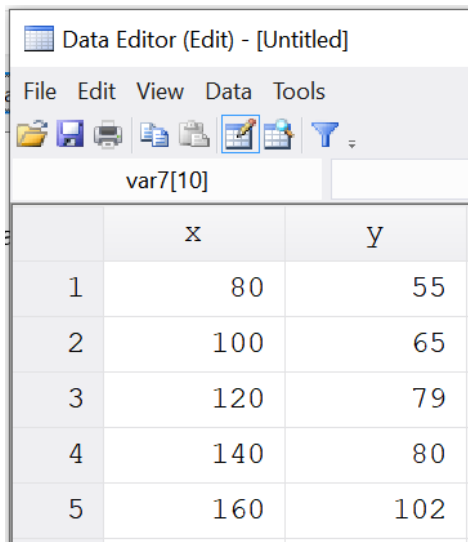
Then, Click Paste on Data Editor Window:



Then, Choose Variable names Variable names button to set up the first row in Excel as variable names:

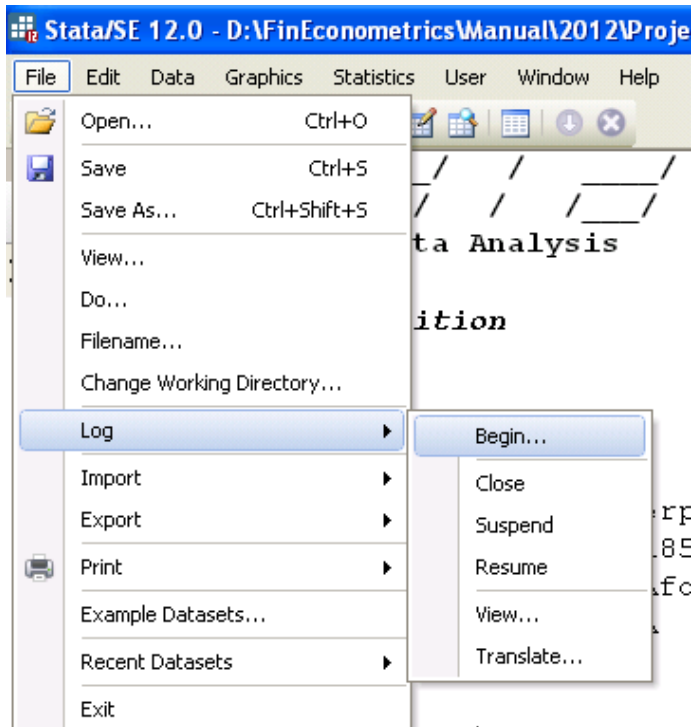


The data will be in Data Editor window as follows:

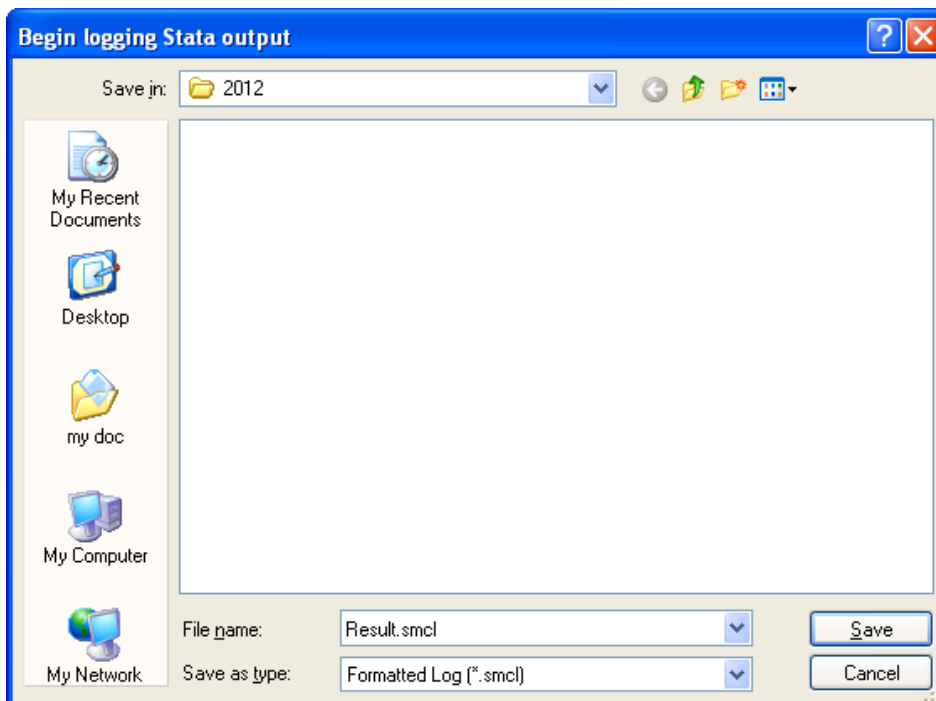


Save Output File

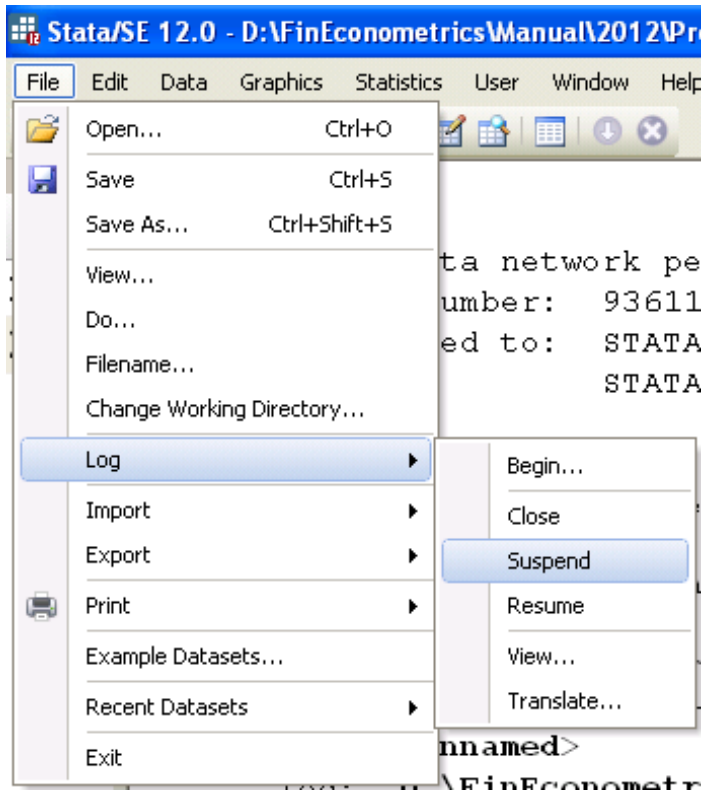
To save the output from data analysis in STATA, from menu bar go to File, select Log, and choose Begin...



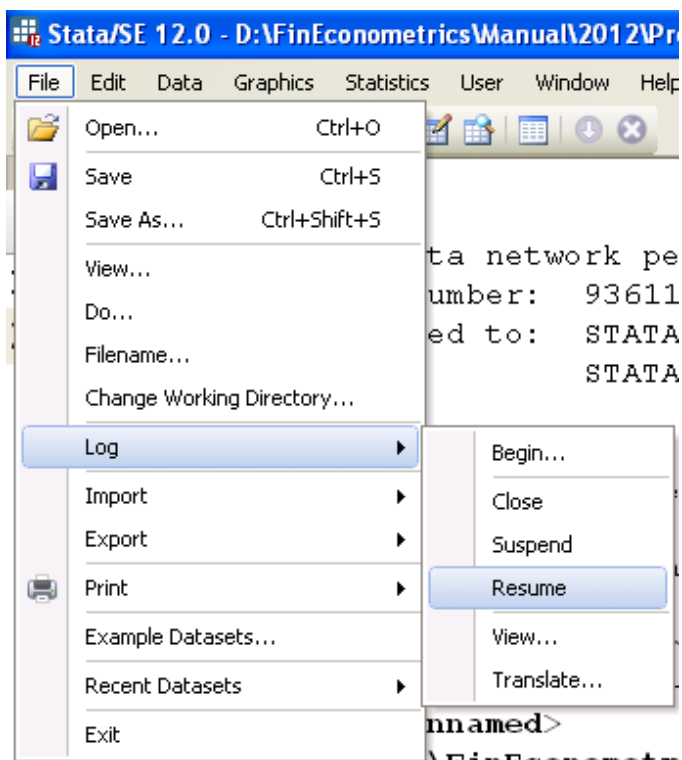
Then, in Begin logging Stata output window box, input file name that you would like to save and select the folder, then, click Save (as smcl (Stata Markup and Control Language) format).



If you would like to suspend some analysis, then, from Menu bar, go to File, select Log, and choose Suspend.



When you want to continue, go to Resume. If you finish, choose Close.



Define Name and Definition of the Variables

From Data Editor window, double click on the variable.

	x3	x4	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5
1
2	3.96	533.2	0	0	1	0	
3	4	534.2	0	0	0	1	
4	3.95	524.7	0	0	0	0	
5	4.1	539.3	1	0	0	0	

From Variable Properties window, specify Label of the variable, then, choose Define/Modify...

Variable Properties

Name: d1

Label: D1

Type: byte

Format: %8.0g

Value Label: [dropdown]

Buttons: < > Reset Apply

From Manage Value Labels window, choose Create Label

Manage Value Labels

Value Labels

There are no items to show.

Buttons: Create Label, Edit Label, Drop Label, Add Value, Edit Value, Remove Value, Close

From Create Label window, define Label name: (in this case Monday), Value: (in this case 0), Label: (in this case Other Day), then click Add.

The 'Create Label' dialog box is shown with the following settings:

- Label name: Monday
- Value: 0
- Label: Other Day

The 'Add' button is highlighted with a mouse cursor. Below the dialog box, there is a note: "Note: Changes are not applied to the dataset until you click 'OK'".

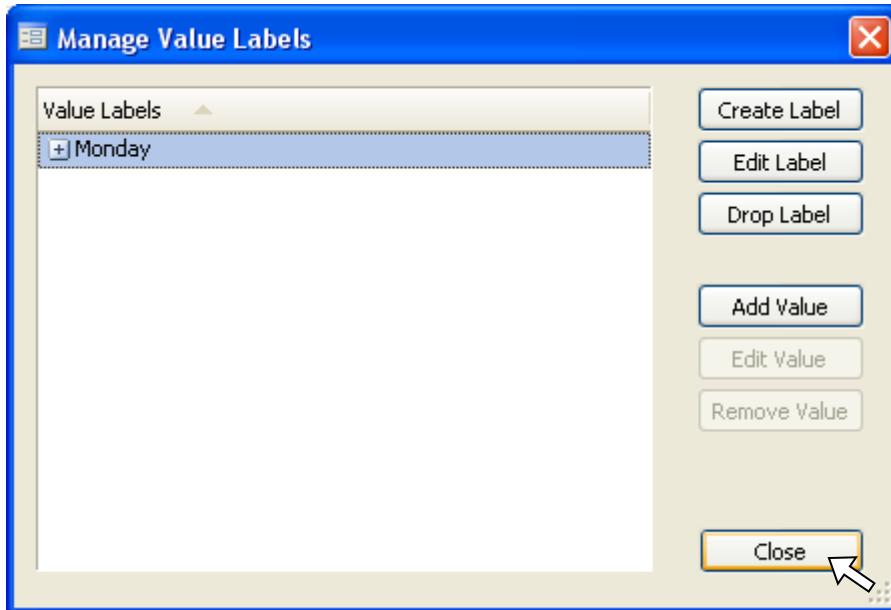
Then, Value: 1 and Label: Monday. After finish define Value and Label, click OK.

The 'Create Label' dialog box is shown with the following settings:

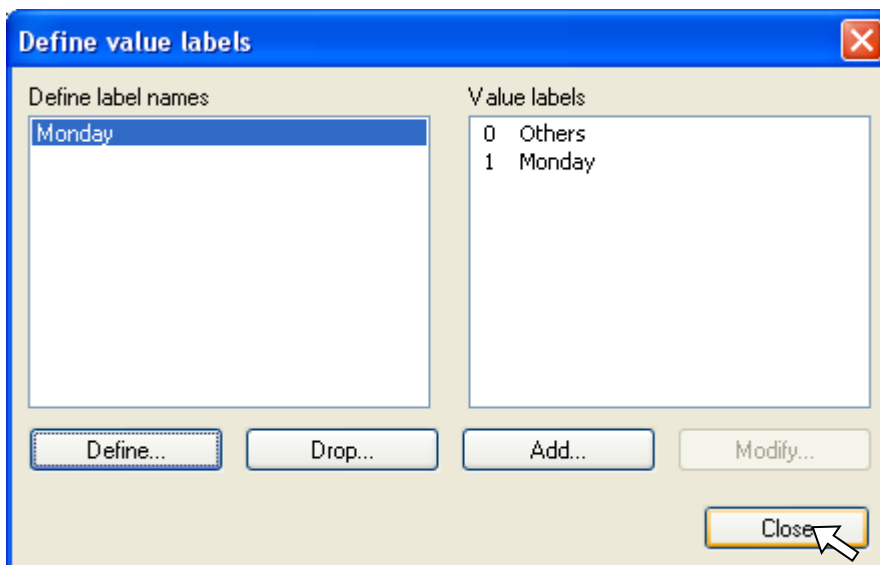
- Label name: Monday
- Value: 1
- Label: Monday

The 'OK' button is highlighted with a mouse cursor. Below the dialog box, there is a note: "Note: Changes are not applied to the dataset until you click 'OK'".

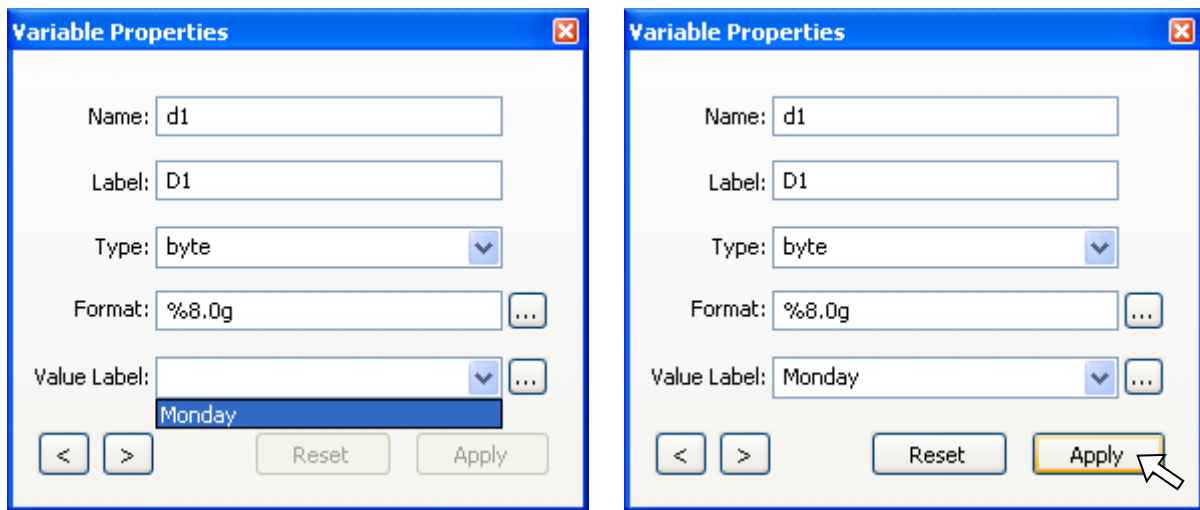
After finish create label, from Manage Value Labels window, click Close.



After finished inputing value of variables, click Cancel. Then, from Define value labels window, click Close.



Then, from Variable Properties window, go to Value label box, choose the specify value label, then, click Apply.



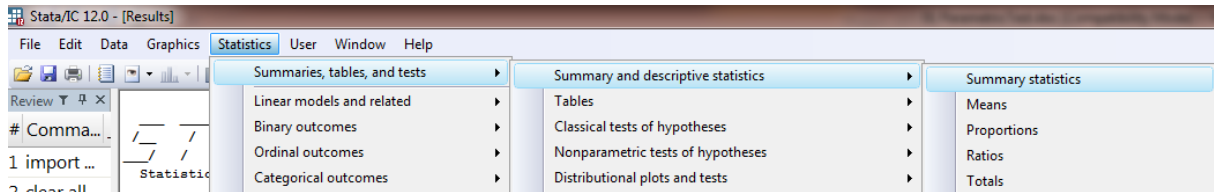
Then, the value label will appear instead of value.

The screenshot shows the STATA Data Editor window with a data table. The 'd1' column is highlighted, and its values are 'other Day' and 'Monday', demonstrating the application of the value label.

	x3	x4	d1	d2	d3	d4	d5
2	3.96	533.2	other Day	0	1	0	
3	4	534.2	other Day	0	0	1	
4	3.95	524.7	other Day	0	0	0	
5	4.1	539.3	Monday	0	0	0	
6	3.93	548.75	other Day	1	0	0	
7	3.95	542.2	other Day	0	1	0	
8	4	548.6	other Day	0	0	1	
9	3.94	547.8	other Day	0	0	0	
10	4	556.5	Monday	0	0	0	
11	3.94	561.8	other Day	1	0	0	
12	4.12	554.1	other Day	0	1	0	
13	4.17	543.6	other Day	0	0	1	
14	4.17	557.6	other Day	0	0	0	
15	4.15	553.4	Monday	0	0	0	
16	4.16	558.8	other Day	1	0	0	
17	4.16	558.3	other Day	0	1	0	
18	4.15	563	other Day	0	0	1	

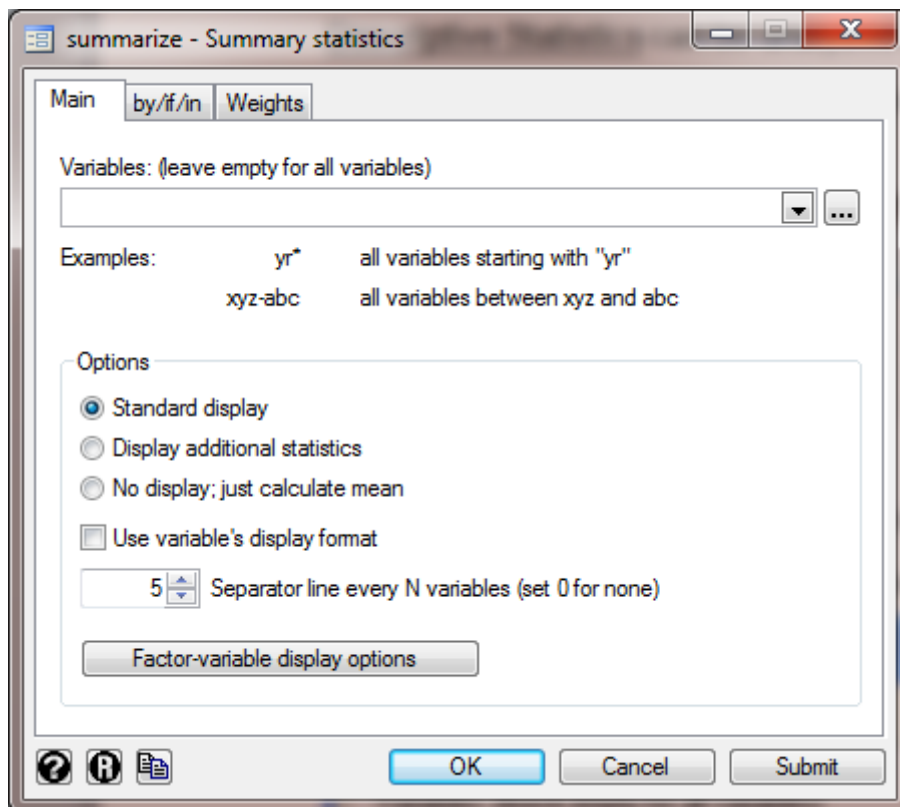
Descriptive Statistics can be analyzed by:

From Menu Bar, go to Statistics, choose Summaries, tables, & tests, select Summary statistics, select Summary statistics



From summarize – Summary statistics window, specify the variables to be analyzed in

Variables: (leave empty for all variables) box, then click OK



The result will be as follows:

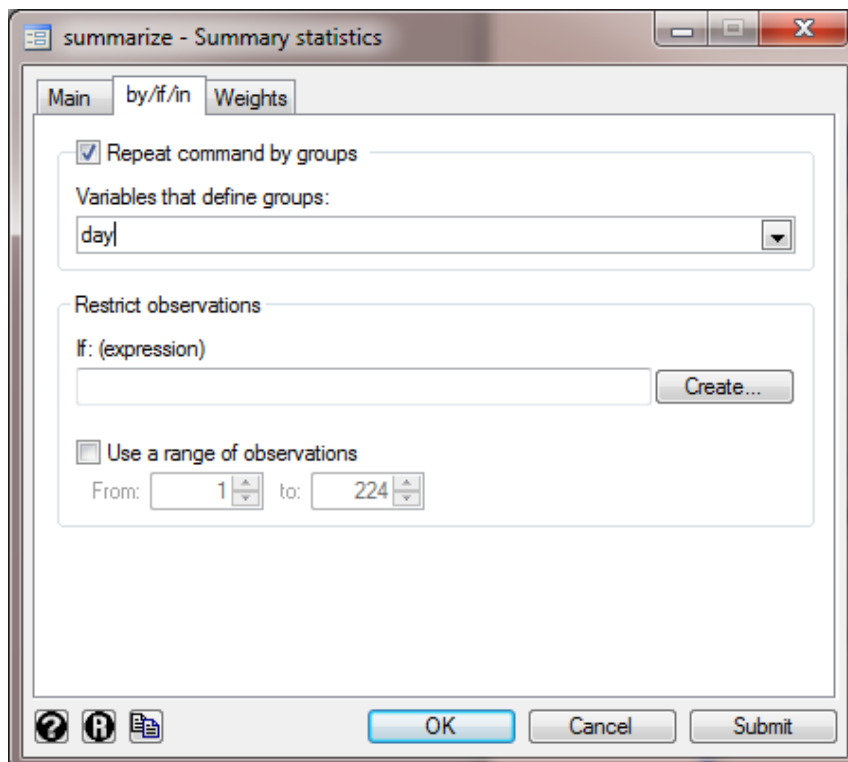
```
. summarize
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
day	0				
date	0				
time	224	111.5	64.80741	0	223
rm	223	.0134254	1.022241	-3.538129	3.050996
rj	223	.0012806	1.841034	-6.666667	4.580153
rf	223	.0201872	.0010914	.0180685	.0216338
ex	223	38.09048	.9104958	36.04	40.74
r	223	4.719708	.3435897	3.93	5.16
gp	223	601.4513	39.4314	524.7	718.8
y	223	-.0189067	1.840972	-6.68504	4.55939
x1	223	-.006762	1.022251	-3.55919	3.02984
x2	223	38.09048	.9104958	36.04	40.74
x3	223	4.719708	.3435897	3.93	5.16
x4	223	601.4513	39.4314	524.7	718.8
d1	223	.1883408	.3918637	0	1
d2	223	.2017937	.4022419	0	1
d3	223	.206278	.4055427	0	1
d4	223	.206278	.4055427	0	1
d5	223	.1973094	.3988632	0	1

Descriptive Statistics Classified by Groups can be done by

From summarize – Summary statistics window, choose by/if/in, specify grouping variable, in

Variables that define groups:, then, click OK.



The results will be as follows:

```
. by day, sort : summarize rm
```

```
-----  
-> day = FRI
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
rm	44	.2529098	.898997	-1.598893	2.63296

```
-----  
-> day = MON
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
rm	42	-.1194381	1.034139	-2.933021	1.996412

```
-----  
-> day = THU
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
rm	46	-.0067526	1.061755	-2.080594	1.698142

```
-----  
-> day = TUE
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
rm	45	-.1324269	.8035679	-1.955488	1.540987

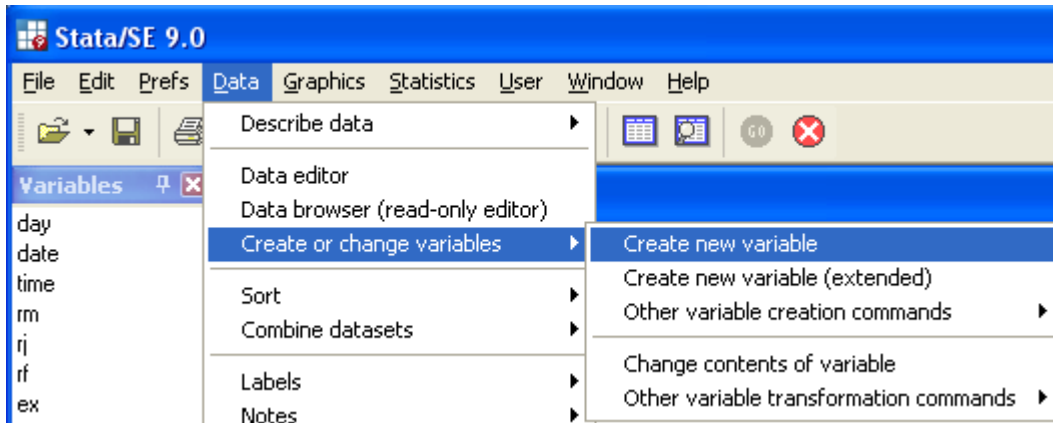
```
-----  
-> day = WED
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
rm	46	.0685229	1.246002	-3.538129	3.050996

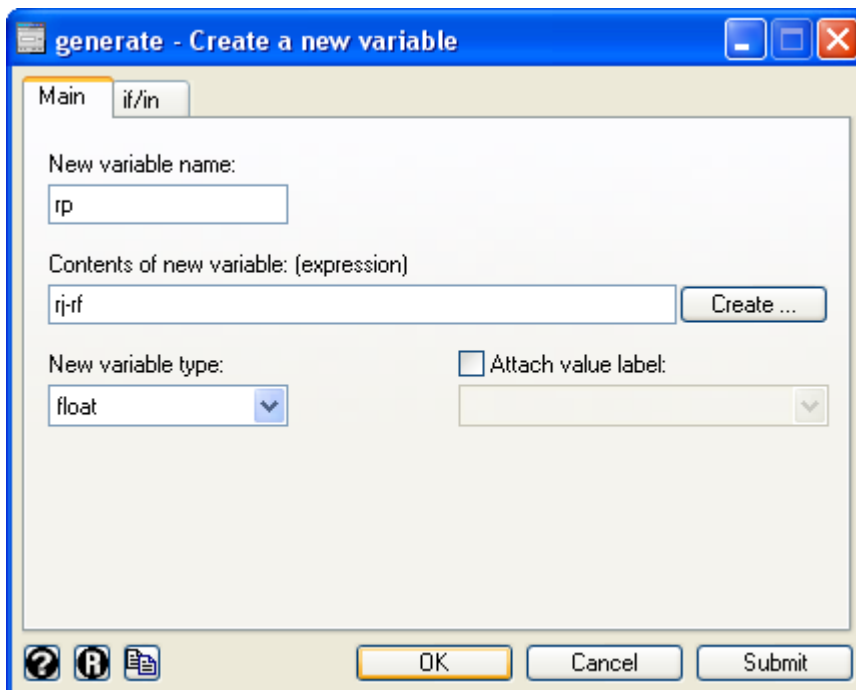
```
.
```

Create Variable

To create risk premium variable (stock return minus risk-free rate), from Menu Bar, go to Data, choose Create or change variables, select Create new variable



From generate – Create a new variable window, specify new variable name in New variable name: box, and expression of the new variable in Contents of new variable: (expression) box, then, click OK

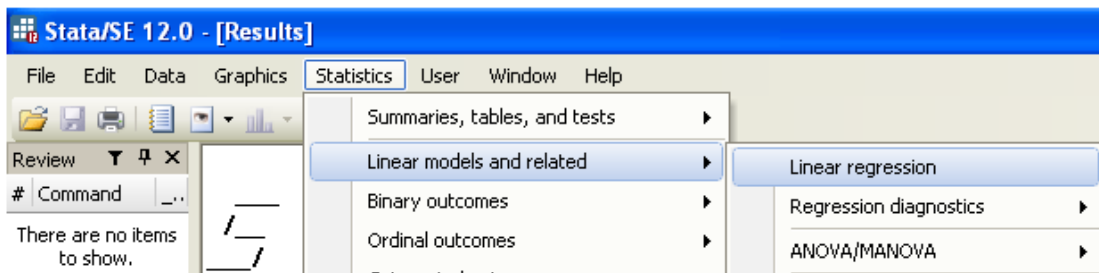


Introduction to the Regression Model

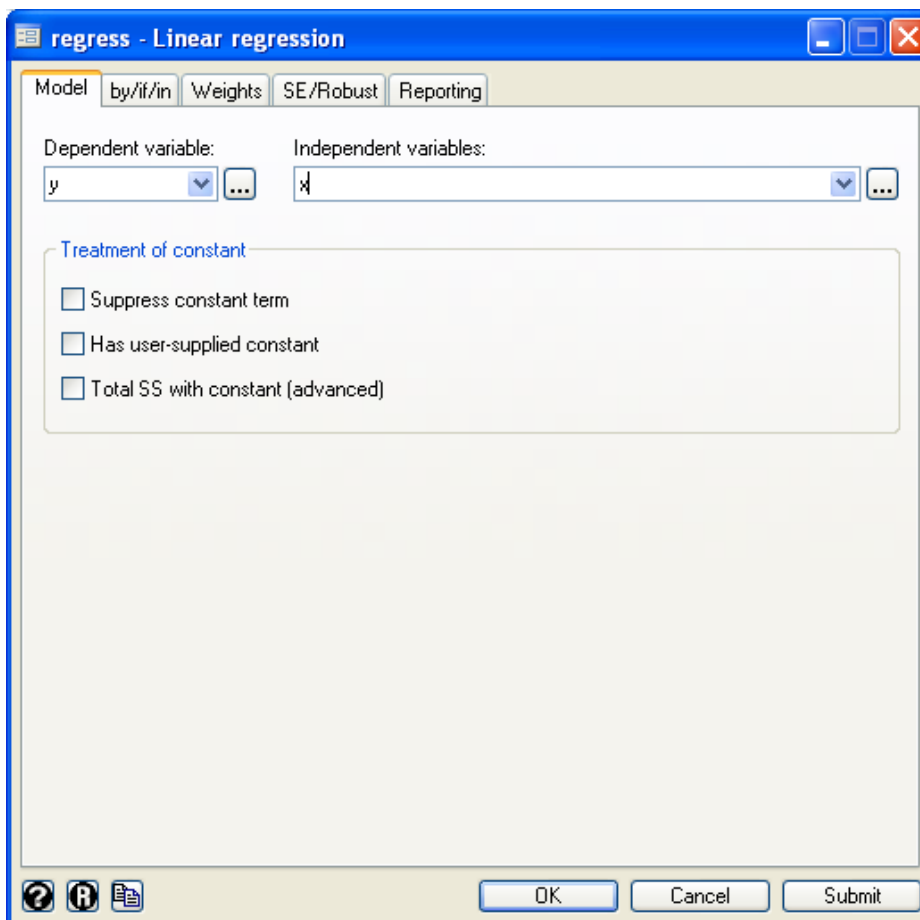
Simple Regression Model

The model:
$$Y_i = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X_i + u_i$$

In this example, we estimate the least-squares regression of Y_i on X_i . To run a regression, from menu bar go to Statistics, choose Linear models and related, select Linear regression.



From regress – Linear regression window, specify dependent and independent variables in Dependent variable: and Independent variables: boxes, then, click OK.



The results will be as follows:

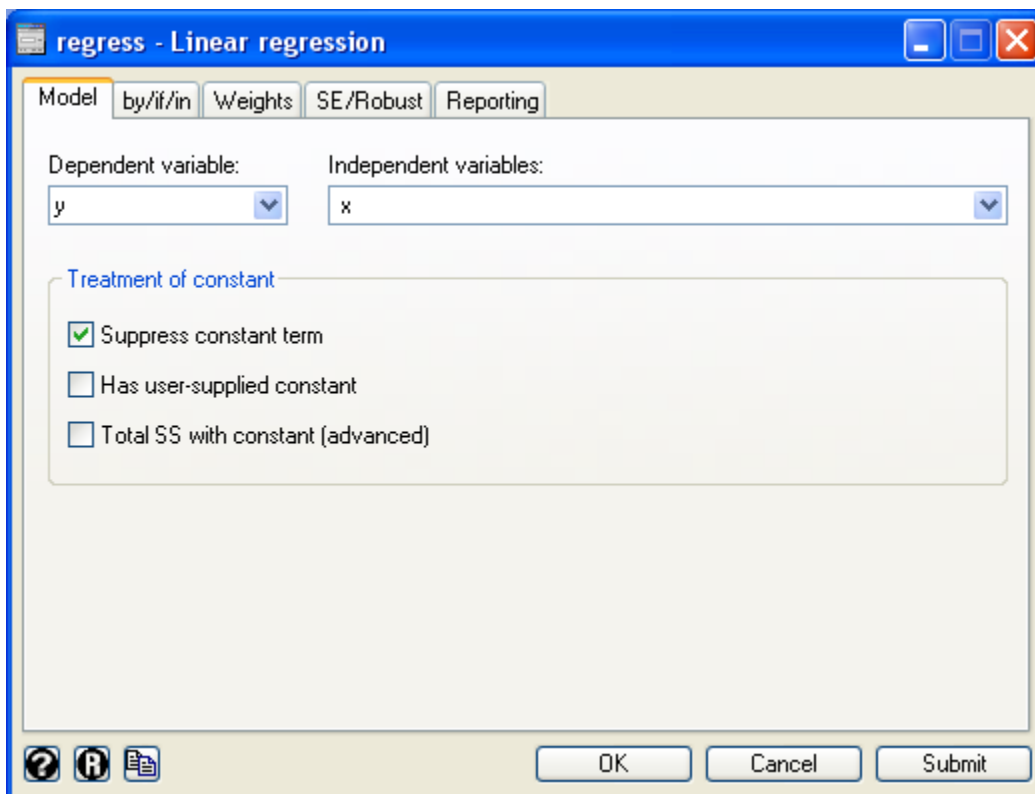
```
. regress y x
```

Source	SS	df	MS			
Model	84751.5429	1	84751.5429	Number of obs =	70	
Residual	18683.8286	68	274.762185	F(1, 68) =	308.45	
Total	103435.371	69	1499.06335	Prob > F =	0.0000	
				R-squared =	0.8194	
				Adj R-squared =	0.8167	
				Root MSE =	16.576	

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
y						
x	.6057143	.0344884	17.56	0.000	.5368938	.6745347
_cons	20.28571	6.188714	3.28	0.002	7.936327	32.6351

```
. est store withcon
```

To run the model without intercept term, check Suppress constant term box.



```
. regress y x, noconstant
```

Source	SS	df	MS			
Model	1145262.03	1	1145262.03	Number of obs =	70	
Residual	21635.967	69	313.564739	F(1, 69) =	3652.39	
Total	1166898	70	16669.9714	Prob > F =	0.0000	
				R-squared =	0.9815	
				Adj R-squared =	0.9812	
				Root MSE =	17.708	

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
y						
x	.7128128	.0117947	60.44	0.000	.689283	.7363425

```
. est store wocon
```

```
. est table withcon wocon, star(0.1 0.05 0.01) stat(N F r2)
```

variable	withcon	wocon
x	.60571429***	.71281278***
_cons	20.285714***	
N	70	70
F	308.45417	3652.3942
r2	.81936712	.98145856

Legend: * p<.1; ** p<.05; *** p<.01

Multiply or Divide constant value to the variable

Generate new variable by:

```
. g x10 = x*10
```

```
. g y10 = y*10
```

```
. reg y x
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	84751.5429	1	84751.5429	F(1, 68)	=	308.45
Residual	18683.8286	68	274.762185	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	103435.371	69	1499.06335	R-squared	=	0.8194
				Adj R-squared	=	0.8167
				Root MSE	=	16.576

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	.6057143	.0344884	17.56	0.000	.5368938	.6745347
_cons	20.28571	6.188714	3.28	0.002	7.936327	32.6351

```
. reg y x10
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	84751.5429	1	84751.5429	F(1, 68)	=	308.45
Residual	18683.8286	68	274.762185	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	103435.371	69	1499.06335	R-squared	=	0.8194
				Adj R-squared	=	0.8167
				Root MSE	=	16.576

y	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x10	.0605714	.0034488	17.56	0.000	.0536894	.0674535
_cons	20.28571	6.188714	3.28	0.002	7.936327	32.6351

```
. reg y10 x
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	8475154.29	1	8475154.29	F(1, 68)	=	308.45
Residual	1868382.86	68	27476.2185	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	10343537.1	69	149906.335	R-squared	=	0.8194
				Adj R-squared	=	0.8167
				Root MSE	=	165.76

y10	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	6.057143	.3448836	17.56	0.000	5.368938	6.745347
_cons	202.8571	61.88714	3.28	0.002	79.36327	326.351

```
. reg y10 x10
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	8475154.29	1	8475154.29	F(1, 68)	=	308.45
Residual	1868382.86	68	27476.2185	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	10343537.1	69	149906.335	R-squared	=	0.8194
				Adj R-squared	=	0.8167

```
Total | 10343537.1 69 149906.335 Root MSE = 165.76
```

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
y10						
x10	.6057143	.0344884	17.56	0.000	.5368938	.6745347
_cons	202.8571	61.88714	3.28	0.002	79.36327	326.351

```
. g lny=ln(y)
```

```
. g lnx=ln(x)
```

```
. reg lny lnx
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	6.35437211	1	6.35437211	F(1, 68) =	405.67	
Residual	1.06515616	68	.015664061	Prob > F =	0.0000	
Total	7.41952827	69	.107529395	R-squared =	0.8564	
				Adj R-squared =	0.8543	
				Root MSE =	.12516	

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lny						
lnx	.8148884	.0404589	20.14	0.000	.7341539	.8956228
_cons	.6302696	.2057428	3.06	0.003	.2197162	1.040823

```
. reg lny x
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	6.23468848	1	6.23468848	F(1, 68) =	357.82	
Residual	1.18483979	68	.017424115	Prob > F =	0.0000	
Total	7.41952827	69	.107529395	R-squared =	0.8403	
				Adj R-squared =	0.8380	
				Root MSE =	.132	

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lny						
x	.0051952	.0002746	18.92	0.000	.0046471	.0057432
_cons	3.880016	.049283	78.73	0.000	3.781673	3.978359

```
. reg y lnx
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 70		
Model	82919.4567	1	82919.4567	F(1, 68) =	274.84	
Residual	20515.9147	68	301.704629	Prob > F =	0.0000	
Total	103435.371	69	1499.06335	R-squared =	0.8017	
				Adj R-squared =	0.7987	
				Root MSE =	17.37	

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
y						
lnx	93.08721	5.615039	16.58	0.000	81.88257	104.2918
_cons	-348.86	28.55377	-12.22	0.000	-405.8382	-291.8819