

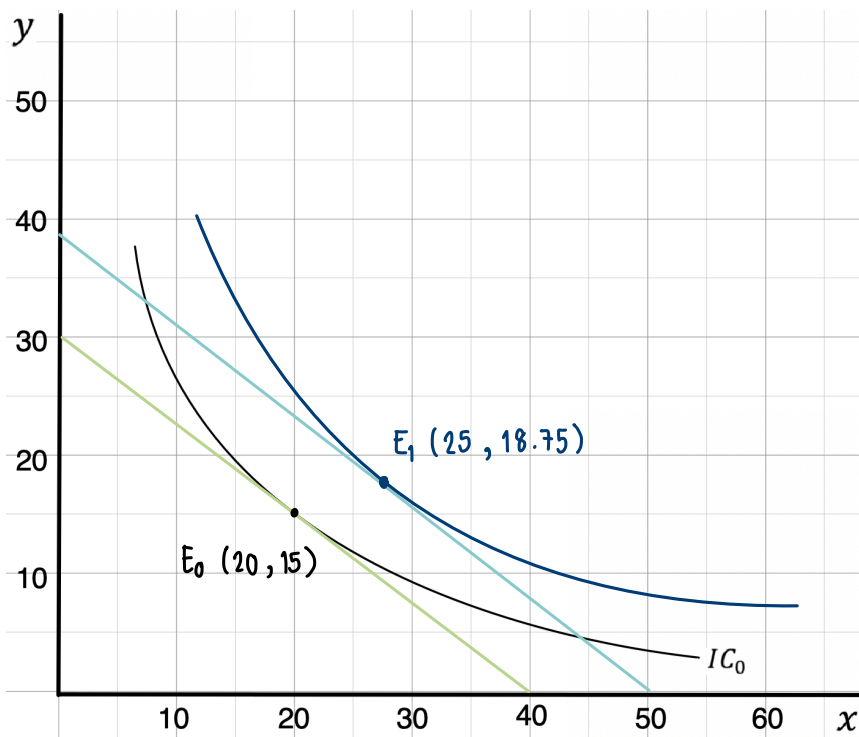
#1

12. Five consumers have the following marginal utility of apples and pears:

	Marginal Utility of Apples	Marginal Utility of Pears
Claire	6	12
Phil	6	6
Haley	6	3
Alex	3	6
Luke	3	12

The price of an apple is \$1, and the price of a pear is \$2. Which, if any, of these consumers are optimizing their choices of fruit? For those who are not, how should they change their spending?

#2 Given the price of  $x = 3$ , price of  $y = 4$ , and budget = 120.



- Draw the budget line and find the equilibrium with the given indifference curve  $IC$  in the diagram below.
- If the income increases from 120 to 150, where will be the new equilibrium so that the change in the consumption of  $x$  be such that the Income Elasticity of  $x$  is equal to 1.
- With the change of equilibrium you found in (B), what will be the Income Elasticity of  $y$ ?

1 Claire has the best marginal Utility when compared to the rest 4 consumers.

- Phil should change to spend all on apples instead.
- Haley Should change to spend all on apples too.
- Alex can spend all for both Pear and apples because the result is remain the same on any choice he made
- Luke should change to spend all for Pear instead.

2

A. Budget line :  $P_x X + P_y Y = B$

$$3x + 4y = 120$$

$$x = 0, 4y = 120$$

$$y = 30$$

$$y = 0, 3x = 120$$

$$x = 40$$

∴ So the equilibrium is at point B  $(x_0, y_0) = (20, 15)$

B. Income increase from 120 - 150

New Budget line :  $3x + 4y = 150$

$$x = 0, 4y = 150$$

$$y = 37.5$$

$$y = 0, 3x = 150$$

$$x = 50$$

$$\eta_I = \frac{\% \Delta Q_x}{\% \Delta I} = \frac{\frac{x_1 - 20}{20}}{\frac{150 - 120}{120}}$$

$$1 = \frac{x_1 - 20}{5}$$

$$5 = x_1 - 20$$

$$x_1 = 25$$

C. Income Elasticity of Y :

$$\eta_I = \frac{\% \Delta Q_y}{\% \Delta I} = \frac{\frac{18.75 - 15}{15}}{\frac{150 - 120}{120}} = \frac{0.25}{0.25} = 1$$