

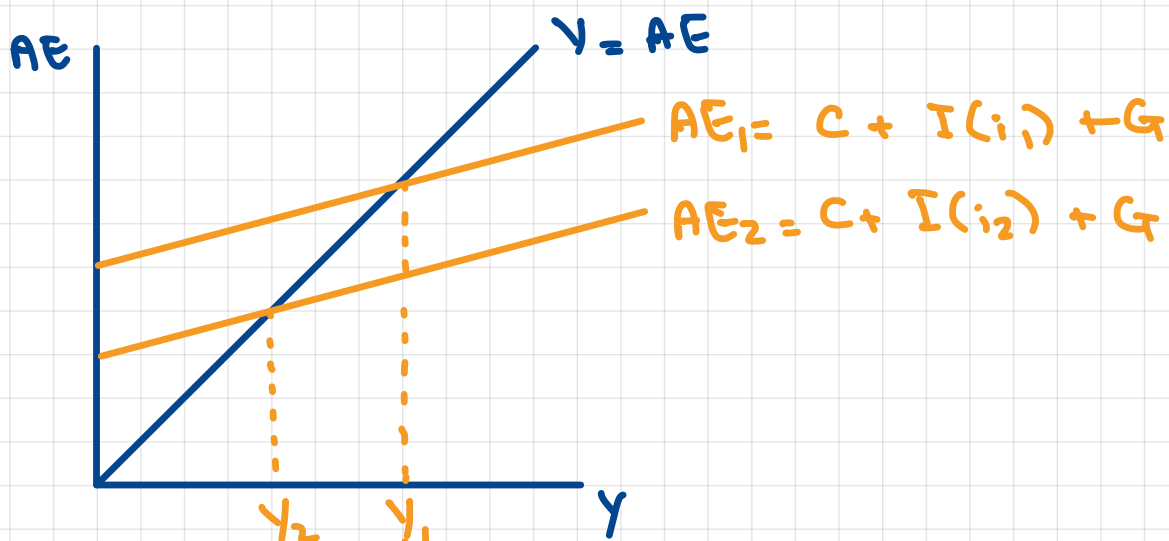
Name: Sournarabady San

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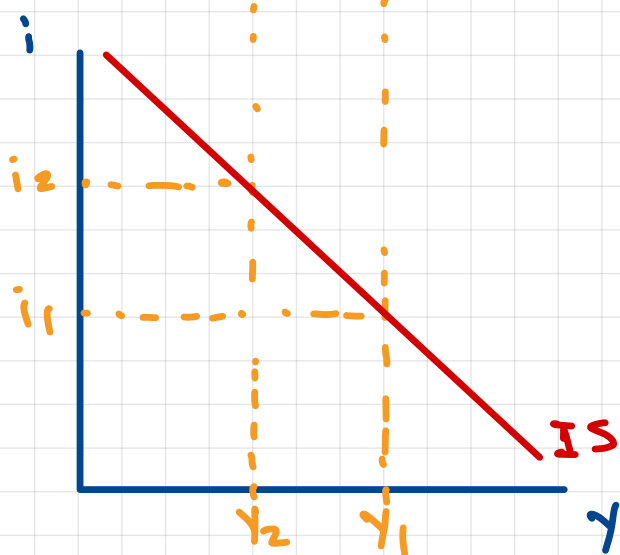
Quiz EE212

①.

Keynesian cross:



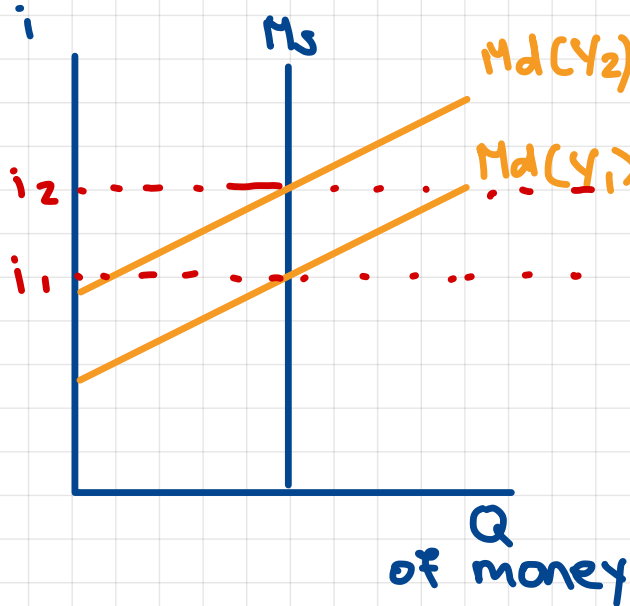
IS Curve:



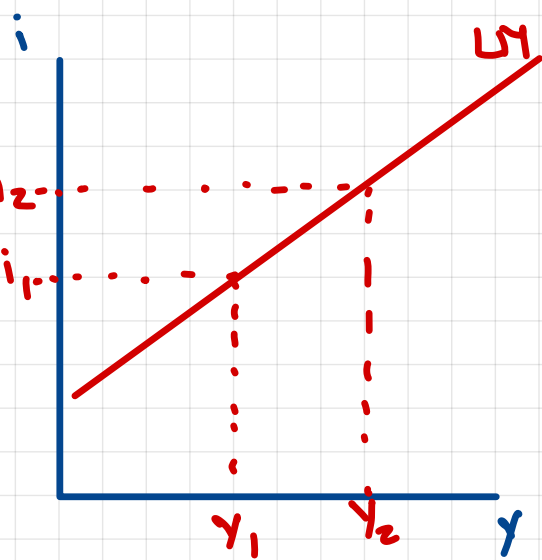
IS is made of a Locus of points representing every equilibrium in the Keynesian cross with every  $i$ .

②.

Money Market:



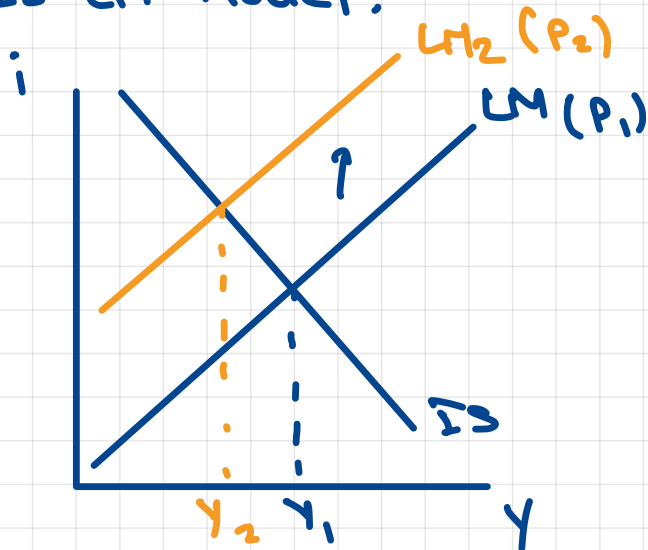
LM curve



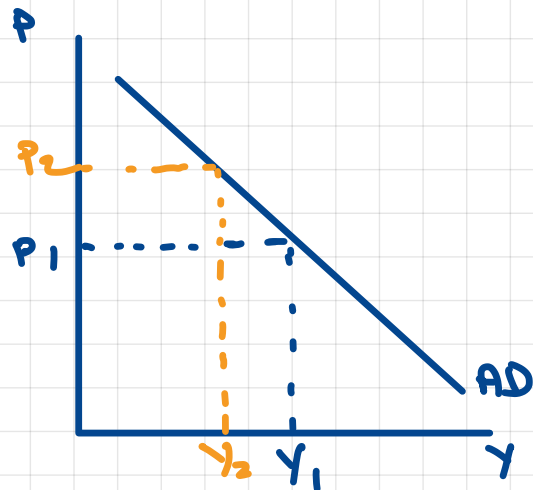
LM is a LOCUS of points where equilibrium occur in the money market ( $M_s = M_d$ ).

③.

IS-LM Model:



AD curve:



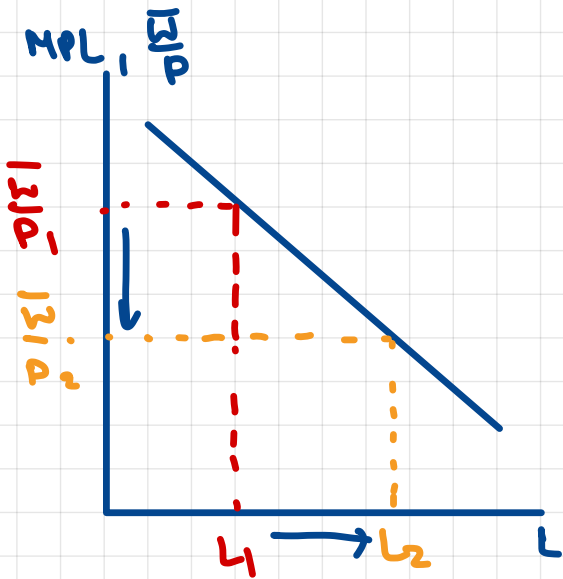
Higher price shifts LM upwards lowering  $y$ .

(  $P \uparrow \rightarrow \frac{M}{P} \downarrow$  (real money supply)  $\rightarrow i \uparrow$  )

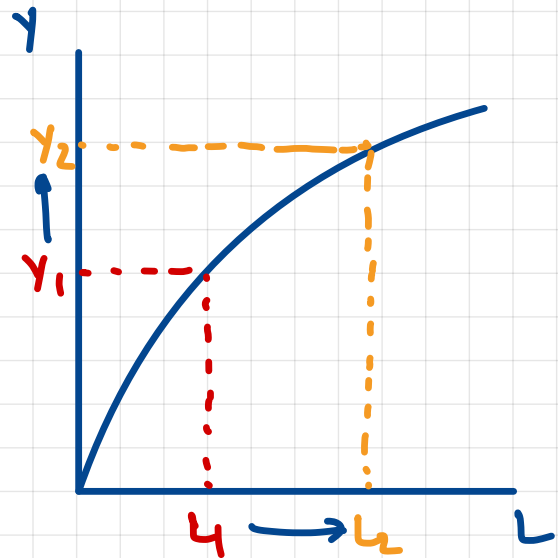
(  $i \uparrow \rightarrow I \downarrow \rightarrow AE \downarrow \rightarrow y \downarrow$  ) Thus  $P \uparrow \rightarrow y \downarrow$ ,  $P \downarrow \rightarrow y \uparrow$

④.

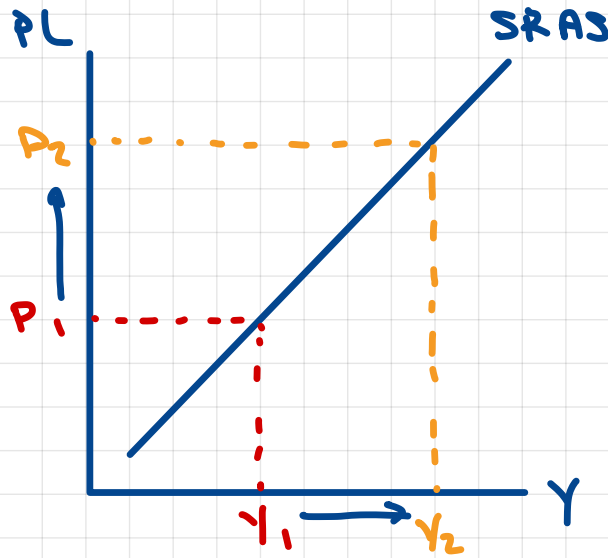
Labor demand:



Production Function:



SRAS curve



When price increases, short-run real wage decreases

→ firms hire more labor → more output.

$P \uparrow \rightarrow \frac{W}{P} \downarrow \rightarrow L \text{ demand } \uparrow \rightarrow L \uparrow \rightarrow Y \uparrow$

or  $P \downarrow \rightarrow \frac{W}{P} \uparrow \rightarrow L \text{ demand } \downarrow \rightarrow L \downarrow \rightarrow Y \downarrow$

Thus  $P \uparrow \rightarrow Y \uparrow$  ;  $P \downarrow \rightarrow Y \downarrow$