

Autoregressive Integrated Moving Average (ARIMA) Models

Example

MA(1)

$$Y_{1t} = 0.1 + u_{1t} + 0.5 u_{1t-1}$$

AR(1)

$$Y_{2t} = 0.1 + 0.5 Y_{2t-1} + u_{2t}$$

ARMA(1,1)

$$Y_{3t} = 0.1 + 0.5 Y_{3t-1} + u_{3t} + 0.5 u_{3t-1}$$

ARIMA(1,1,1)

$$\Delta Y_{4t} = 0.1 + 0.5 \Delta Y_{4t-1} + u_{4t} + 0.5 u_{4t-1}$$

```
. set obs 500
obs was 0, now 500

. gener time=_n

. tsset time
   time variable:  time, 1 to 500

. gener y1=0 in 1
(499 missing values generated)

. gener y2=0 in 1
(499 missing values generated)

. gener y3=0 in 1
(499 missing values generated)

. gener y4=0 in 1
(499 missing values generated)

. gener dy4 = 0 in 1
(499 missing values generated)

. gener u1= rnormal(0,1)

. gener u2= rnormal(0,1)

. gener u3= rnormal(0,1)

. gener u4= rnormal(0,1)

. replace y1=0.1+u1+0.5*1.u1 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

. replace y2=0.1+0.5*1.y2+u2 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

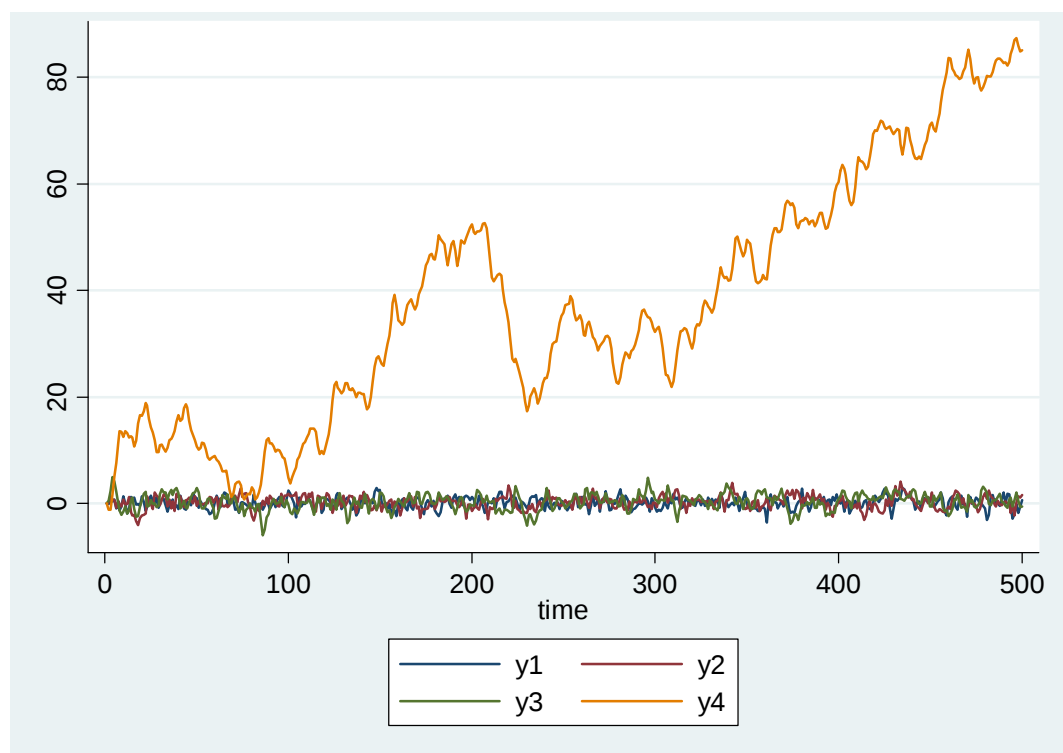
. replace y3=0.1+0.5*1.y3+u3+0.5*1.u3 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

. replace y4=0.1+1.y4+u4+0.5*1.u4 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

. replace dy4=d.y4 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

. replace y4=0.1+1.y4+0.5*1.dy4+u4+0.5*1.u4 if time>1
(499 real changes made)

. line y1 y2 y3 y4 time
```



Example: Finding ARIMA process of Price Index (CMI) — Box-Jenkins Methodology

Identification and Estimation: The first step is to identify the order of ARIMA(p,d,q).

To find the value of p, d, and q, we should firstly identify value of d by performing unit root test to find which order the series is integrated.

Unit Root Test

Find integrated order of the series using unit root test.

```
. tsset time
      time variable:  time, 1997m1 to 2005m6
```

```
. dfuller cmi
```

```
Dickey-Fuller test for unit root                      Number of obs   =       101
```

	Test Statistic	1% Critical Value	5% Critical Value	10% Critical Value
Z(t)	-1.391	-3.510	-2.890	-2.580

MacKinnon approximate p-value for Z(t) = 0.5868

```
. dfuller d.cmi
```

```
Dickey-Fuller test for unit root                      Number of obs   =       100
```

	Test Statistic	1% Critical Value	5% Critical Value	10% Critical Value
Z(t)	-5.967	-3.510	-2.890	-2.580

MacKinnon approximate p-value for Z(t) = 0.0000

```
. arima cmi, arima(1,1,1) nolog
```

ARIMA regression

Sample: 1997m2 to 2005m6

Number of obs = 101

Wald chi2(2) = 43.07

Log likelihood = -169.6031

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

	D.cmi	Coef.	OPG Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
cmi	_cons	.3614335	.2202549	1.64	0.101	-.0702582	.7931251
ARMA	ar						
	L1.	.1668652	.2874552	0.58	0.562	-.3965367	.7302672
	ma						
	L1.	.3087396	.238521	1.29	0.196	-.158753	.7762322
	/sigma	1.295842	.0659596	19.65	0.000	1.166564	1.425121

```
. estat ic
```

Model	Obs	ll(null)	ll(model)	df	AIC	BIC
.	101	.	-169.6031	4	347.2061	357.6666

```
. do "E:\TU\MIF\MF651\Manual\Documents\STATA\2009\ARIMA.do"
```

```
. *Define Variable y
```

```
. g y = set
```

(1 missing value generated)

```
. *Specify order p d q
```

```
. forvalue d = 1(1)1 {
```

```
2. forvalue p = 1(1)2 {
```

```
3. forvalue q = 1(1)2 {
```

```
4. display "estimate arima`p'`d'`q'"
```

```
5. capture: quietly arima y, arima(`p',`d',`q') nolog
```

```
6. if _rc==0 {
```

```
7. display "flatlog when i =" `i'
```

```
8. continue
```

```
9. }
```

```
10. estimates store arima`p'`d'`q'
```

```
11. display "arima`p'`d'`q' already estimated"
```

```
12. }
```

```
13. }
```

```
14. estimates table arima1`d'1 arima1`d'2, star(0.1 0.05 0.01) stat(aic bic ll)
```

```
15. estimates table arima2`d'1 arima2`d'2, star(0.1 0.05 0.01) stat(aic bic ll)
```

```
16. }
```

```
estimate arima111
```

arima111 already estimated

```
estimate arima112
```

arima112 already estimated

```
estimate arima211
```

arima211 already estimated

```
estimate arima212
```

arima212 already estimated

	Variable	arima111	arima112
y	_cons	-.05254828	-.04186597
ARMA	L.ar	-.91746548***	-.44764234
	L.ma	.89391226**	.45501476
	L2.ma		.0894573

```

-----+-----
sigma      |
  _cons    | 12.970114***   12.94033***
-----+-----
Statistics |
  aic      | 947.67414      949.13046
  bic      | 958.75688      962.98388
  ll       | -469.83707     -469.56523
-----+-----
          legend: * p<.1; ** p<.05; *** p<.01

```

```

-----+-----
Variable   | arima211      arima212
-----+-----
y          |
  _cons    | -.0417522     .02663207
-----+-----
ARMA       |
  L.ar     | -.45694176    .08426726
  L2.ar    | .07334288     .57125955
  L.ma     | .45785522     -.09578595
  L2.ma    |               -.50183303
-----+-----
sigma      |
  _cons    | 12.946917***   12.947449***
-----+-----
Statistics |
  aic      | 949.24708      951.25664
  bic      | 963.10051      967.88075
  ll       | -469.62354     -469.62832
-----+-----
          legend: * p<.1; ** p<.05; *** p<.01

```

```

. drop y
.
.
end of do-file

```

Forecast

Command: predict, xb

```
. arima set, arima(1,1,1) nolog
```

ARIMA regression

```

Sample: 24apr2003 - 19aug2003      Number of obs      =      118
                                   Wald chi2(2)           =      10.97
Log likelihood = -469.8371          Prob > chi2         =      0.0042

```

```

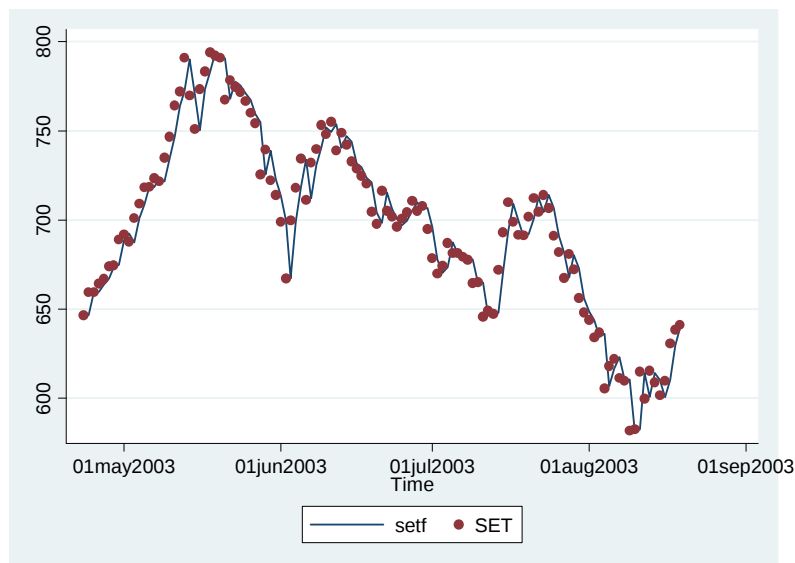
-----+-----
D.set      |          Coef.      OPG      Std. Err.      z      P>|z|      [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----
set        |
  _cons    | -.0525483      1.212681      -0.04      0.965      -2.429359      2.324263
-----+-----
ARMA       |
  ar       |
  L1.      | -.9174655      .3483242      -2.63      0.008      -1.600168      -.2347626
  ma       |
  L1.      | .8939123      .3766723      2.37      0.018      .1556482      1.632176
-----+-----
/sigma     | 12.97011      .8838035      14.68      0.000      11.23789      14.70234
-----+-----

```

```

. predict dsetf, xb
. g setf=l.set+dsetf
(2 missing values generated)
. twoway (line setf time, sort) (scatter set time, sort)

```

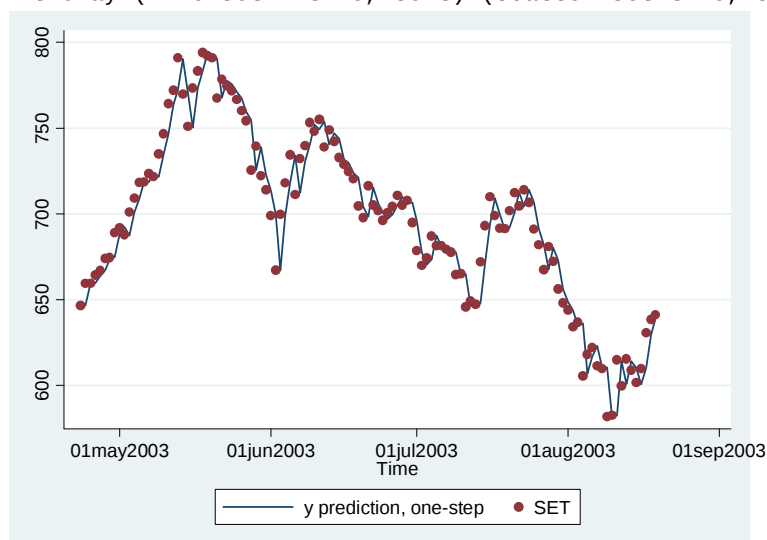


Command: predict, y

Static Forecast (One step ahead forecast)

```
. predict setff, y
(2 missing values generated)

. twoway (line setff time, sort) (scatter set time, sort)
```



Forecasting Error

```
. g e1=setf-set
(2 missing values generated)
```

SARIMA

```
. arima set, arima(1,1,1) sarima(1,1,1,5) nolog
```

ARIMA regression

Sample: 29apr2003 - 19aug2003

Log likelihood = -455.9555

Number of obs = 113
Wald chi2(4) = 42.63
Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

DS5.set	Coef.	OPG Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
---------	-------	------------------	---	------	----------------------

set							
	_cons	-.2077929	.2532667	-0.82	0.412	-.7041866	.2886007
ARMA							
	ar						
	L1.	-.9189895	.1894008	-4.85	0.000	-1.290208	-.5477708
	ma						
	L1.	.8645402	.2277527	3.80	0.000	.418153	1.310927
ARMA5							
	ar						
	L1.	.2141882	.1462771	1.46	0.143	-.0725097	.500886
	ma						
	L1.	-1.000018	734.7429	-0.00	0.999	-1441.07	1439.07
	/sigma	12.86195	4725.669	0.00	0.998	-9249.279	9275.003

ARMAX

```
. arima set ibr, arima(1,1,1) nolog
```

ARIMA regression

Sample: 24apr2003 - 19aug2003	Number of obs	=	118
	Wald chi2(3)	=	10.70
Log likelihood = -469.7221	Prob > chi2	=	0.0134

		OPG					
D.set		Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
set	ibr						
	D1.	-20.27917	41.04736	-0.49	0.621	-100.7305	60.17217
	_cons	-.0544715	1.210328	-0.05	0.964	-2.426671	2.317728
ARMA	ar						
	L1.	-.9136402	.3653158	-2.50	0.012	-1.629646	-.1976343
	ma L1.	.8893427	.3968214	2.24	0.025	.111587	1.667098
/sigma		12.95795	.8950096	14.48	0.000	11.20377	14.71214