

HW#5 Due February 25, 2021

Mankiw Page 107

3. Suppose the price elasticity of demand for heating oil is 0.2 in the short run and 0.7 in the long run.
- If the price of heating oil rises from \$1.80 to \$2.20 per gallon, what happens to the quantity of heating oil demanded in the short run? In the long run? (Use the midpoint method in your calculations.)
 - Why might this elasticity depend on the time horizon?

7. Suppose that your demand schedule for pizza is as follows:

Price	Quantity Demanded (income = \$20,000)	Quantity Demanded (income = \$24,000)
\$8	40 pizzas	50 pizzas
10	32	45
12	24	30
14	16	20
16	8	12

- Use the midpoint method to calculate your price elasticity of demand as the price of pizza increases from \$8 to \$10 if (i) your income is \$20,000 and (ii) your income is \$24,000.
- Calculate your income elasticity of demand as your income increases from \$20,000 to \$24,000 if (i) the price is \$12 and (ii) the price is \$16.

③ in short run

in long run

$$\eta_D = \frac{\% \Delta Q}{\% \Delta P}$$

$$0.7 = \% \Delta Q \cdot \frac{2.2 + 1.8}{2.2 - 1.8}$$

$$\eta_D = \frac{Q_1 - Q_2}{\frac{Q_1 + Q_2}{2}} \cdot \frac{\frac{P_1 + P_2}{2}}{P_1 - P_2}$$

$$0.14 = \% \Delta Q$$

$$\eta_D = \% \Delta Q_D \cdot \frac{\frac{P_1 + P_2}{2}}{P_1 - P_2}$$

$$0.2 = \% \Delta Q_D \cdot \frac{2.2 + 1.8}{2.2 - 1.8}$$

$$0.2 = \% \Delta Q \cdot 5$$

$$0.04 = \% \Delta Q$$

∴ In short run
due to price elasticity
of demand → the
quantity of heating
oil demanded decreases
by 4%.

∴ In long run due to price elasticity
of demand the quantity of heating oil
demanded decreases by 14%.

b.) because elasticity depends on the
other substitutes.

⑦

a.) if price of pizza increases from \$8 to \$10
income

(i) income
= 20,000

$$\frac{\Delta \text{ in quantities}}{\Delta \text{ in price}} = \frac{8/36}{2/9} = \frac{40+32}{2} = 8$$

$$= 1$$

Price	Quantity Demanded (income = \$20,000)	Quantity Demanded (income = \$24,000)
\$8	40 pizzas	50 pizzas
10	32	45
12	24	30
14	16	20
16	8	12

(ii) income = 24000

$$\frac{\Delta \text{ in quantities}}{\Delta \text{ in price}} = \frac{5/47.5}{2/9} = 0.473$$

b.) income change from \$20,000 to \$24,000

(i) price is \$12

$$\frac{24000 - 20000}{24000 + 20000} = \frac{4}{22} = 1.22$$

(ii) price is \$16

$$\frac{12-8}{12+8} = \frac{4}{20} = 2.22$$

Pariya Foongladda 6304640946