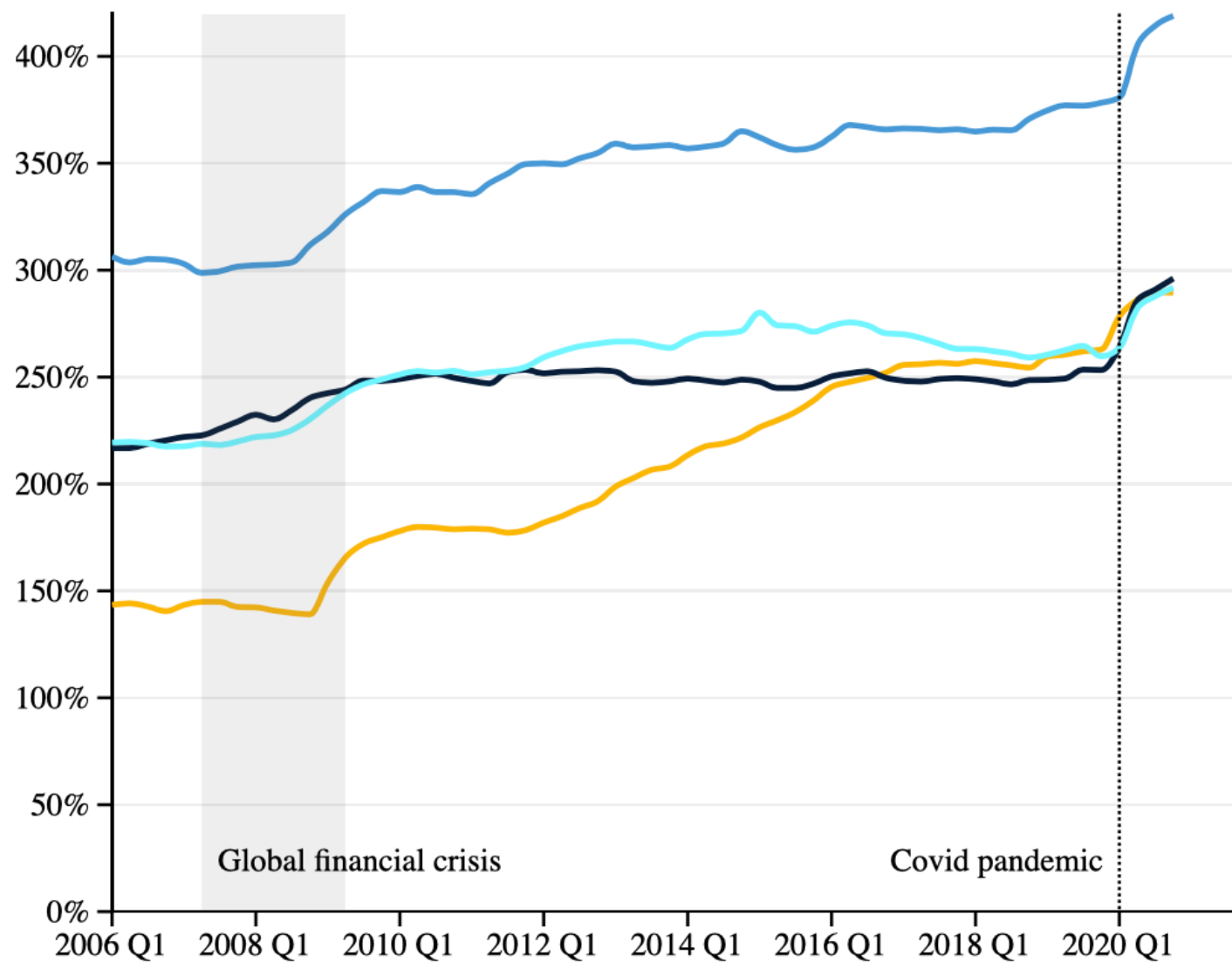


Credit Expansion

Total debt-to-GDP ratios in major economies

China Japan U.S. Euro area



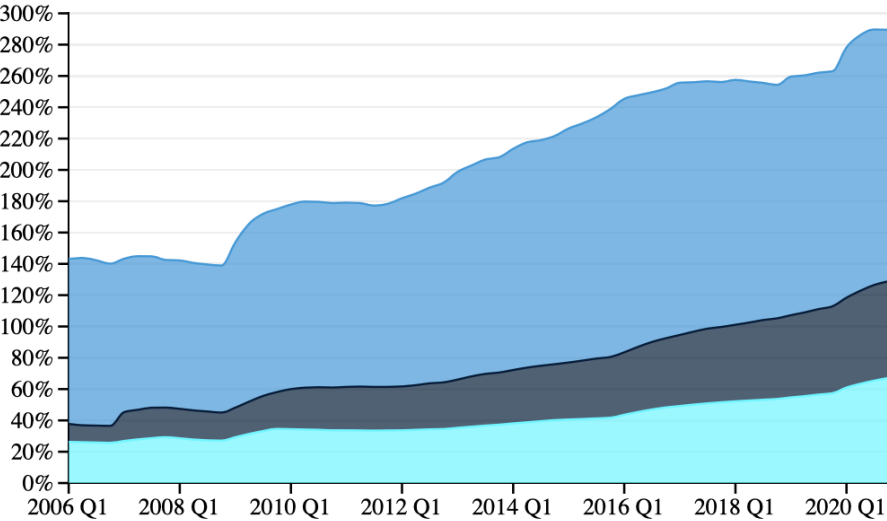
Source: Bank of International Settlements



China's domestic debt

Debt-to-GDP ratios of the three main components

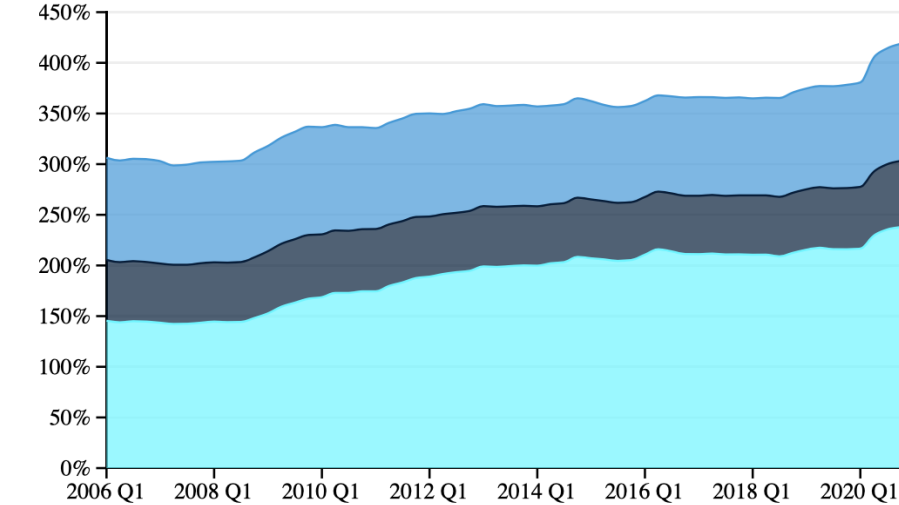
General government Households* Non-financial corporations



Domestic debt in Japan

Debt-to-GDP ratios of the three main components

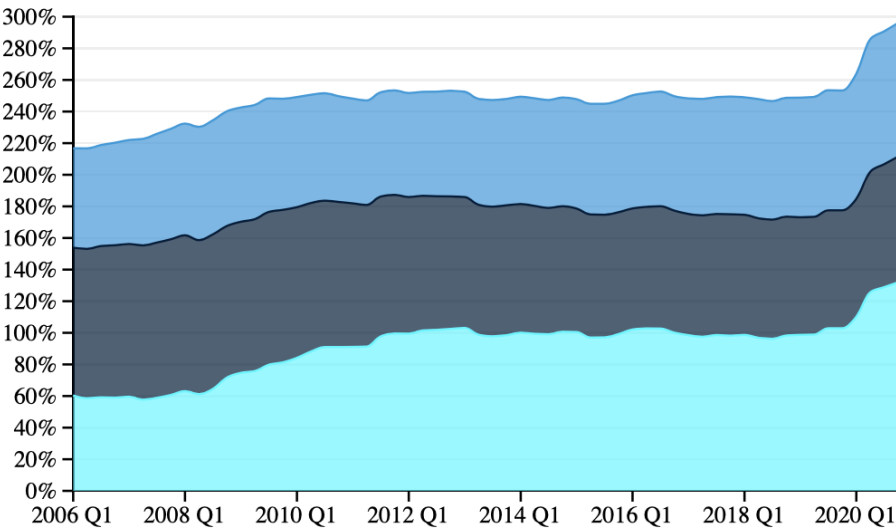
General government Households* Non-financial corporations



U.S. domestic debt breakdown

Debt-to-GDP ratios of the three main components

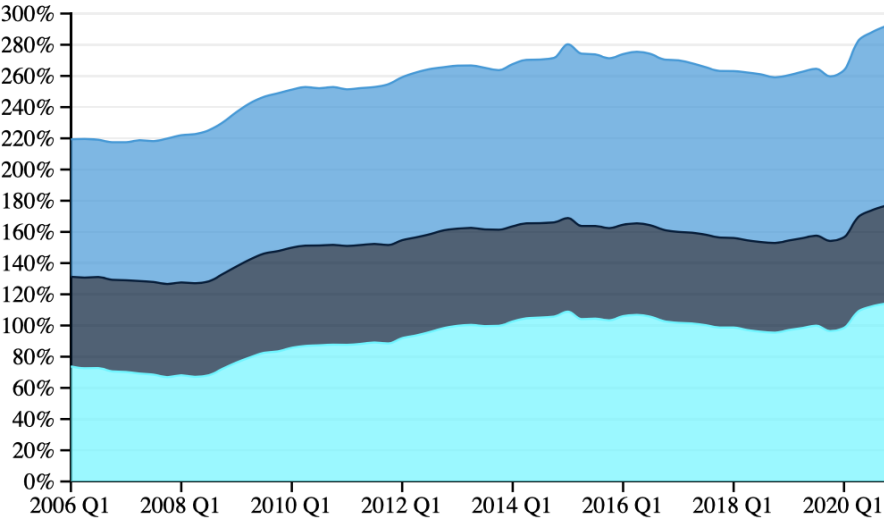
General government Households* Non-financial corporations



Breakdown of debt in the Euro area

Debt-to-GDP ratios of the three main components

General government Households* Non-financial corporations



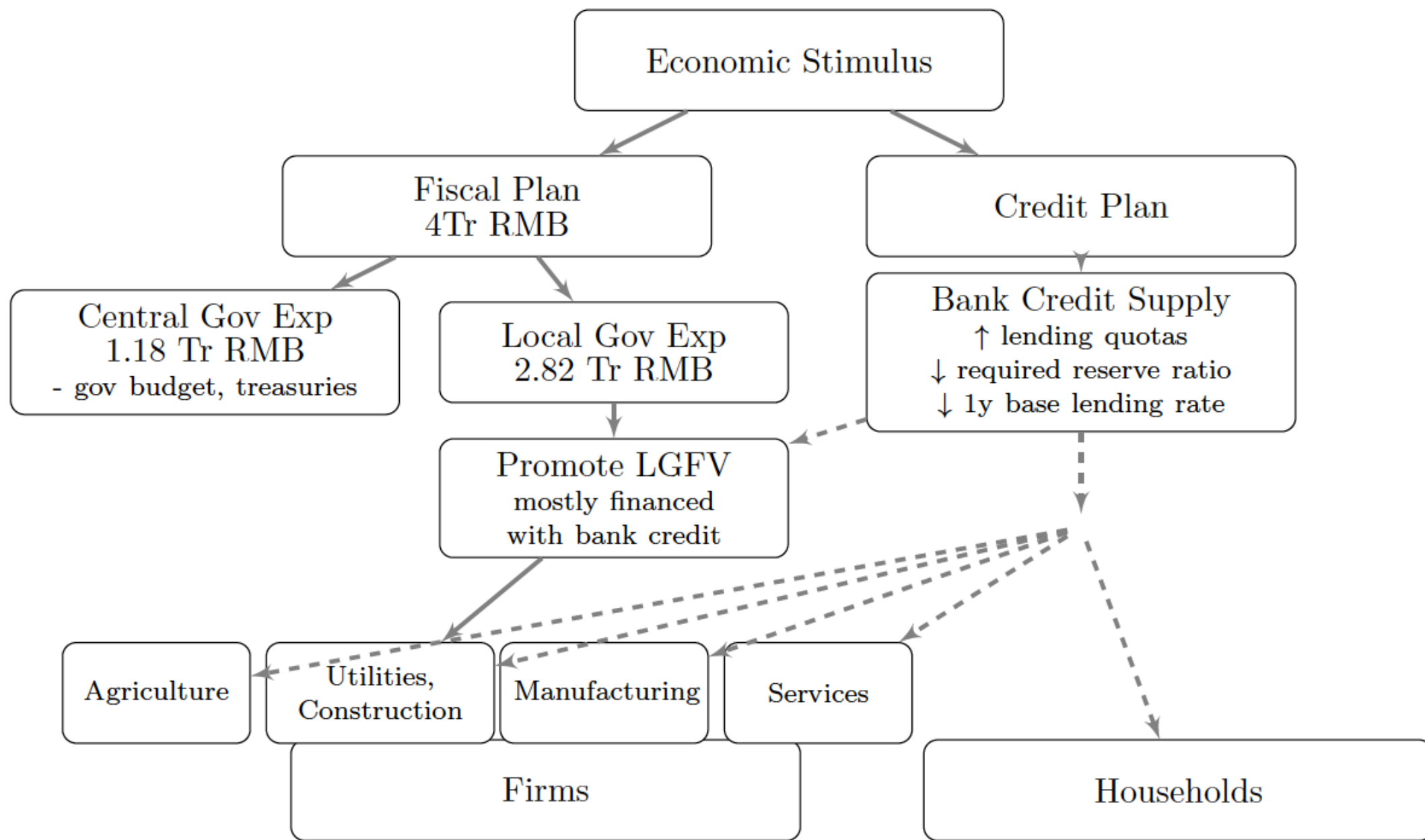
Source: Bank of International Settlements • * Data include non-profit institutions serving households



Source: Bank of International Settlements • * Data include non-profit institutions serving households



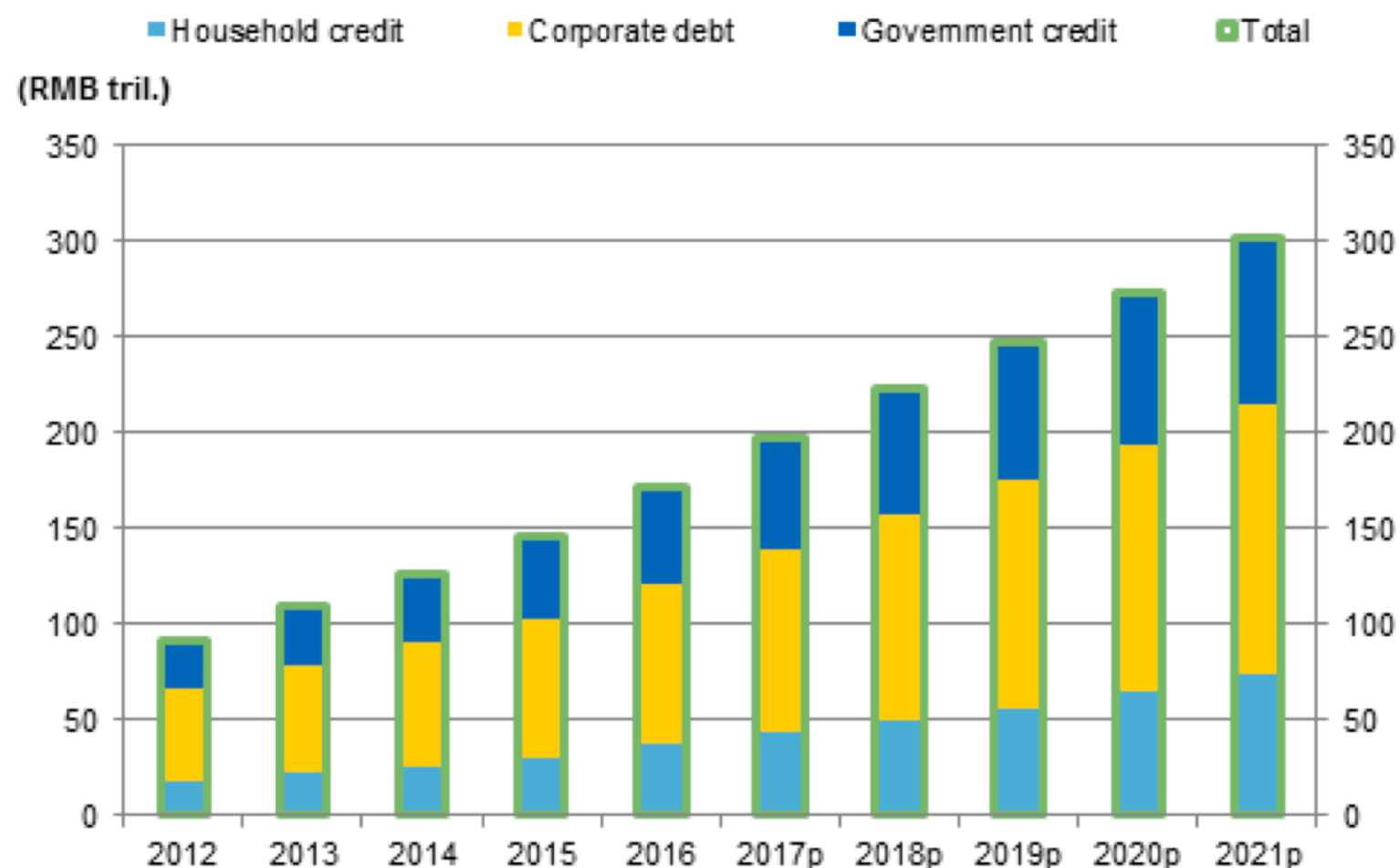
Figure 2: Structure of China Economic Stimulus Plan



Credit, loan, and money

- the unprecedented growth of the Chinese economy was matched by an equally unprecedented credit expansion
- although credit, loans, and money are quite distinct concepts, in practice, they move together very closely in China
- In China, domestic credit is mainly supplied by financial institutions through loans (assets of financial institutions), while most financial institutions strongly rely on deposits (liabilities) to support their lending
- Money refers to holdings of cash and deposits
- Credit expansion in China historically has been accompanied by an expansion of broad money

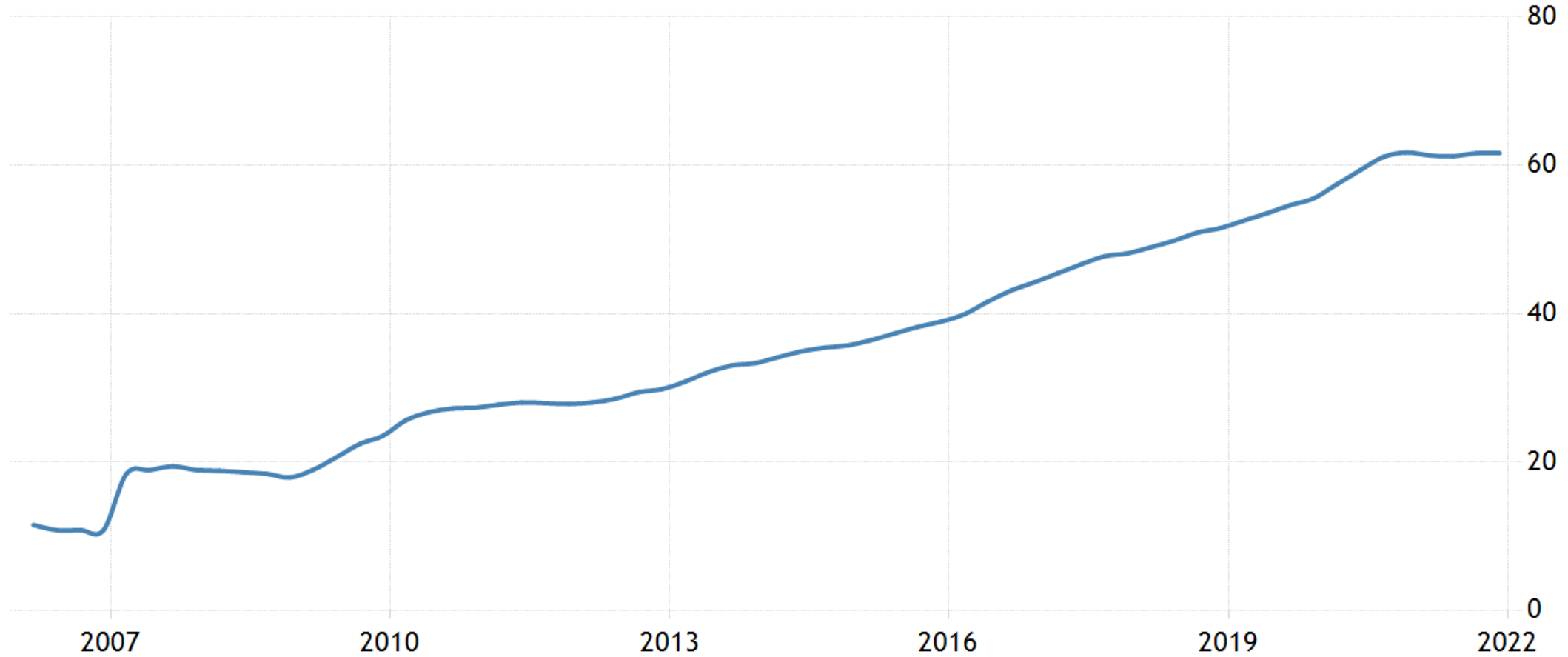
China Total Credit, Base Case



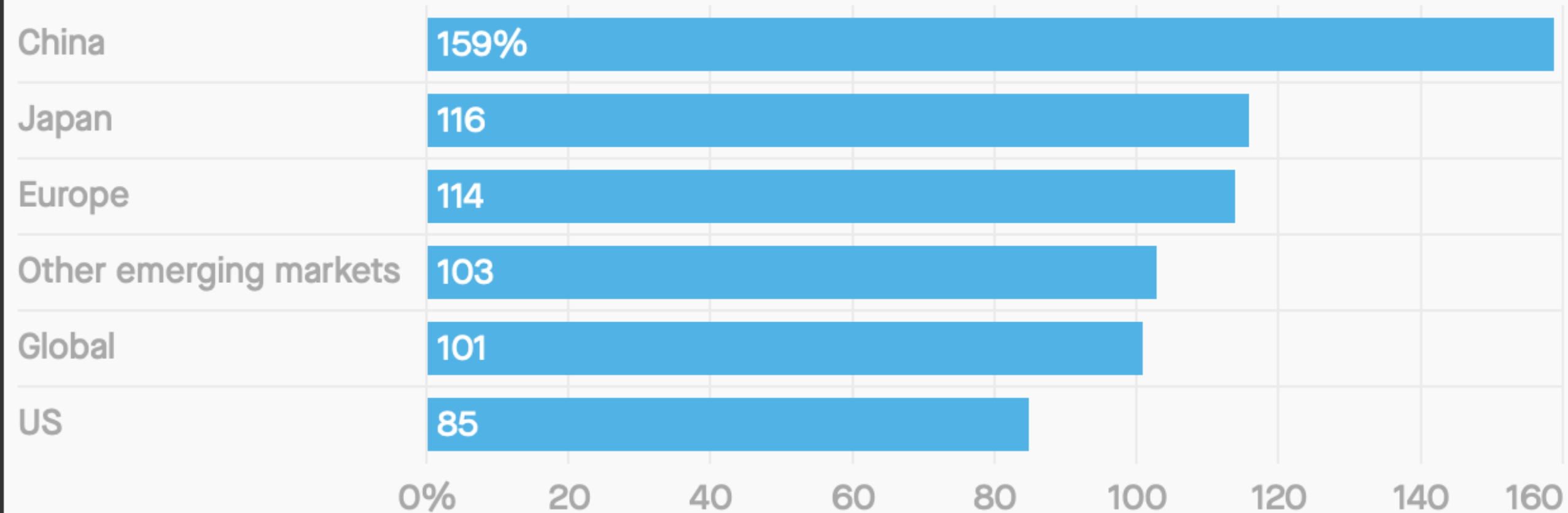
p--Projection. Source: S&P Global Ratings.

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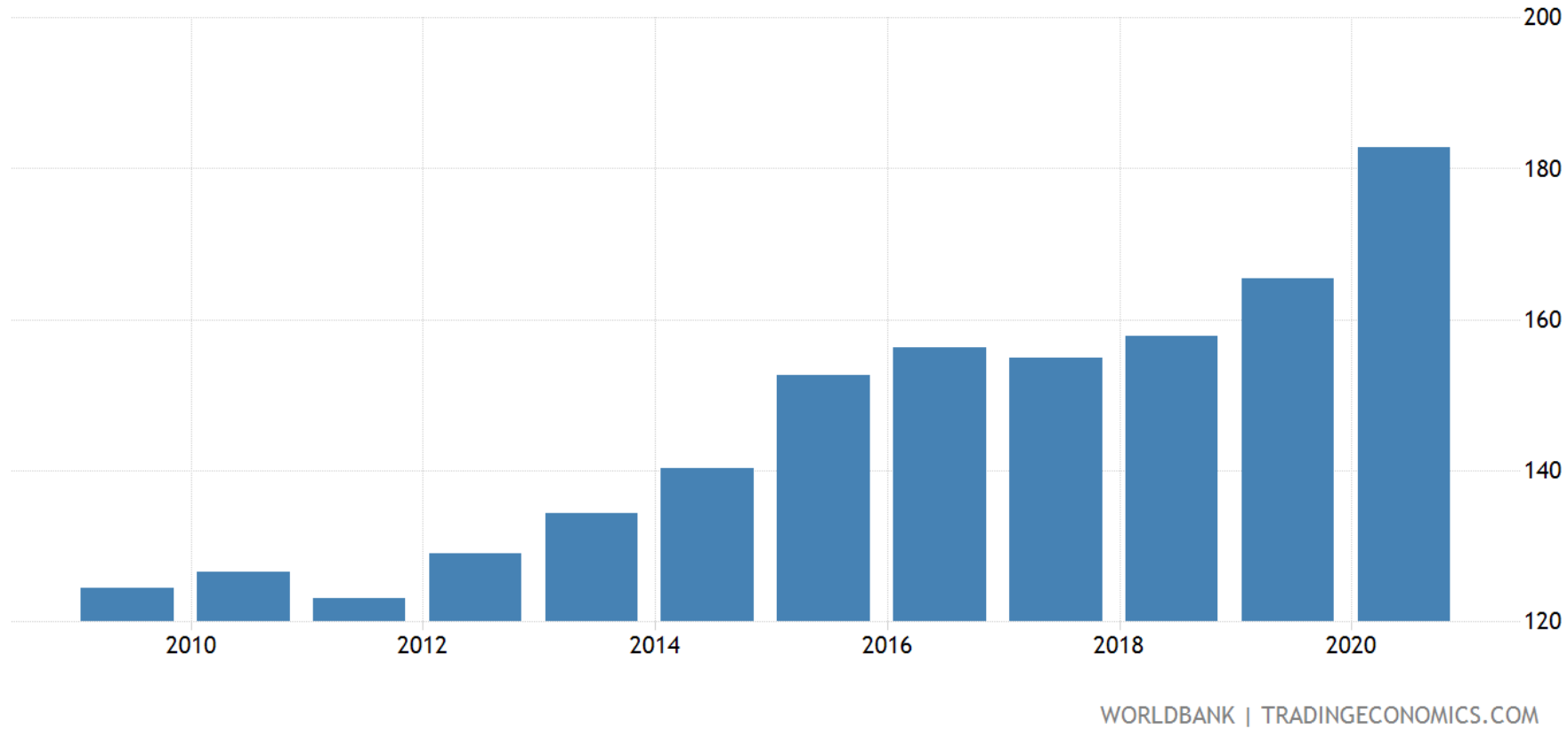
China Households Debt To GDP



Non-financial corporate debt-to-GDP ratio

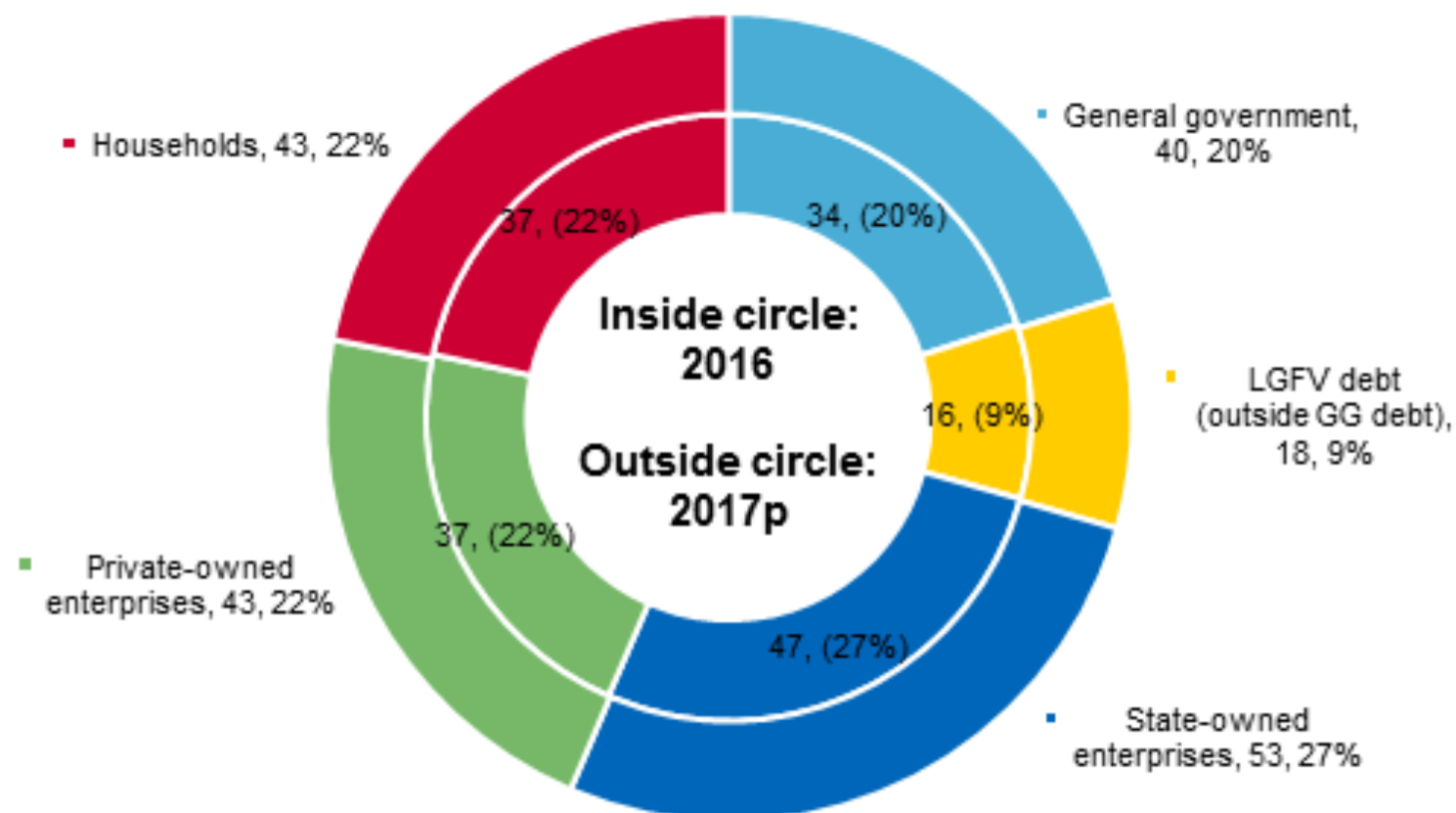


China - Domestic Credit To Private Sector (% Of GDP)



Domestic credit to private sector refers to financial resources provided to the private sector by financial corporations, such as through loans, purchases of nonequity securities, and trade credits and other accounts receivable, that establish a claim for repayment.

China Nonfinancial Credit Mix

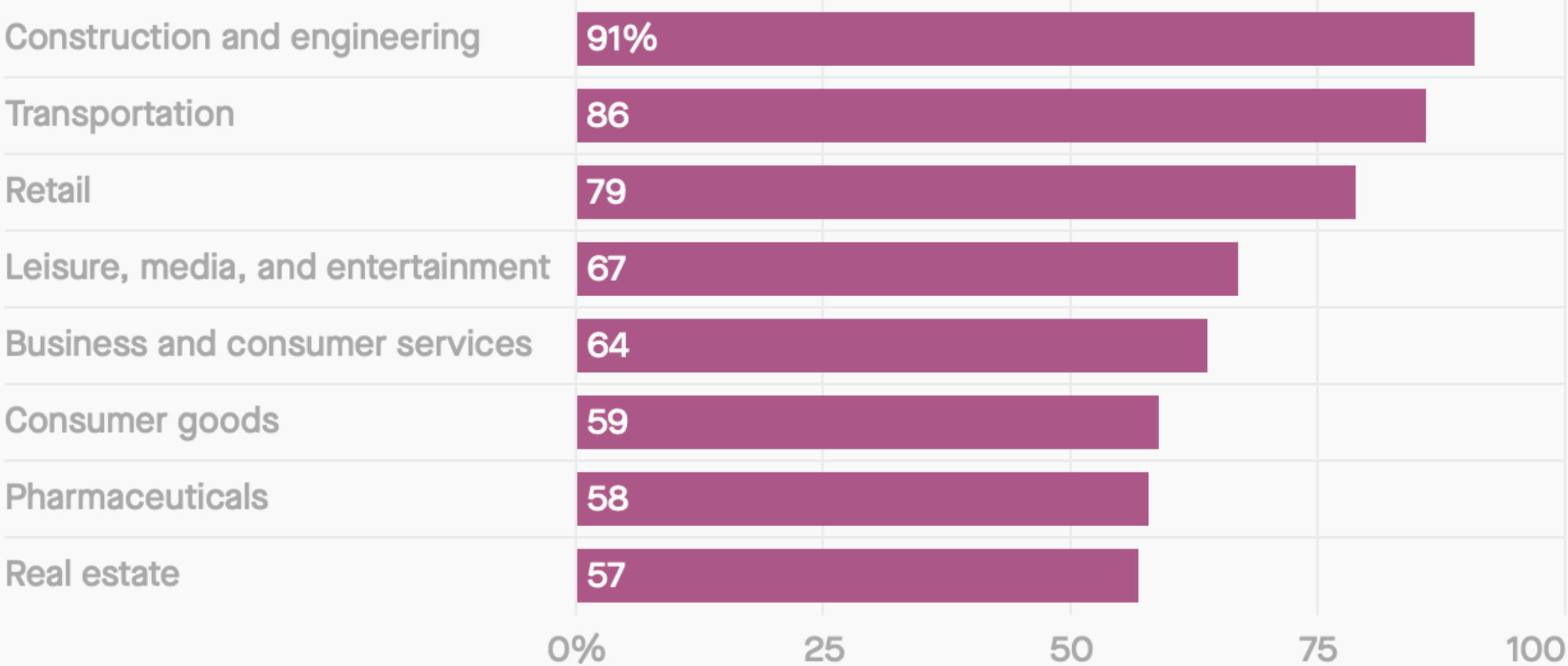


First data label number (RMB) refers to renminbi trillion; second, percentage of total debt. GG—General government. LGFE—Local government financing entities. P—Projection. Split between state-owned and private-owned enterprises is based on International Monetary Fund's 2016 estimates in its Country Report No. 17/248 and No. 17/247, People's Republic of China, August 2017. Source: S&P Global Ratings.

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China's most indebted corporate sectors

Percentage of firms with a high level of indebtedness



Quartz | qz.com | Data: S&P Global Ratings | Note: Based on a sample of 5,773 China-based global corporates. High indebtedness is defined as a firm's free cash flow being less than 12% of its total debt.