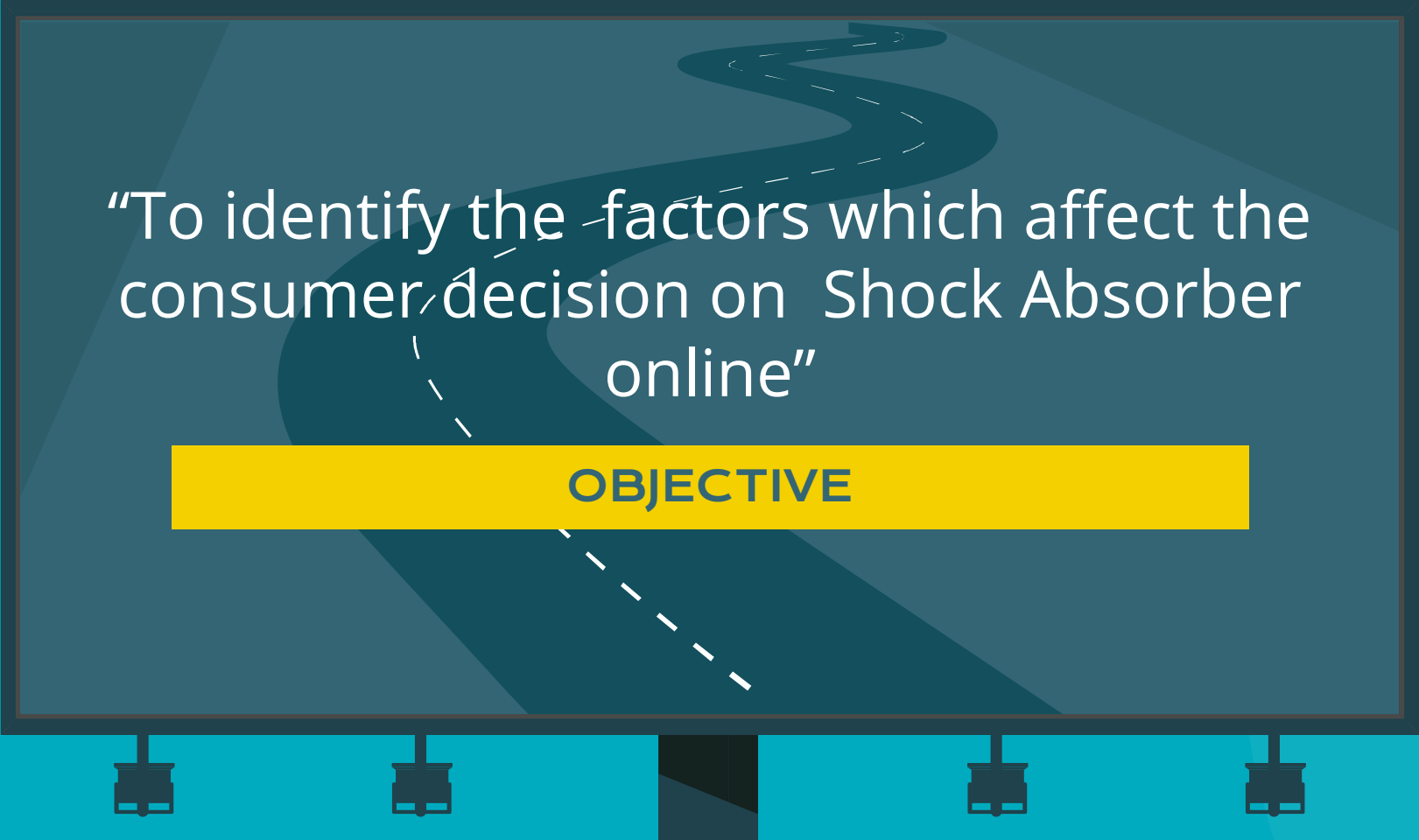


Purchasing factor of Shock absorber online

Nattanicha Eiamwattanasin
6004641442



A stylized illustration of a billboard with a dark blue background featuring a winding road with dashed white lines. The billboard is supported by four black legs. The text is centered on the billboard.

“To identify the factors which affect the
consumer decision on Shock Absorber
online”

OBJECTIVE

Research Question

01

What personality of customer are buying online?

02

What are the factors that influenced customer purchasing behavior in Shock Absorber on online Platform?

03

What is the strength and weakness of online platform?

Literature Review

CLASSIFICATION OF THE FACTORS INFLUENCING ONLINE BUYING (DR. K.M. Sarah Uddin)

- Online platform helps the marketers to build relationships with customers (Point, 2016).
- The technological factor is most important factor that helps the consumers to find their desire products (Khan, 2016).

DECISION MAKING INFLUENCING FACTOR IN PURCHASING AUTO PARTS OF CONSUMER IN SRIRACHA DISTRICT(DR. RUJAPA PANG)

- Demographic Segmentation (Panisa, 2548)
- Culture Variable (Terdsuk, 2552)
- Marketing mix factor (Siriwan, 2552)

Literature Review

Factors influencing the consumer purchase decision within e-commerce in emerging markets.(Gustav Hallberg & Sebastian Krysen)

- Web site design having an positive impact on customers purchase decision (Martin, 2012)

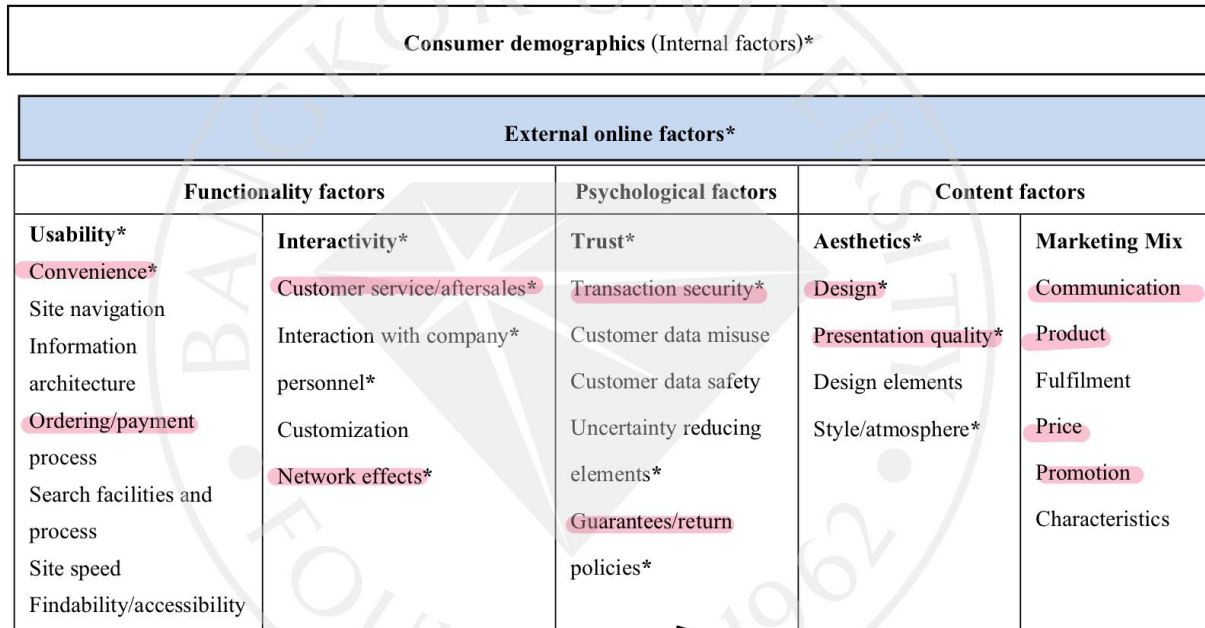
AN IMPACT OF CUSTOMER BUYING IN DECISION MAKING PROCESS IN PURCHASE OF ELECTRONIC IN CHENNAI (Elixir International journal)

Factor Impact on Behavior_{c,t} =

$$\alpha_0 + \beta_1 \text{Cultural}_{c,t} + \beta_2 \text{Social}_{c,t} + \beta_3 \text{Personal}_{c,t} + \beta_4 \text{Psychological}_{c,t} + \beta_5 \text{Product}_{c,t} + \beta_6 \text{Price}_{c,t} + \beta_7 \text{Promotion}_{c,t} + \beta_8 \text{Place}_{c,t} + \varepsilon_{c,t}$$

Theoretical Framework for online purchasing decision

Figure 4: Theoretical framework for online purchase decision



Theoretical (4ps)



- 01 **Price**
- 02 **Product**
- 03 **Promotion**
- 04 **Place**

HYPOTHESIS

1

Convenience in aspect of orders and payment is the crucial impact factor.

2

Marketing mix is the advantage of online marketing, especially on price factor.



Methodology



Questionnaire

1. Have you ever bought Shock absorber **online** ?

แบบสอบถาม ปัจจัยการเลือกซื้อ โช้คอัพ ออนไลน์ (Purchasing Decisions Factors On Shock Absorber Online)

แบบสอบถามนี้ทำเพื่อเป็นส่วนหนึ่งของ งานปริญญานิพนธ์ ระดับปริญญาตรี คณะเศรษฐศาสตร์ ภาควิชาภาษาอังกฤษมหาวิทยาลัยธรรมศาสตร์ เพื่อทำการวิจัยปัจจัยการเลือกซื้อของผู้บริโภค ทั้งนี้ข้อมูลรายละเอียดส่วนบุคคล จะถูกจัดเก็บเป็นความลับ ขอขอบพระคุณผู้ตอบแบบสอบถามทุกท่านค่ะ

The survey is contributed to the part of the seminar papers for Thammasat University(Bachelor of economics, International program).

The questionnaire answer will be collected and studied for purchasing decision research only and will not reveal any personal info to any one. Thank you kindly in advance.

เคยซื้อสินค้าออนไลน์

Have you ever bought online product?

- ☐ เคย
- ☐ ไม่เคย

เคยซื้อ โช้คอัพออนไลน์

Have you ever bought Shock Absorber online?

- ☐ เคย
- ☐ ไม่เคย

2. Demographic Questions

ข้อมูลส่วนบุคคล

Demographic Info.

เพศ
Gender

- ☐ ชาย
- ☐ หญิง
- ☐ ไม่ระบุเพศ

อายุ
Age

- ☐ น้อยกว่า 20 ปี
- ☐ 20 - 30 ปี
- ☐ 31 - 40 ปี
- ☐ 41 - 50 ปี
- ☐ 50 - 60 ปี
- ☐ มากกว่า 60 ปี

ระดับการศึกษา
Level of education

- ☐ ประถมศึกษา

3. Put the rate on each question

Start at 1 (Very disagree)

2 (Disagree)

3 (Neutral)

4 (Agree)

5 (Very agree)



4. "Personal comment"

ความคิดเห็นส่วนตัวเกี่ยวกับการซื้อของผู้ทำแบบสอบถาม

1 เหตุผลในการชอบ หรือไม่ชอบ ในการซื้อ ใช้ผ่านทางออนไลน์มากที่สุด

Your answer

ปัจจัยที่สำคัญในการเลือกซื้อ ใช้ออฟ ออนไลน์

แสดงความคิดเห็นในแต่ละหัวข้อของการซื้อ ใช้ออฟ ออนไลน์ วัดระดับจากเห็นด้วยมากที่สุดไปถึงเห็นด้วยน้อยที่สุด (5-1)

Usability

	เห็นด้วยมากที่สุด	เห็นด้วย	ปานกลาง	ไม่เห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยเป็นอย่าง มาก
สะดวกสบายในการ ซื้อ	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
สะดวกในการชำระ เงิน เช่น เงินสด ปลายทาง ผ่อน หรือ บัตรเครดิต	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Interactivity

	เห็นด้วยมากที่สุด	เห็นด้วย	ปานกลาง	ไม่เห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยเป็นอย่าง มาก
ประทับใจในบริการ หลังการขาย	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
เพื่อน ครอบครัว หรือคนรู้จักแนะนำ	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Trust

	เห็นด้วยมากที่สุด	เห็นด้วย	ปานกลาง	ไม่เห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยเป็นอย่าง มาก
พึงพอใจกับระยะเวลา การรับประกันสินค้า	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
มีความปลอดภัยใน การชำระเงินค่า	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Aesthetic

	เห็นด้วยมากที่สุด	เห็นด้วย	ปานกลาง	ไม่เห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยเป็นอย่าง มาก
รูปสินค้าสวย ดึงดูด น่าใช้	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
รูปภาพชัด พร้อม บอกข้อมูลที่ชัดเจน	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Marketing mix

	เห็นด้วยมากที่สุด	เห็นด้วย	ปานกลาง	ไม่เห็นด้วย	ไม่เห็นด้วยเป็นอย่าง มาก
สามารถติดต่อพูดคุย กับร้านค้าได้สะดวก	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
ราคาถูกกว่าที่อื่นเช่น ยูหรือร้านอะไหล่	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
สินค้าแตกต่าง และ หลากหลาย	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
มีโปรโมชั่นที่น่าสนใจ	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Model : Logit regression

$$Y = \text{Internal factor} + \text{External factor}$$

Internal factor

Gender

Age

Education

Income

External factor

Usability

Interactivity

Trust

Aesthetic

Marketing mix

Logit regression

Internal factor

```
. logit BOUGHT gender age edu income
```

```
Iteration 0:  log likelihood = -128.38629
Iteration 1:  log likelihood = -114.94301
Iteration 2:  log likelihood =  -114.723
Iteration 3:  log likelihood = -114.72268
Iteration 4:  log likelihood = -114.72268
```

```
Logistic regression              Number of obs   =      208
                                LR chi2(4)        =      27.33
                                Prob > chi2        =      0.0000
Log likelihood = -114.72268      Pseudo R2       =      0.1064
```

BOUGHT	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
gender	-.9769936	.3388517	-2.88	0.004	-1.641131	-.3128564
age	.4090914	.1434635	2.85	0.004	.127908	.6902749
edu	.3887626	.1817545	2.14	0.032	.0325304	.7449948
income	-.255084	.1274558	-2.00	0.045	-.5048927	-.0052753
_cons	-1.993578	.737837	-2.70	0.007	-3.439712	-.5474438

```
. mfx
```

```
Marginal effects after logit
y  = Pr(BOUGHT) (predict)
   = .28606221
```

variable	dy/dx	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[	95% C.I.	]	X
gender*	-.1973541	.06603	-2.99	0.003	-.326771	-.067937		.495192
age	.083549	.02928	2.85	0.004	.026158	.14094		2.77885
edu	.0793972	.03717	2.14	0.033	.006545	.15225		3.26923
income	-.052096	.02591	-2.01	0.044	-.10288	-.001312		3.3125

(*) dy/dx is for discrete change of dummy variable from 0 to 1

Logit regression

O1

External Factor

Y(purchased shock absorber online)= Usability factor(convenience orders + Convenience Payment)+ Interactivity factor (Great Consumer service +Network affect)+ Trust factor (Guarantee + Transaction security) +Aesthetic factor (Design +Presentation Quality)+ marketing mix factor(Communication+Price+Product+ Promotion)+error term.

```
. logit BOUGHT conorders conpayment service network guaran transecur design presentqua commu price apromo  
> tion product
```

```
Iteration 0: log likelihood = -128.38629  
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -113.82411  
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -113.52801  
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -113.52771  
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -113.52771
```

```
Logistic regression               Number of obs   =       208  
                                LR chi2(12)        =       29.72  
                                Prob > chi2         =       0.0031  
                                Pseudo R2          =       0.1157
```

	BOUGHT	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
	conorders	.2340775	.2988888	0.78	0.434	-.3517338 .8198887
	conpayment	-.3548473	.303257	-1.17	0.242	-.9492201 .2395255
	service	-.1593257	.2190968	-0.73	0.467	-.5887475 .2700961
	network	-.670556	.2537994	-2.64	0.008	-1.167994 -.1731183
	guaran	.0844752	.2742275	0.31	0.758	-.4530007 .6219512
	transecur	-.8298066	.263313	-3.15	0.002	-1.345891 -.3137227
	design	.4775264	.2871995	1.66	0.096	-.0853743 1.040427
	presentqua	.5651895	.3223696	1.75	0.080	-.0666433 1.197022
	commu	.1103375	.2291847	0.48	0.630	-.3388563 .5595313
	price	-.179569	.2908179	-0.62	0.537	-.7495616 .3904236
	aprcmotion	.2546581	.2749297	0.93	0.354	-.2841941 .7935104
	product	.2705005	.2745673	0.99	0.325	-.2676414 .8086425
	_cons	-.4679981	1.446699	-0.32	0.746	-3.303476 2.367479

```
. mfx
```

```
Marginal effects after logit  
y = Pr(BOUGHT) (predict)  
= .28357375
```

variable	dy/dx	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% C.I.]	X
conord~s	.0475551	.0606	0.78	0.433	-.071212 .166322	4.28365
conpay~t	-.0720907	.06156	-1.17	0.242	-.192743 .048562	4.17788
service	-.0323686	.04449	-0.73	0.467	-.119567 .05483	3.89904
network	-.1362299	.05112	-2.67	0.008	-.236419 -.036041	3.82692
guaran	.017162	.05574	0.31	0.758	-.092095 .126419	4.19712

Logit regression

Purchasing shock absorber =
External Factor+Internal Factor

02

```
. logit BOUGHT gender age edu income conorders conpayment service network guaran design transecur present
> qua commu price product aprmotion
```

```
Iteration 0: log likelihood = -128.38629
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -100.68787
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -99.202712
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -99.195265
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -99.195265
```

```
Logistic regression                                Number of obs   =       208
                                                    LR chi2(16)    =       58.38
                                                    Prob > chi2    =       0.0000
Log likelihood = -99.195265                        Pseudo R2      =       0.2274
```

BOUGHT	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]
gender	-1.292584	.4377184	-2.95	0.003	-2.150496 - .4346716
age	.4805991	.1872168	2.57	0.010	.1136609 .8475373
edu	.5593577	.2141468	2.61	0.009	.1396378 .9790776
income	-.3403131	.1551715	-2.19	0.028	-.6444437 -.0361825
conorders	.5816821	.3541221	1.64	0.100	-.1123844 1.275749
conpayment	-.8892879	.3873569	-2.30	0.022	-1.648493 -.1300825
service	-.1877343	.2343728	-0.80	0.423	-.6470966 .2716281
network	-.7692236	.291125	-2.64	0.008	-1.339818 -.1986291
guaran	-.0107166	.3010293	-0.04	0.972	-.6007232 .57929
design	.4399195	.3136423	1.40	0.161	-.1748082 1.054647
transecur	-.5503017	.3003901	-1.83	0.067	-1.139055 .0384522
presentqua	.3429882	.3534075	0.97	0.332	-.3496777 1.035654
commu	.5555899	.2740507	2.03	0.043	.0184604 1.092719
price	.033033	.3663954	0.09	0.928	-.6850887 .7511547
product	.3233607	.3005711	1.08	0.282	-.2657479 .9124693
aprmotion	.1463448	.3118897	0.47	0.639	-.4649478 .7576373
_cons	-2.953477	1.953237	-1.51	0.131	-6.781752 .8747981

```
.
.
. mfx
```

```
Marginal effects after logit
y = Pr(BOUGHT) (predict)
= .24786847
```

variable	dy/dx	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% C.I.]	X
gender*	-.2381565	.07726	-3.08	0.002	-.389584 -.086729	.495192
age	.0895979	.03426	2.62	0.009	.022457 .156739	2.77885
edu	.1042809	.03954	2.64	0.008	.026789 .181773	3.26923
income	-.0634445	.02826	-2.25	0.025	-.118824 -.008065	3.3125
conord-s	.1084428	.0653	1.66	0.097	-.019541 .236427	4.28365
conpay-t	-.1657897	.0717	-2.31	0.021	-.30632 -.025259	4.17788
service	-.0349992	.0436	-0.80	0.422	-.120445 .050447	3.89904
network	-.1434061	.05288	-2.71	0.007	-.247039 -.039773	3.82692
guaran	-.0019979	.05611	-0.04	0.972	-.111976 .10798	4.19712
design	.0820141	.05814	1.41	0.158	-.031933 .195961	4.00481
transe-r	-.1025926	.05621	-1.83	0.068	-.212769 .007584	4.11538
presen-a	.0639432	.06597	0.97	0.332	-.065363 .19325	4.34615
commu	.1035785	.05083	2.04	0.042	.003948 .203209	4.18269
price	.0061583	.06833	0.09	0.928	-.12776 .140077	4.15865
product	.060284	.05559	1.08	0.278	-.048668 .169237	4.08654
apromo-n	.027283	.05803	0.47	0.638	-.086451 .141017	4.24038

(*) dy/dx is for discrete change of dummy variable from 0 to 1

Answer the research Question

O1

What personality of customer are buying online?

Gender

"Male"

Age

"51-60 years old"

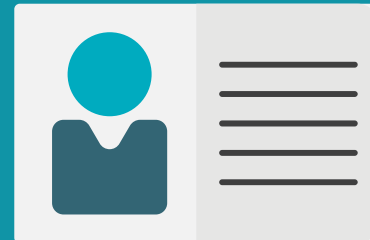
Education

"Technical"

Income

"20,000-30,000 B."

Conclusion, the real target customer of purchasing online is the one who have basic knowledge or experienced about the shock absorber.



Answer the research Question

02

What is the factor influencing the customer purchase in Shock Absorber on online Platform?

Demographic info

Convenience Orders

Convenience Payment

Network effect

Transaction security

Communication

```
. logit BOUGHT gender age edu income conorders conpayment service network guaran design transecur present  
> qua commu price product apromotion
```

```
Iteration 0: log likelihood = -128.38629  
Iteration 1: log likelihood = -100.68787  
Iteration 2: log likelihood = -99.202712  
Iteration 3: log likelihood = -99.195265  
Iteration 4: log likelihood = -99.195265
```

```
Logistic regression               Number of obs   =      208  
                                LR chi2(16)       =      58.38  
                                Prob > chi2        =      0.0000  
Log likelihood = -99.195265       Pseudo R2      =      0.2274
```

BOUGHT	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
gender	-1.292584	.4377184	-2.95	0.003	-2.150496	-.4346716
age	.4805991	.1872168	2.57	0.010	.1136609	.8475373
edu	.5593577	.2141468	2.61	0.009	.1396378	.9790776
income	-.3403131	.1551715	-2.19	0.028	-.6444437	-.0361825
conorders	.5816821	.3541221	1.64	0.100	-.1123844	1.275749
conpayment	-.8892879	.3873569	-2.30	0.022	-1.648493	-.1300825
service	-.1877343	.2343728	-0.80	0.423	-.6470966	.2716281
network	-.7692236	.291125	-2.64	0.008	-1.339818	-.1986291
guaran	-.0107166	.3010293	-0.04	0.972	-.6007232	.57929
design	.4399195	.3136423	1.40	0.161	-.1748082	1.054647
transecur	-.5503017	.3003901	-1.83	0.067	-1.139055	.0384522
presentqua	.3429882	.3534075	0.97	0.332	-.3496777	1.035654
commu	.5555899	.2740507	2.03	0.043	.0184604	1.092719
price	.033033	.3663954	0.09	0.928	-.6850887	.7511547
product	.3233607	.3005711	1.08	0.282	-.2657479	.9124693
apromotion	.1463448	.3118897	0.47	0.639	-.4649478	.7576373
_cons	-2.953477	1.953237	-1.51	0.131	-6.781752	.8747981

From Hypothesis

Convenience in term of Orders and payment are significant at 0.1 and 0.05 sequently.

conord~s	.1084428	.0653	1.66	0.097	-.019541	.236427	4.28365
conpay~t	-.1657897	.0717	-2.31	0.021	-.30632	-.025259	4.17788

Convenience Order

The sign is positive meaning that the more convenience and easy to order on online, Individual will be more likely to purchase 10.84% (from marginal effect table)

Convenience Payment

On the other hand , people are concerning about online payment which is the reason of negative sign. If online store offers to make an online payment, Customer are less willing to buy at 16.58% because they still used to pay by cash or lack of trust.



From Hypothesis

commu	.1035785	.05083	2.04	0.042	.003948	.203209	4.18269
price	.0061583	.06833	0.09	0.928	-.12776	.140077	4.15865
product	.060284	.05559	1.08	0.278	-.048668	.169237	4.08654
apromo~n	.027283	.05803	0.47	0.638	-.086451	.141017	4.24038



Communication

It is significant at 0.05 statistic significant value. Communication through the chat is the place where customer feel comfortable to ask about all the informations and flexible access whenever and wherever convenience. In-depth interview, many customers claim that they can take time to make decision which better that purchasing under pressure in traditional store.

Price Product Promotion

Shock absorber is becoming competitive market, Thus all the brands are competing with price strategy and product differentiate. Customers may be indifferent between online and traditional in these factors

Answer the research Question

Opportunity

1. Reducing negative reputation by company campaign
2. Building the process of payment gateway to be more safe and reliable.
3. Online platform takes advantage in term of Convenience and informative service, Finding how to decrease complicated order and increase the abundant resource with the good service



THANKS

Do you have any questions?

