

8

EE551/561 June 20, 2019

ASEAN was founded in 8 August 1967. The purposes of ASEAN are to accelerate economic growth, develop the cultural sector in the region, and establish relations with each other in order to raise the living standards of the people. Speaking of boosting up the economic output, ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) Framework are targeted on integrated market and production base, increasing competitiveness, inclusive development, and integration with global economy.

Try to focus to discuss about the class's lecture.

However, there are some constraints that hold the ASEAN's economy back. Such as, the global financial crisis that happened in 2008, that was triggered by a large decline in home prices after the collapse of a housing bubble, leading to the declines in residential investment. Then the effect of the crisis is happening interlocally around the world. Furthermore, there is another reason that held ASEAN back, it is the competitiveness of labor, in terms of skill. The lack of proper education system is one of the reasons that cause this problem and it seem like the most important one. I think the background education can determine the future occupation of human being. Unproper education level seem to be unfair for them because it is already determining the career path of low-income people and they could not move to higher paid occupation due to their limited knowledge. Moreover, there is an incurable format of corruption in many countries in ASEAN that create the disgusting loop of politics which block low-income people from the welfare or the proper education that they should have.

- good opinion

- summarize lecture -> reaction pp.

Did I talk about proper education system?

Then, what do you mean by "proper" education?

I have learnt many interesting things in this lecture, but the topic I interested in is "is ASEAN ready to become a single market?" especially in terms of labor productivity. From my recently research, I think that there are some constraints that is the reason that make ASEAN still not ready to become a single market. That is the competitiveness of labor and the limited of skill of them that make the occupation is not sustainable for them.

REFERENCES:

<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2015/09/is-asean-ready-to-become-a-single-market/>

<https://thediplomat.com/2017/01/corruption-is-holding-asean-back/>

ok.

EE551/561 June, 21 2019

8.5

*opinion
please mention more abt
class material.*

From today's lecture, I have learned a lot of information of Cambodia. And it is very pleasure that the speaker from Cambodia come to broaden our vision at the class. She is talking about the overview facts of Cambodia and the great relation between Thailand and Cambodia which by 2020, it will be 70th anniversary of diplomatic relation between

Cambodia and Thailand. However, I am not fully agree with the speaker that she said Thailand and Cambodia have excellent relation in all fields because we have the disputes over the properties of Khao Phra Viharn. ✓

Furthermore, she is talking about Joint Border Commission Meeting (JBC). Some more interesting fact is there are a lot of workers from Cambodia that work in Thailand legally or illegally and the standard of collecting the workers in Cambodia is very low because they count only when workers go abroad but do not count when they come back.

I really interested in this topic, So I search a lot of information about the reason that Cambodian workers come to work in Thailand. So, I got that Cambodian workers gain more wages in Thailand even Cambodian Government is trying to increase the incentive to lure their worker back but the incentive in terms of money is still not enough because they only increase the wages for textile industries.

REFERENCES

<https://www.reuters.com/article/us-cambodia-garment/cambodia-hikes-textile-workers-minimum-wage-falls-short-of-union-demands-idUSKCN1MF18B>

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please put your afford on your work.