

Quiz 1

(5 points)

Time: 10 September 2021 at 15:00-15:30 (30 minutes)

There are 2 questions. You need to answer all questions. Please **submit** your answers in a PDF file with a file name “**Quiz1_StudentID_Name**” via BE Moodle class before **15:40**.

Question 1 (3 points)

Case A: The production of a plastic factory ‘K Chemical’ is located nearby a house village ‘Dreamland’. If the production of the plastic factory reaches a certain level at Q_m , it will release air pollutions to the level that destroy clean air around the Dreamland village. However, if the production of the plastic factory does not exceed Q_m , it will create no significant impact for people living in the Dreamland village.

Case B: In Thailand, the CO₂ emissions from oil consumption in transport sector increased from 51 million tons of CO₂ in 2008 to about 63 million tons of CO₂ in 2018.

Please answer the following questions for both Case A and Case B above

- i. Does an externality exist? If so, classify the externality type (e.g., positive vs. negative, costs vs. benefits) and explain how inefficiency problems could arise in this case.
- ii. If an externality exists, could the Coase Theorem be applied to solve market inefficiencies in this case? Please explain your answer (Hint: is it possible to use property right rules and solve the problem?)
- iii. If the Coase Theorem does not apply, what the government could do to solve the problem?

Question 2 (2 points)

Suppose an investor is considering a wind farm project to produce electricity. The wind farm will create noises that affect people living in a house village Dreamland.

- i. How could you estimate the compensation amount for people living in the Dreamland to approve the wind-farm construction? (Hint: Choose WTP vs. WTA question, methods to estimate WTP and WTA).
- ii. What should be considered in the cost-benefit analysis to decide if the wind farm project should be built or not?

Please answer the following questions for both Case A and Case B above

- i. Does an externality exist? If so, classify the externality type (e.g., positive vs. negative, costs vs. benefits) and explain how inefficiency problems could arise in this case.
- ii. If an externality exists, could the Coase Theorem be applied to solve market inefficiencies in this case? Please explain your answer (Hint: is it possible to use property right rules and solve the problem?)
- iii. If the Coase Theorem does not apply, what the government could do to solve the problem?

i. If case A produce exceed Q_m .

Both case A and B are externality type which can be classify in negative because it make healthy of resident get worse.

If case A produce not exceed Q_m . It's not externality.

ii. In case A resident can deal with factory to pay to them for the effect that they get.

In case B can not because every one use cars.

iii. Putting a cap
Putting a price

Establishing rules

Other regulations

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i. We should to choose between WTP and WTA to compare the utility between people.

ii. Steps to conduct CBA

1. Define project or policy

2. Identify impacts of the project / policy

3. Value the impacts

4. Discount cost and benefit flows to present values

5. Apply the net present value (NPV)