

EE325 Section 1 HW 2 Due Thursday February 20th (23:00 hr.), 2020

Use 4 decimal places for numerical answers

1. In Table 1.a, X_i is total microeconomics exam point (total points are 100) and Y_i is GPA of each student.

Table 1.a

Student	Y_i	X_i	$y - \bar{y}$	$x - \bar{x}$
1	2.8	63	-0.4125	-14.625
2	3.4	72	0.1875	-5.625
3	3	78	-0.2125	0.375
4	3.5	81	0.2875	3.375
5	3.6	87	0.3875	9.375
6	3.0	75	-0.2125	-2.625
7	2.7	75	-0.5125	-2.625
8	3.7	90	0.4875	12.375

$$\bar{y} = 3.2125 \quad \bar{x} = 77.625$$

1.1 Now consider the two-variable $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + u_i$, $u_i \sim NIID(0, \sigma^2)$. Use OLS to find the estimator of β_0 and β_1 . (Note: *NIID* = Normally, Identically, and Independently Distributed).

$$E(\hat{\beta}_1) = \beta_1 = \frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})(y - \bar{y})}{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{17.4375}{511.875} = 0.034066$$

$$E(\hat{\beta}_0) = \beta_0 = \bar{y} - \beta_1 \bar{x}$$

$$= 3.2125 - (0.034066)(77.625)$$

$$\beta_0 = 0.56812675$$

1.2 For each observation i , find $\hat{Y}_i$ and $\hat{u}_i$. Show that $\sum_{i=0}^N \hat{u}_i = 0$.

i	$\hat{Y}_i$	$\hat{u}_i$
1	$0.57 + 0.0341(63) = 2.71$	$y_1 - \hat{y}_1 = 0.095714$
2	3.020879	0.379120879
3	3.225275	-0.225274725
4	3.327473	0.172527473
5	3.531868	0.068131868
6	3.123077	-0.123076923
7	3.123077	-0.423076923
8	3.634066	0.065934066

1

$$\sum \hat{u}_i = 0$$

$$E(\beta_0)$$

$$\hat{Y}_i = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 x_i$$

$$\hat{u}_i = y_i - \hat{y}_i$$

$$\hat{\beta}_0 = 0.568132$$

$$\hat{\beta}_1 = 0.034066$$

1.3 Find $var(\hat{u}_i)$, $var(\hat{\beta}_0)$, $var(\hat{\beta}_1)$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum \hat{u}_i^2}{n-2} =$$

$$var(\hat{\beta}_1) = \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} =$$

$$var(\hat{\beta}_0) = \frac{\sum x_i^2}{n \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \cdot \sigma^2 =$$

$$var(\hat{u}_i) = \frac{\sum \hat{u}_i^2}{n-2} =$$

2. Data is listed in the table

20 9.1

X_i	Y_i	$x - \bar{x}$	$y - \bar{y}$
10	0	-10	-9.1
12	2	-8	-7.1
14	5	-6	-4.1
16	6	-4	-3.1
18	7	-2	-2.1
22	10	2	0.9
24	10	4	0.9
26	15	6	5.9
28	16	8	6.9
30	20	10	10.9

2.1 From the simple regression model $Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + u_i$, $u_i \sim NIID(0, \sigma^2)$. Find estimators of

β_0 and β_1 from the OLS method and interpret the meaning.

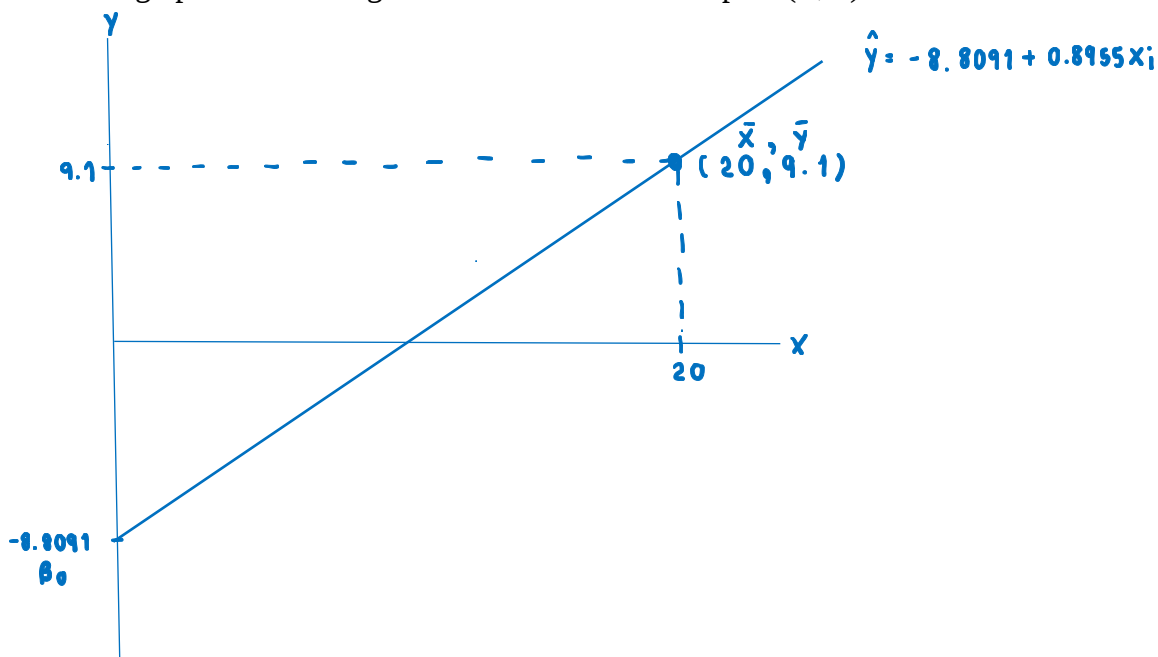
$$E(\hat{\beta}_1) = \beta_1 = \frac{\sum (y - \bar{y})(x - \bar{x})}{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2} = \frac{394}{440} = 0.8955$$

$$\begin{aligned} E(\hat{\beta}_0) &= \beta_0 = \bar{y} - \beta_1 \bar{x} \\ &= 9.1 - (0.8955)(20) \\ &= -8.8091 \end{aligned}$$

2.2 Find the value of $\hat{Y}_i$ and $\hat{u}_i$. Show that $\sum_{i=0}^N \hat{u}_i = 0$.

i	$\hat{Y}_i$	$\hat{u}_i$
1	0.1455	-0.1455
2	1.9363	0.0636
3	3.7273	1.2727
4	5.5182	0.4818
5	7.3091	-0.3091
6	9.0909	-0.8909
7	10.8818	-2.6818
8	12.6727	0.5273
9	14.4636	-0.2636
10	16.2545	1.9455

2.3 Plot graph and draw regression line. Does the line pass $(\bar{X}, \bar{Y})$?



2.4 If $X_i = 16$, what is the predicted Y ?

$$\hat{Y}_4 = 5.5182$$

2.5 Find $var(\hat{u}_i)$, $var(\hat{\beta}_0)$, $var(\hat{\beta}_1)$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum \hat{u}_i^2}{n-2} :$$

$$var(\hat{\beta}_1) = \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} :$$

$$var(\hat{\beta}_0) = \frac{\sum x_i^2}{n \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2} \cdot \sigma^2 :$$

$$var(\hat{u}_i) = \frac{\sum (\hat{u}_i)^2}{n-2} :$$

3. Consider the below regression function:

$$Y_i = \beta_1 X_i + u_i ,$$

Where $u_i \sim NIID(0, \sigma^2)$. Find an OLS estimator of β_1 . Then, provide a proof that this is an unbiased estimator. Please state the SLR assumption(s) when used.

proof : $E(\hat{\beta}_1) = \beta_1$