

Assignment 11

Truncated Regression & Tobit Models

The model

According to the following model,

$$y_{ki} = \beta_{k0} + \beta_{k1}x_i + u_{ki} \quad (1)$$

where: y_{ki} is Dependent variable, $k=1, 2, 3$.

x_i is Independent variable

u_i is Stochastic disturbance term

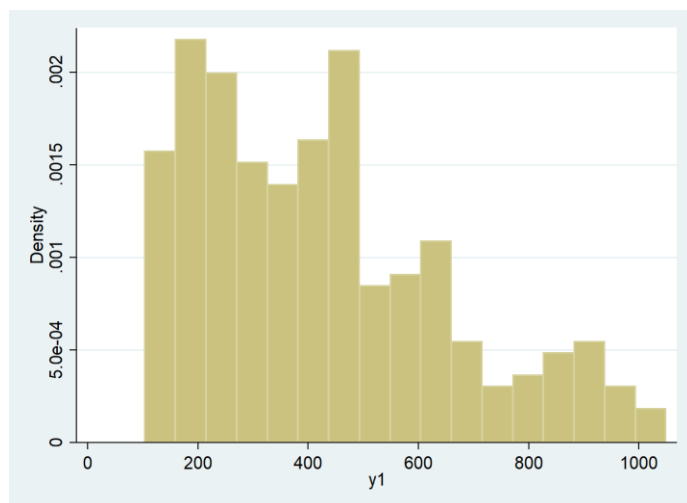
Requirements: (assign11.dta)

- 1 Plot histogram of y_{1i} , y_{2i} , y_{3i} , compute descriptive statistics of these three variables, then determine limitation of these three dependent variables.

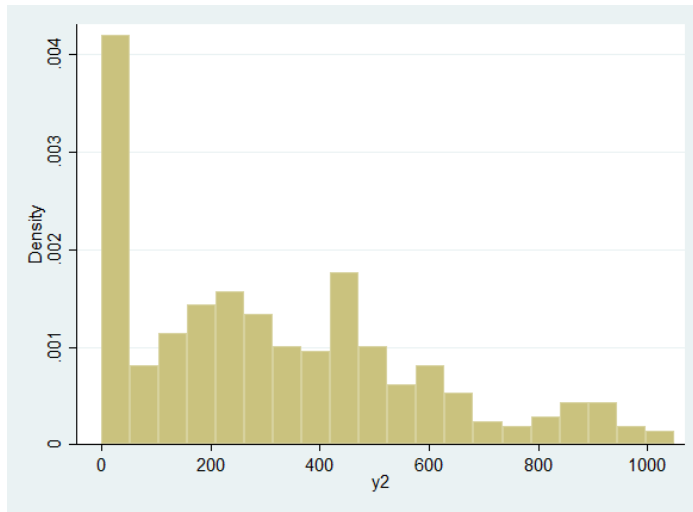
```
. sum y1 y2 y3
```

Variable	Obs	Mean	Std. Dev.	Min	Max
y1	297	423.1683	227.8976	103.4663	1049.314
y2	400	317.5914	266.3419	0	1049.314
y3	400	10446.1	23186.57	-866.3348	99508.07

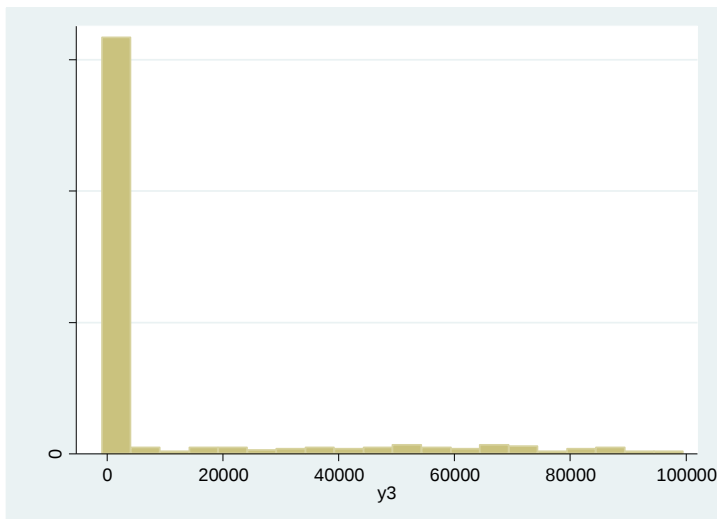
```
. histogram y1
```



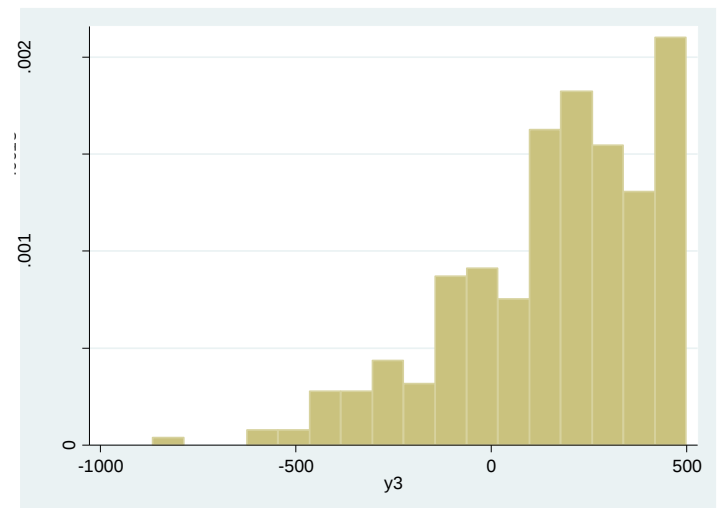
```
. histogram y2
```



```
. histogram y3
```



```
. histogram y3 if y3<1000
```



According to the summarized statistics table and histograms, it might be the case that there exists the truncated problem for y1 (the value of y below 103 cannot be observed). For y2, we can clearly observe that the dependent variable can be fully observed but the value equal to zero has significantly high density. Therefore, this can be the case that y2 has a censored data problem. For y3, it is highly likely to be the case of outlier problem.

2 Estimate the model (1) for y_{1i}, y_{2i}, y_{3i} using OLS, using truncated regression model, Tobit model, determine the most appropriated models for each y_{ki} .

***y1_ols**

```
. reg y1 x
```

Source		SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	297
-----+-----					F(1, 295)	=	30.30
Model		1431905.59	1	1431905.59	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual		13941534.7	295	47259.4396	R-squared	=	0.0931
-----+-----					Adj R-squared	=	0.0901
Total		15373440.3	296	51937.2982	Root MSE	=	217.39

y1		Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----						
x		123.1693	22.37637	5.50	0.000	79.13176 167.2069
_cons		69.01677	65.56422	1.05	0.293	-60.01611 198.0496

```
. est store y1_ols
```

***y1_trunc**

```
. truncreg y1 x, ll(103)
(note: 0 obs. truncated)
```

Fitting full model:

Iteration 0: log likelihood = -1993.4742

. . .

Iteration 4: log likelihood = -1973.9423

Truncated regression

Limit:	lower =	103	Number of obs	=	297
	upper =	+inf	Wald chi2(1)	=	23.38
Log likelihood	=	-1973.9423	Prob > chi2	=	0.0000

y1	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	249.6062	51.61679	4.84	0.000	148.4392	350.7733
_cons	-456.6913	178.5338	-2.56	0.011	-806.6112	-106.7714
/sigma	306.4488	26.46552	11.58	0.000	254.5774	358.3203

```
. est store y1_trunc
```

***Test whether truncated model should be employed**

```
. lrtest y1_ols y1_trunc, force
```

Likelihood-ratio test	LR chi2(1) =	89.69
(Assumption: y1_ols nested in y1_trunc)	Prob > chi2 =	0.0000

According to the LR-test, the truncated model is more appropriated for y1.

***y2_ols**

```
. reg y2 x
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs =	400
				F(1, 398) =	76.58
Model	4567087.34	1	4567087.34	Prob > F =	0.0000
Residual	23737174.2	398	59641.1413	R-squared =	0.1614
				Adj R-squared =	0.1592
Total	28304261.6	399	70937.9989	Root MSE =	244.22

y2	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	179.8325	20.55046	8.75	0.000	139.4315	220.2335
_cons	-179.3679	58.08821	-3.09	0.002	-293.566	-65.1698

```
. est store y2_ols
```

***y2 Tobit**

y2	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	219.1562	24.86468	8.81	0.000	170.2741	268.0383
_cons	-318.6265	70.93087	-4.49	0.000	-458.0714	-179.1816
/sigma	284.9073	11.56717			262.1671	307.6475

```
. est store y2 tobit
```

```
. lrtest y2 ols y2 tobit, force
```

According to the LR-test, the tobit model is more appropriated for y_2 .

```
. reg y3 x
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	400
-----+-----				F(1, 398)	=	26.43
Model	1.3359e+10	1	1.3359e+10	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Residual	2.0115e+11	398	505402183	R-squared	=	0.0623
-----+-----				Adj R-squared	=	0.0599

Total | 2.1451e+11 399 537616802 Root MSE = 22481

y3	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	9726.042	1891.765	5.14	0.000	6006.941	13445.14
_cons	-16431.39	5347.288	-3.07	0.002	-26943.85	-5918.932

. est store y3_ols

. *y3 tobit

. tobit y3 x, ul(1000)

Tobit regression	Number of obs	=	400
	LR chi2(1)	=	63.89
	Prob > chi2	=	0.0000
Log likelihood = -2469.6369	Pseudo R2	=	0.0128

y3	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
x	334	40.73749	8.20	0.000	253.9131	414.0869
_cons	-530.425	114.018	-4.65	0.000	-754.576	-306.274
/sigma	467.1217	19.91449			427.9713	506.2722

0 left-censored observations

314 uncensored observations

86 right-censored observations at y3 >= 1000

. est store y3_tobit

. *Test whether tobit model should be employed

. lrtest y3_ols y3_tobit, force

Likelihood-ratio test	LR chi2(1)	=	4210.22
(Assumption: y3_ols nested in y3_tobit)	Prob > chi2	=	0.0000

According to the LR-test, the tobit model is more appropriated for y3.