

A dam is a structure built across a river or stream to keep water from flowing downstream, which helps in the storage of water for use during the dry season and the prevention of flooding. However, the dam affects fish reproduction and the community's habitat.

The problem is that dams disrupt some fish reproduction and destroy community habitats. In Cambodia, the dams cause a lot of problems for the environment. A lot of villages have lost their homes and livelihoods because dams were built to replace these areas. People had to find new places to live. Also fish, the community's main protein source, are in short supply because dams must be cut in half, rendering them incapable of producing as much productivity as humans require. The Cambodian government had offered choices for the community to use their land by giving money to them, temporary housing or training people in new skills, for example, electronic skills for their career. The government must reconsider how it handles impact assessments for infrastructure projects.

In conclusion, dams have many advantages, including the ability to prevent flooding and provide water when it is needed. but must be overseen by a good government and capable of resolving the issue without invading other people's territory.