

Assignment 2 Solution Simultaneous Equations Model

Demand and Supply Equations

$$\ln S_t = \beta_{10} + \beta_{11} \ln P_{Dt} + \beta_{12} \ln P_{X2t} + \beta_{13} \ln P_{X3t} + \beta_{14} \ln P_{X4t} + \varepsilon_{1t} \quad (1)$$

$$\ln D_t = \beta_{20} + \beta_{21} \ln P_{Dt} + \beta_{22} \ln GDP_t + \varepsilon_{2t} \quad (2)$$

where: S_t = Domestic Supply at time t
 D_t = Domestic Demand at time t
 P_{Dt} = Domestic Price at time $t = P_{Mt} + T_t$
 P_{Mt} = Import Price at time t
 T_t = Tariff at time t
 P_{X2t} = Price of Input 2 at time t
 P_{X3t} = Price of Input 3 at time t
 P_{X4t} = Price of Input 4 at time t
 GDP_t = Gross Domestic Product at time t

Endogenous variables in this system include S_t , D_t , and P_{Dt}

Exogenous variables in this system include P_{X2t} , P_{X3t} , P_{X4t} , and GDP_t

From Data Assignment 2.dta:

1. State reduce form model of these system models.
2. Estimate reduce form model using OLS and prediction of the endogenous variables.
3. Estimate structural form using predicted endogenous variables as independent variables in the structural form model.
4. Estimate the structural models of these system equations using OLS, 2SLS, 3SLS, and I3SLS. Concerning on the asymptotic property, which model is the most appropriated model? Why?
5. What does β_{21} and β_{22} mean?

1. State reduce form model of these system models.

$$\begin{aligned} \ln S_t &= \pi_{10} + \pi_{11} \ln P_{X2t} + \pi_{12} \ln P_{X3t} + \pi_{13} \ln P_{X4t} + \pi_{14} \ln GDP_t + w_{1t} \\ \ln D_t &= \pi_{20} + \pi_{21} \ln P_{X2t} + \pi_{22} \ln P_{X3t} + \pi_{23} \ln P_{X4t} + \pi_{24} \ln GDP_t + w_{2t} \\ \ln P_{Dt} &= \pi_{30} + \pi_{31} \ln P_{X2t} + \pi_{32} \ln P_{X3t} + \pi_{33} \ln P_{X4t} + \pi_{34} \ln GDP_t + w_{3t} \end{aligned}$$

2. Estimate reduce form model using OLS and prediction of the endogenous variables.

*Set up STATA analysis as time-series analysis

```
. tsset obs
      time variable:  obs, 1986 to 2007
                delta:  1 unit
```

*Generate variable in ln-form

```
. g lnst=ln(st)
. g lndt=ln(dt)
. g pd=pm+t
. g lnpd=ln(pd)
. g lnpx2=ln(px2)
. g lnpx3=ln(px3)
. g lnpx4=ln(px4)
. g lngdp=ln(gdp)
```

***Estimate Reduced Form model for Supply model**

```
. reg lnst lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp
```

Source	SS	df	MS			
Model	4.64569724	4	1.16142431	Number of obs =	22	
Residual	.529104674	17	.031123804	F(4, 17) =	37.32	
Total	5.17480192	21	.246419139	Prob > F =	0.0000	
				R-squared =	0.8978	
				Adj R-squared =	0.8737	
				Root MSE =	.17642	

lnst	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpx2	-.4503744	.1515961	-2.97	0.009	-.7702142	-.1305347
lnpx3	-.9242052	.2783356	-3.32	0.004	-1.511442	-.3369685
lnpx4	-.3883793	.4222332	-0.92	0.371	-1.279214	.5024549
lngdp	.3438812	.1913463	1.80	0.090	-.0598242	.7475865
_cons	24.65741	5.309757	4.64	0.000	13.4548	35.86002

***Predict yhat for Supply model**

```
. predict lnsthat, xb
```

***Estimate Reduced Form model for Demand model**

```
. reg lndt lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp
```

Source	SS	df	MS			
Model	3.4026552	4	.850663799	Number of obs =	22	
Residual	.54721789	17	.032189288	F(4, 17) =	26.43	
Total	3.94987309	21	.188089195	Prob > F =	0.0000	
				R-squared =	0.8615	
				Adj R-squared =	0.8289	
				Root MSE =	.17941	

lndt	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpx2	-.4887365	.1541691	-3.17	0.006	-.8140049	-.1634682
lnpx3	-.7243134	.2830597	-2.56	0.020	-1.321517	-.1271097
lnpx4	-.577921	.4293997	-1.35	0.196	-1.483875	.3280333
lngdp	.1265855	.194594	0.65	0.524	-.2839719	.5371429
_cons	27.18614	5.399879	5.03	0.000	15.79339	38.57889

***Predict yhat for Supply model**

```
. predict lndthat, xb
```

***Estimate Reduced Form model for Domestic Price model**

```
. reg lnpd lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp
```

Source	SS	df	MS			
Model	.17707359	4	.044268398	Number of obs =	22	
Residual	.111247189	17	.006543952	F(4, 17) =	6.76	
Total	.288320779	21	.013729561	Prob > F =	0.0019	
				R-squared =	0.6142	
				Adj R-squared =	0.5234	
				Root MSE =	.08089	

lnpd	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpx2	.1318015	.0695123	1.90	0.075	-.0148567	.2784596
lnpx3	.0939842	.127627	0.74	0.472	-.1752851	.3632535
lnpx4	.4939641	.1936093	2.55	0.021	.0854842	.9024439
lngdp	.1632779	.0877392	1.86	0.080	-.0218357	.3483914
_cons	2.87652	2.434717	1.18	0.254	-2.260283	8.013322

***Predict yhat for Domestic Price model**

```
. predict lnpdhat, xb
```

3. Estimate structural form using predicted endogenous variables as independent variables in the structural form model.

```
. reg lnst lnpdhat lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 22	
Model	4.64569773	4	1.16142443	F(4, 17) =	37.32
Residual	.529104183	17	.031123775	Prob > F =	0.0000
Total	5.17480192	21	.246419139	R-squared =	0.8978
				Adj R-squared =	0.8737
				Root MSE =	.17642

lnst	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpdhat	2.106112	1.171903	1.80	0.090	-.3663879	4.578612
lnpx2	-.727963	.1840856	-3.95	0.001	-1.11635	-.3395762
lnpx3	-1.122146	.2824139	-3.97	0.001	-1.717988	-.5263052
lnpx4	-1.428722	.4751381	-3.01	0.008	-2.431176	-.4262679
_cons	18.59912	8.546622	2.18	0.044	.5673274	36.63092

```
. reg lndt lnpdhat lngdp
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs = 22	
Model	3.26129847	2	1.63064924	F(2, 19) =	44.99
Residual	.688574614	19	.036240769	Prob > F =	0.0000
Total	3.94987309	21	.188089195	R-squared =	0.8257
				Adj R-squared =	0.8073
				Root MSE =	.19037

lndt	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpdhat	-2.574157	.5697943	-4.52	0.000	-3.76675	-1.381563
lngdp	.5212927	.1344816	3.88	0.001	.2398194	.802766
_cons	35.93498	7.189835	5.00	0.000	20.88648	50.98347

***Alternative Command 2sls**

```
. ivregress 2sls lnst lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 (lnpd= lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp), first
First-stage regressions
```

```
Number of obs      =      22
F( 4, 17)          =      6.76
Prob > F           =     0.0019
R-squared          =     0.6142
Adj R-squared      =     0.5234
Root MSE          =     0.0809
```

lnpd	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnpx2	.1318015	.0695123	1.90	0.075	-.0148567	.2784596
lnpx3	.0939842	.127627	0.74	0.472	-.1752851	.3632535
lnpx4	.4939641	.1936093	2.55	0.021	.0854842	.9024439
lngdp	.1632779	.0877392	1.86	0.080	-.0218357	.3483914

```

      _cons |      2.87652      2.434717      1.18      0.254      -2.260283      8.013322
-----+-----

```

```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression      Number of obs   =      22
                                             wald chi2(4)    =     55.22
                                             Prob > chi2      =     0.0000
                                             R-squared       =     0.6424
                                             Root MSE       =     .29004

```

```

-----+-----
      lnt |      Coef.   Std. Err.      z    P>|z|     [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----
      lnpd |      2.10611   1.926677     1.09   0.274    -1.670107    5.882327
      lnp2 |     -.7279628   .3026471    -2.41   0.016    -1.32114    -.1347853
      lnp3 |     -1.122146   .464304     -2.42   0.016    -2.032165    -.212127
      lnp4 |     -1.428722   .7811544    -1.83   0.067    -2.959757    .1023125
      _cons |     18.59914   14.05113     1.32   0.186    -8.940569    46.13886
-----+-----

```

```

Instrumented:      lnpd
Instruments:      lnp2 lnp3 lnp4 lngdp

```

```

. ivregress 2sls lntd lngdp (lnpd= lnp2 lnp3 lnp4 lngdp)

```

```

Instrumental variables (2SLS) regression      Number of obs   =      22
                                             wald chi2(2)    =    178.41
                                             Prob > chi2      =     0.0000
                                             R-squared       =     0.8982
                                             Root MSE       =     .1352

```

```

-----+-----
      lntd |      Coef.   Std. Err.      z    P>|z|     [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----
      lnpd |     -2.574157   .4046743    -6.36   0.000    -3.367304    -1.78101
      lngdp |     .5212921   .0955104     5.46   0.000     .3340951     .708489
      _cons |     35.93499   5.106302     7.04   0.000    25.92682    45.94316
-----+-----

```

```

Instrumented:      lnpd
Instruments:      lngdp lnp2 lnp3 lnp4

```

4. Estimate the structural models of these system equations using OLS, 2SLS, 3SLS, and I3SLS. Concerning on the asymptotic property, which model is the most appropriated model? Why?

```

. reg3 (lnt lnpd lnp2 lnp3 lnp4) (lntd lnpd lngdp), ols inst(lnp2 lnp3 lnp4 lngdp)

```

Multivariate regression

```

-----+-----
Equation      Obs   Parms      RMSE      "R-sq"      F-Stat      P
-----+-----
lnt           22     4      .1652258    0.9103      43.14    0.0000
lntd          22     2      .1391259    0.9069      92.53    0.0000
-----+-----

```

```

-----+-----
      |      Coef.   Std. Err.      t    P>|t|     [95% Conf. Interval]
-----+-----
lnt   |
      lnpd |     -1.111835   .4515147    -2.46   0.019    -2.027549    -.1961207
      lnp2 |     -.4189546   .1431634    -2.93   0.006    -.7093034    -.1286059
      lnp3 |     -.9424196   .2585266    -3.65   0.001    -1.466736    -.4181034
      lnp4 |     -.521346    .3441643    -1.51   0.139    -1.219344    .1766516
      _cons |     41.4946    3.661911    11.33   0.000     34.0679    48.9213
-----+-----
lntd   |
      lnpd |     -2.181329   .2946999    -7.40   0.000    -2.779008    -1.58365
      lngdp |     .5776586   .0887536     6.51   0.000     .397658    .7576593
      _cons |     31.03578   3.761201     8.25   0.000    23.40771    38.66385
-----+-----

```

```

. reg3 (lnt lnpd lnp2 lnp3 lnp4) (lntd lnpd lngdp), 2sls inst(lnp2 lnp3 lnp4 lngdp)

```

Two-stage least-squares regression

Equation	Obs	Parms	RMSE	"R-sq"	F-Stat	P
lnst	22	4	.329951	0.6424	10.67	0.0000
lndt	22	2	.1454858	0.8982	77.04	0.0000

	Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnst						
lnpd	2.10611	2.191774	0.96	0.343	-2.339013	6.551233
lnpx2	-.7279628	.3442892	-2.11	0.041	-1.426214	-.0297119
lnpx3	-1.122146	.528189	-2.12	0.041	-2.193363	-.0509293
lnpx4	-1.428722	.8886357	-1.61	0.117	-3.230959	.3735147
_cons	18.59914	15.98447	1.16	0.252	-13.81886	51.01715
lndt						
lnpd	-2.574157	.4354519	-5.91	0.000	-3.457295	-1.69102
lngdp	.5212921	.1027745	5.07	0.000	.3128558	.7297283
_cons	35.93499	5.494663	6.54	0.000	24.7913	47.07868

Endogenous variables: lnst lnpd lndt

Exogenous variables: lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp

```
. reg3 (lnst lnpd lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4) (lndt lnpd lngdp), 3sls inst(lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp)
```

Three-stage least-squares regression

Equation	Obs	Parms	RMSE	"R-sq"	chi2	P
lnst	22	4	.2963642	0.6266	57.47	0.0000
lndt	22	2	.135203	0.8982	178.41	0.0000

	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnst						
lnpd	2.171576	1.926095	1.13	0.260	-1.603501	5.946652
lnpx2	-.7990055	.2985983	-2.68	0.007	-1.384247	-.2137635
lnpx3	-1.329743	.4560002	-2.92	0.004	-2.223487	-.4359989
lnpx4	-1.171403	.775654	-1.51	0.131	-2.691657	.348851
_cons	17.84948	14.04122	1.27	0.204	-9.670808	45.36976
lndt						
lnpd	-2.574157	.4046743	-6.36	0.000	-3.367304	-1.78101
lngdp	.5212921	.0955104	5.46	0.000	.3340951	.708489
_cons	35.93499	5.106302	7.04	0.000	25.92682	45.94316

Endogenous variables: lnst lnpd lndt

Exogenous variables: lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp

```
. reg3 (lnst lnpd lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4) (lndt lnpd lngdp), 3sls ireg3 inst(lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp)
```

```
Iteration 1: tolerance = .1059484
Iteration 2: tolerance = .04569793
Iteration 3: tolerance = .01846611
Iteration 4: tolerance = .00725496
Iteration 5: tolerance = .00281814
Iteration 6: tolerance = .00108981
Iteration 7: tolerance = .00042072
Iteration 8: tolerance = .00016231
Iteration 9: tolerance = .0000626
Iteration 10: tolerance = .00002414
Iteration 11: tolerance = 9.310e-06
Iteration 12: tolerance = 3.590e-06
Iteration 13: tolerance = 1.384e-06
Iteration 14: tolerance = 5.339e-07
```

Three-stage least-squares regression, iterated

Equation	Obs	Parms	RMSE	"R-sq"	chi2	P
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lnst	22	4	.3022006	0.6117	54.83	0.0000
ln dt	22	2	.135203	0.8982	178.41	0.0000

	Coef.	Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf. Interval]	
lnst						
lnpd	2.212666	2.005956	1.10	0.270	-1.718936	6.144268
lnpx2	-.8435967	.3049354	-2.77	0.006	-1.441259	-.2459342
lnpx3	-1.460044	.4623671	-3.16	0.002	-2.366267	-.5538216
lnpx4	-1.009892	.7998393	-1.26	0.207	-2.577548	.557764
_cons	17.37893	14.61488	1.19	0.234	-11.26571	46.02357
ln dt						
lnpd	-2.574157	.4046743	-6.36	0.000	-3.367304	-1.78101
lngdp	.5212921	.0955104	5.46	0.000	.3340951	.708489
_cons	35.93499	5.106302	7.04	0.000	25.92682	45.94316

Endogenous variables: lnst lnpd ln dt
 Exogenous variables: lnpx2 lnpx3 lnpx4 lngdp

Concerning on the asymptotic property, 3SLS or I3SLS is the most appropriated model. Because if there exists correlation of the error terms across equations, 3SLS or I3SLS will lead to a more asymptotically efficient estimators. However, if there exists specification error problem in any model(s), the specification error will spread throughout the whole system.

5. What does β_{21} and β_{22} mean?

β_{21} represents price elasticity of quantity demand.

β_{22} represents income elasticity of quantity demand.