

Being small means less noticeable since less impacts are coming from a "small country" towards the rest of the world, so any changes towards "small countries" import won't impact P\_world

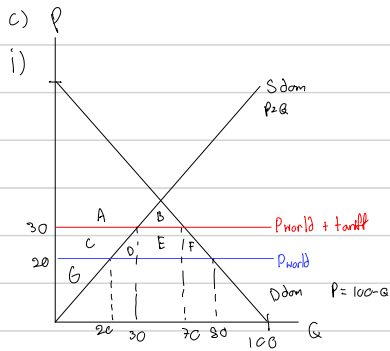
b) This is an import economy country since  $P_{world} < P_{dom}$  which consumer would rather the cheaper imported P\_world than buying from P\_dom.

$$Q_s = 100 - Q_d \quad P = Q_s$$

$$80 = Q_d \quad Q_s = 20$$

$$\text{Import} = 80 - 20$$

$$= 60 \text{ units}$$



$P_{dom}: P = 100 - Q \quad P = Q$

$$2P = 100$$

$$P = 50$$

$$Q_s = P = 50 \quad = 20 + 30 = 50$$

$$Q_d = 50 = 100 - Q_s$$

$$= 50$$

$$CS = \frac{1}{2} \times 70 \times (100 - 30)$$

$$= 2450$$

$$PS = \frac{1}{2} \times 30 \times 30$$

$$= 450$$

ii) Tariff revenue

$$E = (30 - 20) \cdot (80 - 20)$$

$$= 400$$

iii) DWL

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot (10) \cdot (10) \times 2 = 100$$